



ICE-480 Installation and Operation Manual



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InCharge Energy Inc.

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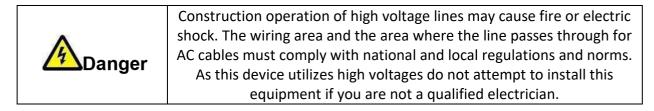
1.) IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Please read the operating instructions and notes carefully before starting operation to prevent accidents. The "Caution, Attention, Warning, and Danger" statements in the products and product manual do not represent all safety matters to be observed and are intended to supplement various operational safety precautions.
- During the various operations of our products and equipment, it is necessary to comply with the relevant National Safety Regulations and strictly observe the precautions and special safety instructions for the relevant equipment provided by InCharge Energy.
- Any usage of water on the charger during a charge session or during idling is a safety hazard and prohibited.

1.1) Electrical Safety

Since some parts of this power system are under high voltage during operation, direct or indirect contact can be fatal.

- It is necessary to comply with the relevant National Safety Regulations during the installation of the Portable DC Charger. Personnel who install and maintain this equipment must be qualified to work with high DC voltage up to 1000Vdc and 3-phase AC voltage up to 600Vac.
- It is strictly forbidden to wear watches, bracelets, bangles, rings and other conductive objects on the wrist during installation and maintenance.
- If there is water inside the DC Charger enclosure, AC power and DC connector must be disconnected immediately. During operation in a humid environment, water should be strictly prevented from entering the equipment.
- During installation, it is strictly forbidden to operate the DC Charger and an "Operation prohibited" signboard must be used.



1.2) Tools

Warning	Special tools must be used during various operations involving high DC and AC voltages.
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1.3) Thunderstorm



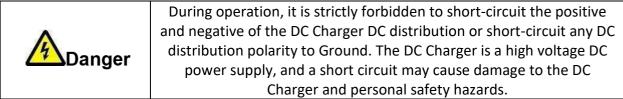
It is strictly forbidden to carry out live installation and maintenance work during thunderstorms.

 A strong electromagnetic field will be produced in the atmosphere during a thunderstorm. Therefore, the equipment should be well grounded to avoid damage to the equipment due to lightning strikes.

1.4) Static Electricity

	Static electricity generated by the human body may damage
	electrostatic sensitive components on the circuit boards, such as the
	large-scale integrated circuit (IC), etc. Before handling any patch
Caution	boards, circuit boards and IC chips, it is necessary to wear an anti-
ESD Caution	static wrist strap with the anti-static wrist strap wire connected to
	Ground to avoid damage to sensitive components due to static
	electricity.

1.5) Short Circuit



- During work with High Voltage DC output, it is necessary to strictly check the polarity of cables and interface terminals.
- The space for DC power distribution work is compact and attention should be paid to planning cable routing etc. before starting any installation work.
- Insulated tools must be used.
- During live work, attention should be paid to keeping hands, arms, tools etc. away from live high voltage parts to avoid accidents.

1.6) Sharp Corners of Objects

During the handling of equipment by hand, it is necessary to wearWarningprotective gloves to prevent injuries caused by sharp objects.

1.7) Power Cable

	Make sure that the cable label is correct before the connection of cables.
Caution	



1.8) Signal Cables

	Signal cables should be kept away from power cables, with a
Caution	minimum distance of 100mm.



2.) General Product Description

The ICE-480 Split type-high power charger is specially designed for the Operator split and multi-EV charging point application with CCS/CHAdeMO/NACS standard. The Max output is 1000V/480kW when utilizing the 500A liquid cooled cable, and each charging connector can get max 480kW power.

The following ICE-480 split type eight connector, four dispenser system consists of one 480KW Power Cabinet (eight channels output) and four Charging Dispensers, including standard connector 125A(CHAdeMO)/200A(CCS&NACS)/300A(CCS&NACS) and liquid-cooled connector 500A(CCS&NACS).

2.1) Main Features

- The ICE-480 can fast charge all electric vehicles compliant with combined charging system (CCS) standards.
- IP55 for the Charging Dispenser and IP54 for the Power Cabinet with high protection and high reliability for harsh environment, -22°F ~ 122°F (-30°C~50°C) ambient temperature full power charging.
- Easily configure the output power up to 480kW and the output voltage up to 1000V.
- The battery charging state is displayed on the HMI and the charging cycle finishes by itself or can be interrupted by user command.
- The ICE-480 is user-friendly and safe. After user identification, it only requires coupling the charger's output plug in the EV for automatic starting if all safety features are accomplished.
- Full safety function with output contactor and fuse, ESD, SPD, leakage switch, insulation detector, and software logic for multiple protection.
- LAN and LTE wireless support, RFID authorization and Mobile App payment support.
- Optional CCS standard 500A liquid cooling charging connector in the Slim Line Dispenser
- Power transfer between the 8 connectors to improve the charging operation efficiency.
- User friendly interface with tempered glass protective 7" TFT capacitive touch screen LCD.

3.) General Characteristics

3.1) Technical Characteristics

The ICE-480 Split Power Cabinet and Dispenser technical characteristics are indicated in Table 3-1, Table 3-2, Table 3-3, Table 3-4, and Table 3-5. "N" means Natural cooling, "L" means Liquid cooling. The following is omitted:

Technical Data		Description	Remarks
	Phases/Lines	3 phases + P E (L1, L2, L3, + PE) WYE	
	Voltage	480/277 Vac (+/-10%)	
	Frequency	60Hz	
Nominal Input	Current	2*304A	
	Power	480kW	
	Power factor	≥0.99	
	System efficiency	≥ 94.5% (Full load)	
	Max power	480kW 300~1000V	
	Voltage range	150 ~ 1000Vdc	
DC Output	Current	8-outputs: Each output Max 500A	
	Dispenser support	4 slim line dispensers / 8 charging connectors connection	
Auxiliary power	Voltage	480Vac	
Output	Current	8A	
	Dimensions(W*D*H)	39.4*31.5*78.7 in (1000*800*2000 (mm))	
Cabinet	Weight	1025.15 lbs. [465 kg (excluding power module, power module is 49.6 lbs. (22.5kg))]	
	Protection Degree	NEMA 3R/IP54	
	Operating temperature ¹	-13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C ~ +50°C)	
	Transportation/storage temperature	-40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C ~ +70°C)	
	humidity	5%RH ~ 95%RH	
	Place of installation	Indoor / Outdoor	
	Altitude	6561 ft (2000m)	
Environmental conditions	Sound Noise	≤75dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is 77°F / 25°C.)	
	Atmospheric pressure	80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi)	
	AC Input Overvoltage category	111	
	DC Output Overvoltage category	I	
	Protection class	Class I	

Table 3-1: Power Cabinet (ICE-480) Technical Characteristics



Technical Data		Description	Remarks
	Phases/Lines	(DC1+, DC1-) + (DC2+, DC2-) + PE	
l	Voltage Range	Max 1000Vdc	
Nominal Input	Current	500A, 200A	
	Power	500kW, 200kW	
	System Efficiency	≥ 99% (Full load)	
	Voltage	150 ~ 1000Vdc	
DC Output	Current	500A(L)	
CCS1(L)	Nominal Power	500kW	
	Voltage	150 ~ 1000Vdc	
DC Output	Current	200A(N),	
CCS1	Nominal power	200kW	
Auxiliary Power	Voltage	480Vac	
Input	Current	1.2A	
	Dimensions(W*D*H)	19.7*10.23*70.86 in (500*260*1800 (mm))	
Cabinet	Weight	430 lbs. (195kg)	
easinet	Protection Degree	IP55	
	Local Interface	TFT Color touch display 7"	
HMI and	Communication	CAN, LAN	
Command	Protocol	OCPP1.6 specification	
Unit			
	Operating Temperature ¹	-13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C ~ +50°C)	
	Transportation/Storage	-40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C ~ +70°C)	
	Temperature		
	Humidity	5%RH ~ 95%RH	
	Place of Installation	Indoor / Outdoor ²	
Environmental	Altitude	6561.7 ft (2000m)	
Conditions	Sound Noise	≤60dB (nominal input/output power, the environment	
		temperature is 77°F / 25°C.)	
	Atmospheric Pressure	80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi)	
	Overvoltage Category	11	
	Protection Class	Class I	
Note 1: The Cha	irging Dispenser provides fu	Il output power up to 122°F (50°C), output power derating 5% (50°C).	/ °C above 122°F
Note 2: The prot		ng Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be us f water can reach the charger connector.	ed during rain or

Table 3-2: Dispenser A (EXP500-LCD-UU2) Technical Characteristics



Technical Data		Description	Remarks
	Phases/Lines	(DC1+, DC1-) +(DC2+, DC2-) + PE	
	Voltage Range	Max 1000Vdc	
Nominal Input	Current	300A	
	Power	300kW	
	System Efficiency	≥ 99% (Full load)	
DC Output	Voltage	150 ~ 1000Vdc	
	Current	300A	
CCS1	Nominal Power	300kW	
Auxiliary Power	Voltage	480Vdc	
Input	Current	0.6A	
	Dimensions(W*D*H)	19.7*10.23*70.86 in (500*260*1800 (mm))	
Cabinet	Weight	407.9 lbs. (185kg)	
	Protection Degree	IP55	
	Local Interface	TFT Color touch display 7"	
HMI and	Communication	CAN, LAN	
Command Unit	Protocol	OCPP1.6 specification	
	Operating Temperature ¹	-13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C~+50°C)	
	Transportation/Storage	-40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C~+70°C)	
	Temperature	401 (1001 (4000 1700)	
	humidity	5%RH ~ 95%RH	
	Place of Installation	Indoor / Outdoor ²	
Environmental	Altitude	6561.7 ft (2000m)	
Conditions	Sound Noise	≤60dB (nominal input/output power, the environment	
		temperature is 77°F / 25°C.)	
	Atmospheric Pressure	80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi)	
	Overvoltage Category	II	
	Protection Class	Class I	
Note 1: The Cha	irging Dispenser provides fu	Ill output power up to 122°F (50°C), output power derating 5% (50°C).	/ °C above 122°F
Note 2: The protection degree of the Charging Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be used during rain or snow if water can reach the charger connector.			

Table 3-3: Dispenser B (EXP300-FDC-UU2) Technical Characteristics



Technical Data		Description	Remarks
	Phases/Lines	(DC1+, DC1-) + (DC2+, DC2-) + PE	
	Voltage Range	Max 1000Vdc	
Nominal Input	Current	200A	
	Power	200kW	
	System Efficiency	≥ 99% (Full load)	
DC Output	Voltage	150~1000Vdc	
•	Current	200A	
CCS1	Nominal Power	200kW	
Auxiliary Power	Voltage	480Vdc	
Input	Current	0.6A	
	Dimensions(W*D*H)	19.7*10.23*70.86 in (500*260*1800 (mm))	
Cabinet	Weight	407.85 lbs. (185kg)	
	Protection Degree	IP55	
	Local Interface	TFT Color touch display 7"	
HMI and	Communication	CAN, LAN	
Command Unit	Protocol	OCPP1.6 specification	
	Operating Temperature ¹	-13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C ~ +50°C)	
	Transportation/Storage	-40°F ~ +185°F (-40°C ~ +70°C)	
	Temperature	401 11051 (40 C 170 C)	
	humidity	5%RH ~ 95%RH	
	Place of Installation	Indoor / Outdoor ²	
Environmental	Altitude	6561.68 ft (2000m)	
Conditions	Sound Noise	≤60dB (nominal input/output power, the environment	
		temperature is (77 F) 25°C.)	
	Atmospheric Pressure	80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi)	
	Overvoltage Category	II	
	Protection Class	Class I	
Note 1: The Cha	rging Dispenser provides fu	Ill output power up to 122°F (50°C), output power derating 5% (50°C).	/ °C above 122°F
Note 2: The prote		ng Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be us if water can reach the charger connector.	ed during rain or

Table 3-4: Dispenser C (EXP200-FDC-UU2) Technical Characteristics



Technical Data		Description	Remarks
	Phases/Lines	(DC1+, DC1-) +(DC2+, DC2-) + PE	
	Voltage Range	Max 1000Vdc ,500Vdc	
Nominal Input	Current	200A, 125A	
Nominal input	Power	200kW ,62.5kW	
	System Efficiency	≥ 99% (Full load)	
DC Output	Voltage	150 ~ 1000Vdc	
	Current	200A	
CCS1	Nominal Power	200kW	
DC Quitaut	Voltage	150 ~ 500Vdc	
DC Output	Current	125A	
CHAdeMO	Nominal Power	62.5kW	
Auxiliary Power	Voltage	480Vdc	
Input	Current	0.6A	
-	Dimensions(W*D*H)	19.7*10.23*70.86 in (500*260*1800 (mm))	
Cabinet	Weight	407.85 lbs. (185kg)	
00.0	Protection Degree	IP55	
	Local Interface	TFT Color touch display 7"	
HMI and	Communication	CAN, LAN	
Command	Protocol	OCPP1.6 specification	
Unit			
	Operating Temperature ¹	-13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C ~ +50°C)	
	Transportation/Storage	-40°F ~ +185°F (-40°C ~ +70°C)	
	Temperature	-401 (1831 (-40 C (70 C)	
	humidity	5%RH ~ 95%RH	
	Place of Installation	Indoor / Outdoor ²	
Environmental	Altitude	6561.68 ft (2000m)	
Conditions	Sound Noise	≤60dB (nominal input/output power, the environment	
	Sound Noise	temperature is 77° (25°C)).	
	Atmospheric Pressure	80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi)	
	Overvoltage Category	I	
	Protection Class	Class I	
Note 1: The Cha	arging Dispenser provides fu	ll output power up to 122 F (50°C), output power derating 5% (50°C).	/ °C above 122 F
Note 2: The prote		ng Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be us f water can reach the charger connector.	ed during rain or

Table 3-5: Dispenser D (EXP200-FDC-UC2) Technical Characteristics



Technical Data		Description	Remarks
	Phases/Lines	(DC+,DC-) +PE	
	Voltage Range	Max 1000Vdc	
Nominal Input	Current	400A	
	Power	400kW	
	System Efficiency	≥ 99% (Full load)	
DC Output	Voltage	150~1000Vdc	
CCS2	Current	400A	
0002	Nominal Power	400kW	
Auxiliary Power	Voltage	480Vac	
Input	Current	0.6A	
	Dimensions(W*D*H)	30.04in x 9.45in x 16.34in (763*240*415 mm)	
Cabinet	Weight	110lbs (50kg)	
	Protection Degree	IP65	
O a manufacture de la las ita	Local Interface	Status LED	
Command Unit	Communication	CAN/Ethernet	
	Operating Temperature ¹	-22°F ~ +122°F (-30°C~+50°C)	
	Transportation/Storage Temperature	-40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C~+70°C)	
	humidity	5%RH~95%RH	
Environmental	Place of Installation	Indoor / Outdoor ²	
Conditions	Altitude	6561.68ft (2000m)	
Conditiono	Sound Noise	≤55dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is 25°C.)	
	Atmospheric Pressure	80KPa~110KPa	
	Overvoltage Category		
	Protection Class	Class I	

Table 3-6 Overhead Charging Dispenser E (EXP400-FSW-U2) Technical Characteristics

Note 1: The Charging Dispenser provides full output power up to 50°C, output power derating 5% / °C above 50°C.

Note 2: The protection degree of the Charging Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be used during rain or snow if water can reach the charger connector.



Technical Data		Description	Remark
	Phases/Lines	(DC1+,DC1-)+PE	
	Voltage Range	Max 1000Vdc	
Nominal Input	Current	300A	
	Power	300kW	
	System Efficiency	≥ 99% (Full load)	
DC Output	Voltage	150~1000Vdc	
CCS1	Current	300A	
0001	Nominal power	300kW	
Auxiliary Power	Voltage	480Vac	
Input	Current	0.6A	
Cabinet	Dimensions(W*D*H)	30.04in x 9.45in x 16.34in (763*240*415 mm)	
	Weight	105.8lbs (48kg)	
	Protection Degree	IP65	
Command Unit	Local Interface	Status LED	
	Communication	CAN/Ethernet	
	Operating Temperature ¹	-22°F ~ +122°F (-30°C~+50°C)	
	Transportation/Storage Temperature	-40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C~+70°C)	
	Humidity	5%RH~95%RH	
Environmental	Place of Installation	Indoor / Outdoor ²	
Conditions	Altitude	6561.68ft (2000m)	
Conditions	Sound Noise	≤55dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is 25°C.)	
	Atmospheric Pressure	80KPa~110KPa	
	Overvoltage Category	III	
	Protection Class	Class I	
	Overvoltage Category Protection Class ng Dispenser provides full or		

Table 3-7 Overhead Charging Dispenser F (EXP300-FSW-U2) Technical Characteristics



Тес	hnical Data	Description	Remarks
	Phases/Lines	(DC1+,DC1-)+PE	
	Voltage Range	Max 1000Vdc	
Nominal Input	Current	200A	
	Power	200kW	
	System Efficiency	≥ 99% (Full load)	
DC Output	Voltage	150~1000Vdc	
CCS1	Current	200A	
0001	Nominal Power	200kW	
Auxiliary Power	Voltage	480Vac	
Input	Current	0.6A	
Cabinet	Dimensions(W*D*H)	30.04in x 9.45in x 16.34in (763*240*415 mm)	
	Weight	97lbs (44kg)	
	Protection Degree	IP65	
Command Unit	Communication	CAN,LAN	
	Communication	CAN/Ethernet	
	Operating Temperature ¹	-22°F ~ +122°F (-30°C~+50°C)	
	Transportation/Storage Temperature	-40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C~+70°C)	
	humidity	5%RH~95%RH	
Environmental	Place of Installation	Indoor / Outdoor ²	
Conditions	Altitude	6561.68ft (2000m)	
Conditions	Sound Noise	≤55dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is 25°C.)	
	Atmospheric Pressure	80KPa~110KPa	
	Overvoltage Category	III	
	Protection Class	Class I	
Note 2: The protect		tput power up to 50°C, output power derating 5% / °C above 50 Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be used	

Table 3-8 Overhead Charging Dispenser G (EXP200-FSW-U2) Technical Characteristics



3.2) Model Description

Table 3-9: ICE-480 System Models

Model	Configuration	Remarks
ICE-480-FER5-2	8 charging connectors connection	480kW
IDC500-LDC-UU2	CCS1(L)+CCS1	500kW+200kW
IDC300-FDC-UU2	CCS1+CCS1	300kW+300kW
IDC200-FDC-UU2	CCS1+CCS1	200kW+200kW
IDC200-FDC-UC2	CCS1+CHAdeMO	200kW+200kW
IDC400-FSW-U2	CCS1	400kW
IDC300-FSW-U2	CCS1	300kW
IDC200-FSW-U2	CCS1	200kW

- The ICE-480 System supports multiple terminal combinations.
- For all non-standardized combinations, please refer to the InCharge Energy Spec Sheet for the ICE-480 Split System

3.3) Standards

The ICE-480 Split DC Charger complies with the following standards:

- IEC 61851-1 2017: Electric vehicle conductive charging system. Part 1: General Requirements
- IEC 61851-23 2014: Electric vehicle conductive charging system Part 23: DC electric vehicle charging station
- IEC 61851-24 2014: Electric vehicle conductive charging system Part 24: Digital communication between a DC EV charging station and an electric vehicle for control of DC charging
- EN 61851-1 2019: Electric vehicle conductive charging system. Part 1: General Requirements
- EN 61851-23 2014: Electric vehicle conductive charging system Part 23: DC electric vehicle charging station
- EN 61851-24 2014: Electric vehicle conductive charging system Part 24: Digital communication between a DC EV charging station and an electric vehicle for control of DC charging
- UL 2202: Standard for Safety for Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging System Equipment
- CSA 22.2: Power Conversion Equipment



4.) Product Parts Presentation

The ICE-480 Split DC Charging System is composed of Power Cabinet and Charging Dispensers. The System can be installed indoors or outdoors. However, when installed outdoors and used during inclement weather (snow/rain), caution should be used when performing charging as water can reach the charging connector.

The ICE-480 separate DC charging system series of fast DC chargers have various possible output combinations, as shown in Figures 4.1, 4.2, and 4.3:



Figure 4.1 External View (Such as 8 connector and 4 Slimline Dispenser system

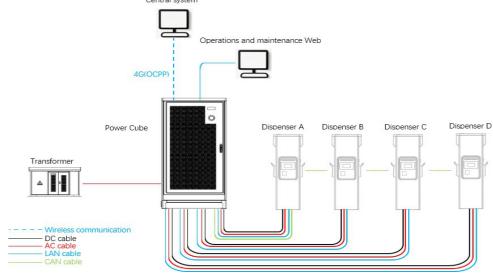


Figure 4.2 system Connection Diagram with all Slim Line Dispenser

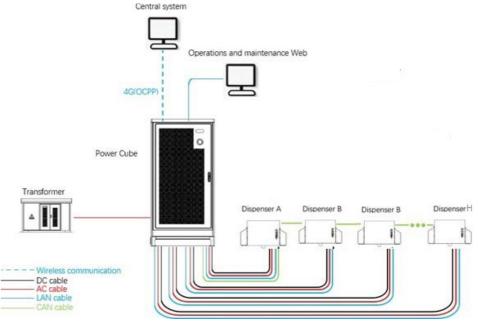


Figure 4.3 System Connection Diagram with All Micro Dispenser



5.) Installation

5.1) Safety and Compliance

The working voltage and current inside the charging system is very high. The following rules should always be observed to ensure personal safety:

- Only personnel who have received training for and fully mastered the knowledge of the charging system can complete installation. During installation, always observe the safety precautions mentioned in this document and all relevant National Safety Regulations.
- It is necessary to make sure that the charging system DC output is disconnected in case of operation inside the charging system. The main inputs of the charging system must also be disconnected.

5.2) Grounding Instructions

An equipment grounding conductor, or a grounded, metal, and permanent wiring system is required for the ICE-480 charger connection. This should be run with circuit conductors and connected to the equipment grounding bar or lead on the ICE-480 charger.

5.3) Unboxing and Visual Inspection

- Check if the exterior packaging has been damaged by mechanical impacts or any accidents during transportation.
- If applicable, check that the exterior panels of the ICE-480 are without fault.
- Check if the interior of the Quick Charger Station is clean.
- Check if the door of the Quick Charger Station is working properly.
- Check for a proper Quick Charger Station protective ground connection point, which should be interconnected with the low voltage switchboard ground connection during the installation.

5.4) Assembly/Placing Instructions

- As shown in Figures 5.2 and 5.3, the concrete foundation should be made, and the height of the base should not be less than 7.9 in (200 mm).
- It is recommended to reserve a Φ 90 plastic pipe at the cable entrance, and the height of the pipe extending out of the foundation horizontal plane shall not be more than 3.15 in (80mm).
- As shown in Figure 5.2, mark the installation holes of four M12 expansion bolts on the concrete foundation.
- Drill 4 holes on the concrete foundation, select the hammer drill bit of Φ 16mm type, and use the percussion drill to drill the holes perpendicular to the ground at the above marked hole position, with the drilling depth of 2.36 ~ 3.15 in (60mm ~ 80mm).



- Use four M12 × 60 expansion bolts equipped with attached accessories, slightly tighten the bolts, vertically put them into the hole, and knock them with a rubber hammer until all the expansion pipes enter the installation hole.
- Screw off the bolt, spring pad and flat pad in turn counterclockwise.

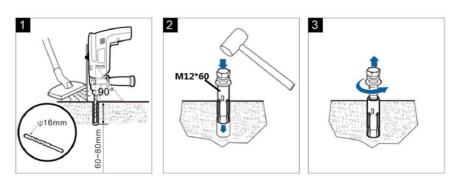
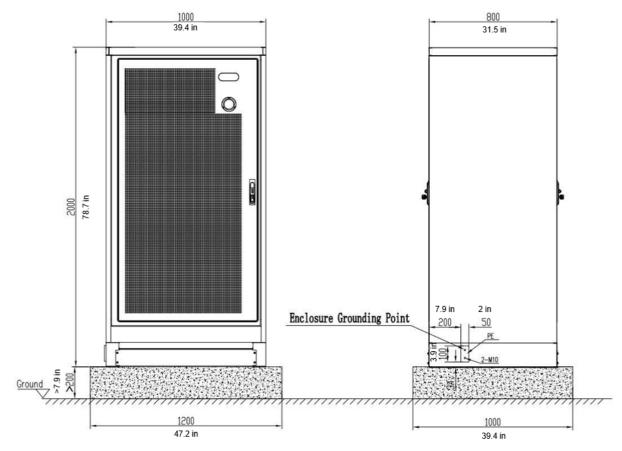
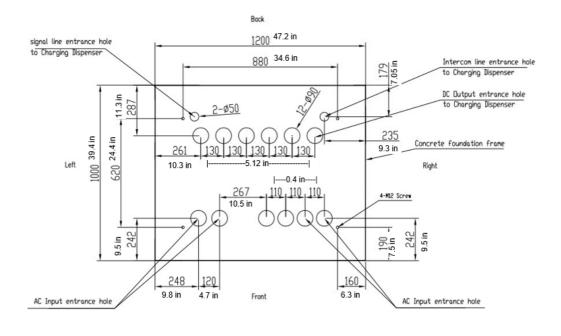


Figure 5.1 Expansion Bolt Fixing of Concrete Foundation









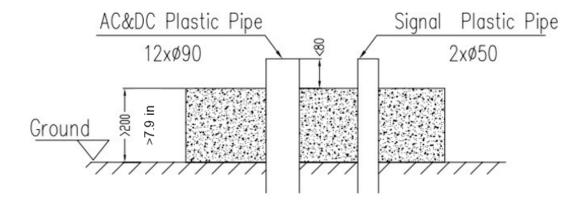
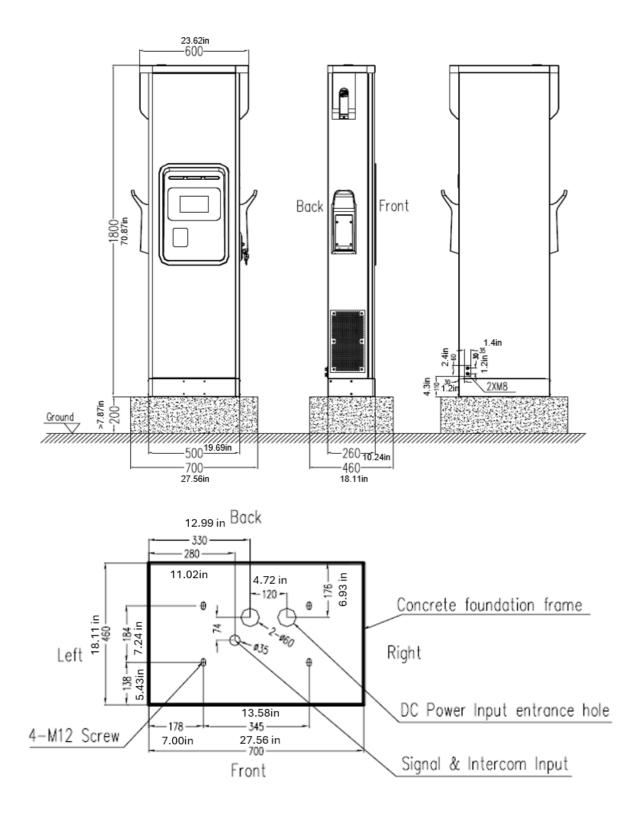


Figure 5.2 Power Cabinet Concrete Foundation View



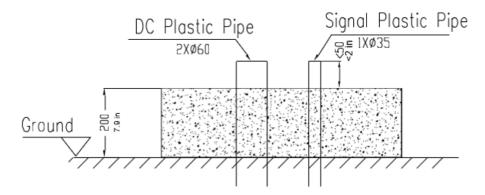


Figure 5.3 Charging Dispenser Concrete Foundation View

5.4.2) Power Cabinet Installation

- The protective covers on both sides of the steel base of the cabinet can be removed, and the cabinet can be transported to the concrete foundation by forklift.
- Align the installation hole of the cabinet base and fix the cabinet on the concrete foundation with M12*60 expansion bolts at a torque value of 28.40 ft-lbs

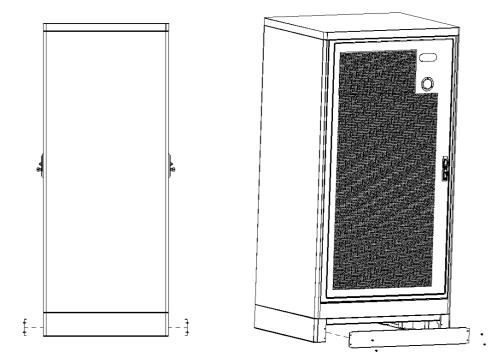


Figure 5.4 Power Cabinet Installation View

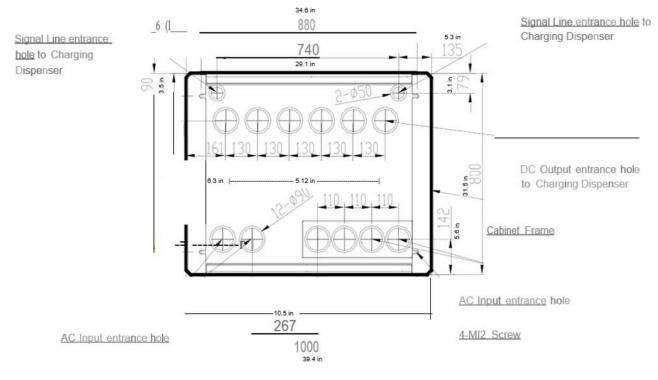


Figure 5.5 Power Cabinet Top View

5.4.3) Slim Line Dispenser Installation

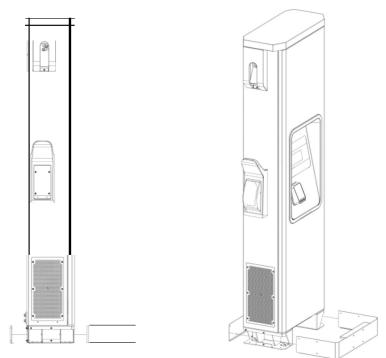


Figure 5.6 Charging Dispenser Installation View

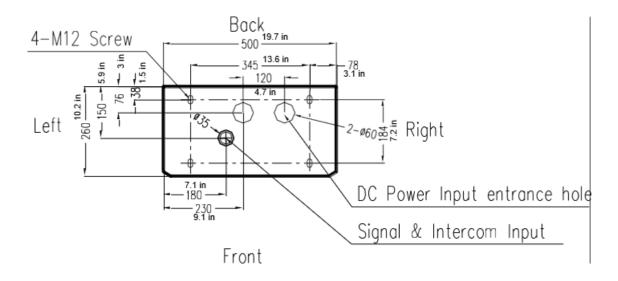


Figure 5.7 Charging Dispenser Top View

5.4.4) Micro Dispenser Installation (Wall/Overhead)

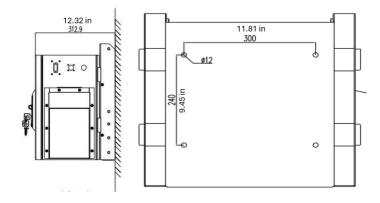


Figure 5.8 Micro Dispenser Mounted on Wall

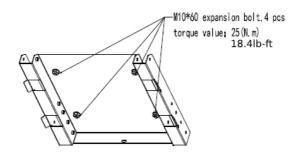


Figure 5.8.1 Micro Dispenser Wall Mount Bracket



Drill holes into the wall based on the dimensions of the bracket shown in figure 5.8.
 Secure the bracket onto the wall with four M10*60 bolts and torque them down to the specified value.

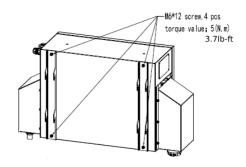


Figure 5.8.2 Micro Dispenser adapter brackets

Secure the two brackets onto the back of the Micro Dispenser utilizing four M6*12 bolts.

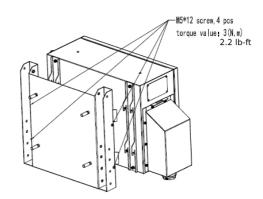


Figure 5.8.3 Micro Dispenser attachment

 Lift and place the micro dispenser onto the wall mount bracket. Once placed, secure in place with four M5*12 bolts.

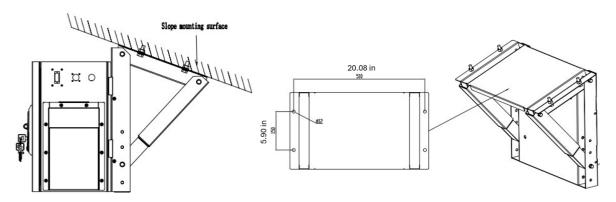


Figure 5.9 Dispenser Mounted on A Steel Frame or Gantry



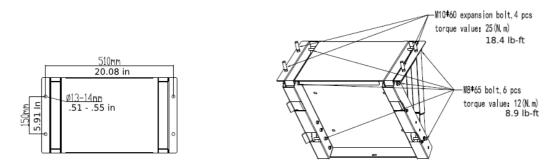


Figure 5.9.1 Micro Dispenser Gantry Mount Bracket

Drill holes into the wall based on the dimensions of the bracket shown in figure 5.9.
 Secure the bracket onto the wall with four M10*60 bolts and torque them down to the specified value.

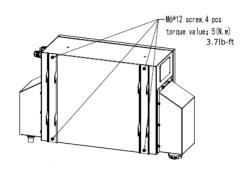


Figure 5.9.2 Micro Dispenser adapter brackets

Secure the two brackets onto the back of the Micro Dispenser utilizing four M6*12 bolts.

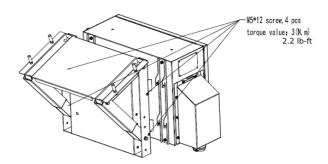


Figure 5.10 Micro Dispenser Gantry Mount

Installation on angled overhead support : As shown in the figure 5.11 : Firstly, combined with the slope of the parking gantry, adjust the installation support angle so that the installed terminal is perpendicular to the ground. (Installation supports four angle adjustments: 0°, 10°, 20°, and 30°, to adapt to different gantry slopes). Then, use the combination bolts to install the Installing support in the corresponding position on the



Parking sheet. Simultaneously install the Cabinet wall pendant on the charging dispenser. Finally, affix the charging dispenser onto the Installing Support.

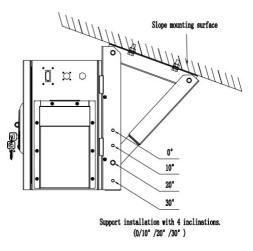


Figure 5.11 Diagram of Adjustment Angle of The Installation Plate



5.4.5) Power and Signal Cable Connections

Notes: System cable connection see Appendix 3 for the electrical connection of the 480kW split system. The communication distance between the system cabinets shall be less than 50m.

5.4.5.1) Connection Power Cabinet AC Input Cable

 Power Cabinet AC input wiring: two sets of AC input, using four-core cables, 3 phases + protective grounding as shown in Figure 5.12

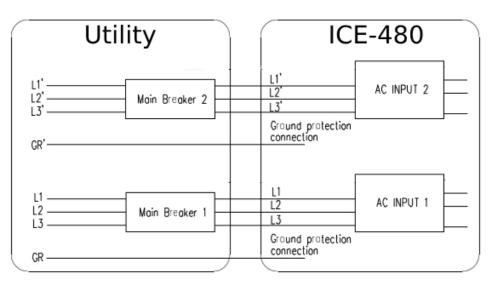


Figure 5.12 Power Cabinet AC Input Cable

Note:

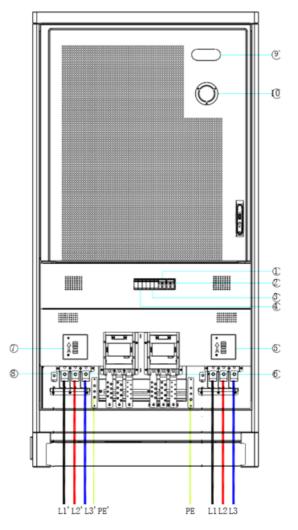
Neutral Wiring is Optional and not Required

NO.	The section for AC feed cables	Amperage at 480Vac	Max. Power of charger	Specification of terminal screw	Reserved length inside cabinet	Wiring diagram
1	(AC INPUT1) 3*0.3in2 + 0.15in2 (3*185mm2 + 1*95mm2)	304A	480kW	L1/L2/L3/ is M10 PE is M8	23.6 in 0.6m	Figure 5.13
	(AC INPUT2) 3*0.3in2 + 0.15in2 3*185mm2+1*95mm2	304A		L1/L2/L3/ is M10 PE is M8		
Aluminum conductors may be used in place of copper conductors. Ensure to properly size and install per National						
	Electrical Code/Local Codes					



Notes:

- The AC feed power cables should be no less than 90°C (194 F) temperature resistant grade.
- The protective MCCB must be installed on the customer's distribution cabinet, and the upper MCCB capacity shall not be less than 1.25 times the input current.
- It is recommended that the upper MCCB should not be equipped with RCD function.
- This system is to be connected to a grounded, metal, permanent wiring system; or an equipment-grounding conductor is to be run with circuit conductors and connected to equipment-grounding terminal or lead on battery charger.
- Before electrical connection, all switches shall be placed in the OFF position.



1	4QFP	Auxiliary Power for Power Cabinet
2	3QFP	Auxiliary Power for Dispenser
3	1SPD	AC SPD
4	2SPD	AC SPD
5	1QF	AC Input MCCB
6	1KMA	Main contactor
\bigcirc	2QF	AC Input MCCB
8	2KMA	Main contactor
9	LED	Light emitting diode
10	ESD	Emergency Shutdown Device

Figure 5.13 Power Cabinet AC Input



5.4.5.2 Connection of Power Cables

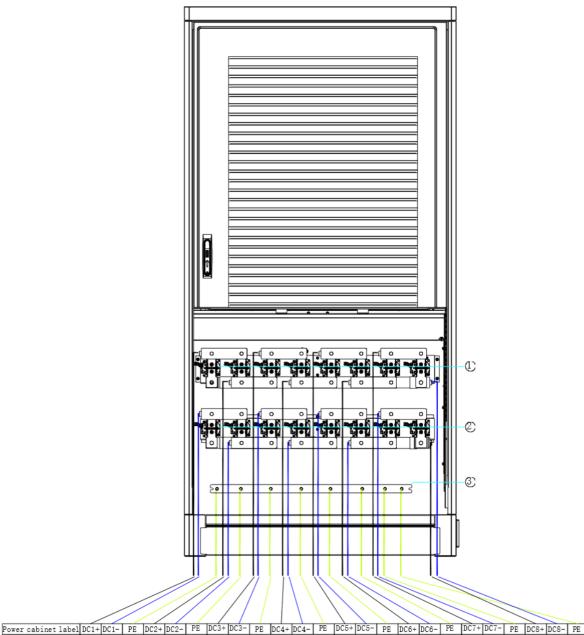
 It is recommended to select the connection cable between the Power Cube and the Dispensers according to the requirements in Table 5-2. Connect the power cable between the power Cabinet and the Dispenser as shown in the following diagram 5.14 and diagrams 5.15 and 5.16.

NO	Name of Connector	The section for DC feed cables	Amperage	Specification of terminal screw	Reserved length Power Cabinet	Reserved length Dispenser	Wiring diagram
1		2*0.37 in2(240mm2)	500A,1000V	(DC1+, DC1-) is M10	1m (39.37 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	
2	Dispenser A DC Input	2*0.11 in2 (70mm2)	200A,1000V	(DC2+, DC2-) is M10	1m (39.37 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	Figure 5.14 or 5.15
3	mput	0.78 in2 (50mm2)	/	PE is M8	0.5m (19.68 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	01 5.15
4		2*0.15 in2 (95mm2)	300A,1000V	(DC1+, DC1-) is M10	1m (39.37 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	
5	Dispenser B DC Input	2*0.15 in2 (95mm2)	300A,1000V	(DC2+, DC2-) is M10	1m (39.37 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	Figure 5.14 or 5.15
6		0.78 in2 (50mm2)	/	PE is M8	0.5m (19.68 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	0.0.20
7		2*0.11 in2 (70mm2)	200A,1000V	(DC5+, DC5-) is M10	1m (39.37 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	
8	Dispenser C DC Input	2*0.11 in2 (70mm2)	200A,1000V	(DC6+, DC6-) is M10	1m (39.37 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	Figure 5.14 or 4.15
9		0.78 in2 (50mm2)	/	PE is M8	0.5m (19.68 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	0
10		2*0.11 in2 (70mm2)	200A,1000V	(DC1+, DC1-) is M10	1m (39.37 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	
11	Dispenser D DC Input	2* 0.78 in2 (50mm2)	125A,500V	(DC2+, DC2-) is M10	1m (39.37 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	Figure 5.14 or 5.15
12	2011-040	0.78 in2 (50mm2)	/	PE is M8	0.5m (19.68 in)	43.31 in (1.1m)	01 5125
13	Dispenser E	2*120mm2	400A,1000V	(DC1+,DC1-)is M10	1m	1.1m	Figure 5.16
14	DC Input	50mm2	/	PE is M8	0.5m	1.1m	
15	Dispenser F	2*95mm2	300A,1000V	(DC1+,DC1-)is M10	1m	1.1m	Figure 5.16
16	DC Input	50mm2	/	PE is M8	0.5m	1.1m	
17	Dispenser G	2*70mm2	200A,1000V	(DC1+,DC1-)is M10	1m	1.1m	Figure 5.16
18	DC Input	50mm2	/	PE is M8	0.5m	1.1m	
19	Auxiliary power input of Charging Dispenser	2*0.0038 in2 (2.5mm2)	1.2A,480V	L1/L2 is E2510	1m (39.37 in)	1m (39.37 in)	Figure 5.17, 5.18, 5.21, or 5.24
20	Can communication cable	UL2464 22AWG 2C With shielding	/	CANH/CANL is E0510	1m (39.37 in)	1m (39.37 in)	Figure 5.17, 5.18, 5.20 or 5.22

Table 5-2 Selection of Cables from Power Cabinet to Dispenser



	LAN						
21	communication of Charging Dispenser	2*CAT6 shielded network cable	/	Upper and Pilot controller LAN is RJ45	3m (118.11 in)	78.74 in (2m)	Figure 5.17, 5.18, 5.19 or 5.23

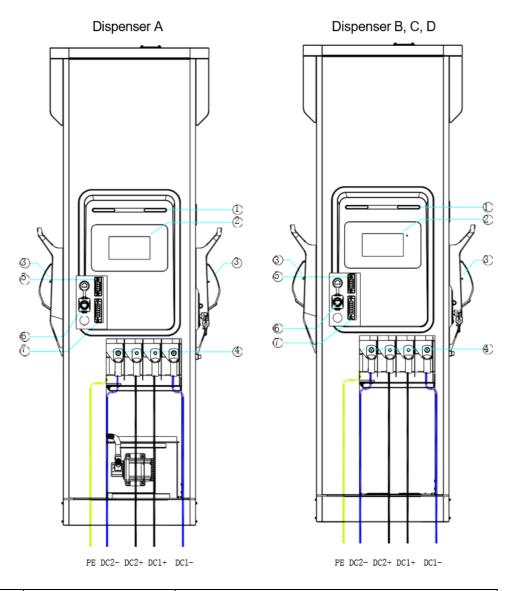


Dispenser	A	В	C	D
Dispenser label	DC1+ DC1- PE DC2+ DC2- PE			

1	KMD	DC contactor
2	KMD	DC contactor
3	PE	Grounding copper bar

Figure 5.14 Power Cabinet DC Output





1	LED	Light emitting diode		
2	LCD	Touch screen		
3	CCS1/CCS2	Charging Connector		
4	DC	DC input copper bar		
5	J1	Auxiliary power supply		
6	ETH	Network interface		
7	J2	Communication signal connector		
Eigure 5, 15 Dispenser DC Output				

Figure 5.15 Dispenser DC Output

Micro Dispenser E,F,G

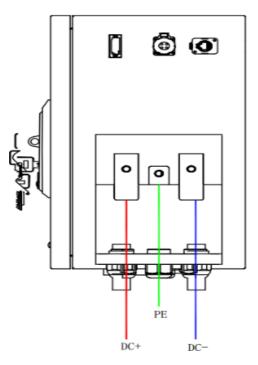


Figure 5.16 Dispenser DC Input



5.4.5.3) Connection of Signal Cables (Slim Line Dispenser)

 The Signal and Auxiliary power connection between Power Cabinet and the Slim Line Dispenser are shown in Figure 5.17 and Cable selection according to table 5-2.

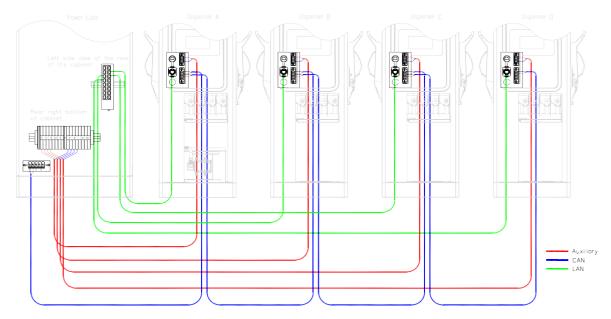


Figure 5.17 Power Cabinet auxiliary power supply and signal cable connection diagram for Slim Line Dispenser.

5.4.5.4) Connection of Signal Cables (Micro Dispenser)

 The Signal and Auxiliary power connection between Power Cabinet and the Micro Dispenser are shown in Figure 5.18 and Cable selection according to table 5-2.

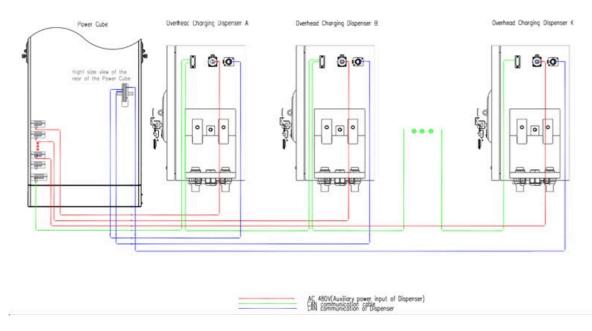
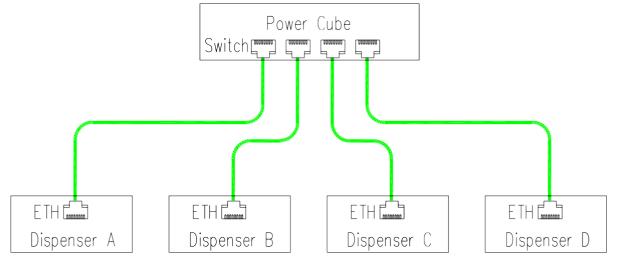


Figure 5.18 Power Cube auxiliary power supply and signal cable connection diagram



5.4.5.5) Connection of Network Cable (Slim Line Dispenser)

Figure 5.19 Network cable connection diagram for Slim Line Dispensers

5.4.3.6) Connection of Signal Cable (Slim Line Dispenser)

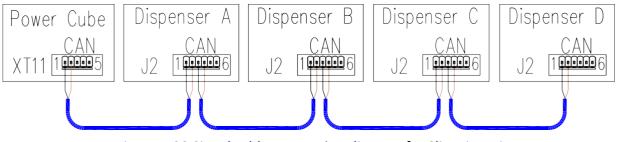


Figure 5.20 Signal cable connection diagram for Slim Line Dispensers

5.4.5.7) Auxiliary Power Cable Connection (Slim Line Dispenser)

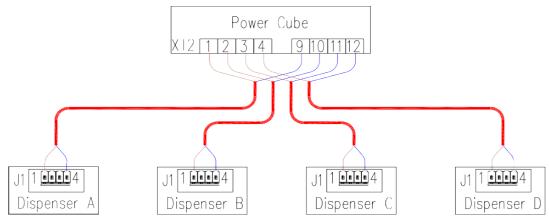


Figure 5.21 Power Cabinet and Dispenser Auxiliary power connection diagram for Slim Line Dispensers



5.4.5.8) Connection of Signal Cable (Micro Dispenser)

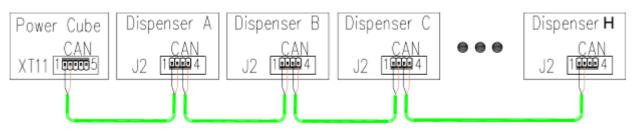


Figure 5.22 Signal cable connection diagram for Micro Dispenser

5.4.5.9) Connection of Signal Cable (Micro Dispenser)

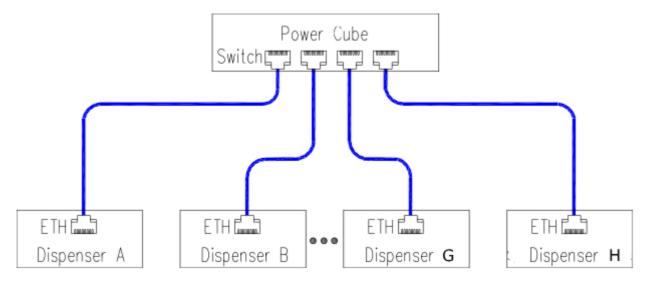


Figure 5.23 Network cable connection diagram for Micro Dispenser

5.4.5.10) Auxiliary Power Cable Connection (Micro Dispenser)

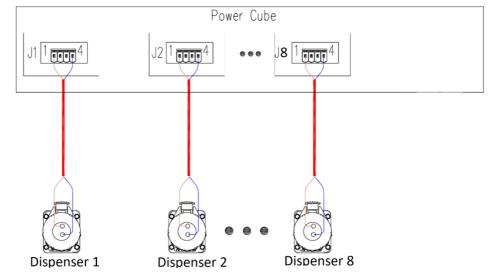


Figure 5.24 Power Cabinet and Dispenser Auxiliary power connection diagram for Micro Dispensers



5.4.6) Power Module Installation

- For the ICE-480 split type eight-gun four dispenser system, the charging module needs to be divided into eight groups. Each Group of charging modules must be addressed properly for the system to recognize which group slot the module is installed into.
- Set the appropriate dial switch for each charging module as shown in the following figure
 5.25 and 5.26 below:



Dial Switch, Left High, Right Low



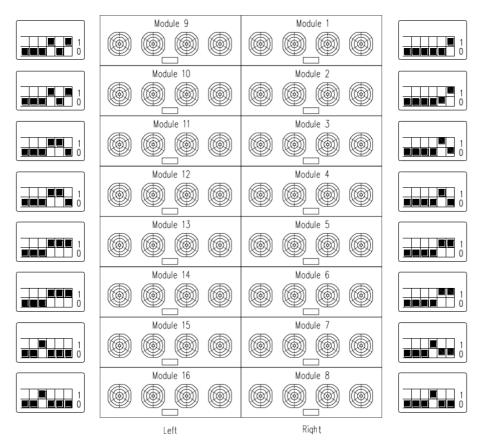


Figure 5.26 Power Cabinet front view of Power Modules





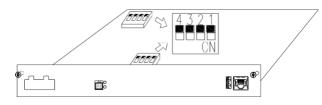
The charging module is heavy. Please be careful when moving the module. If the system is configured to less than 480kW output power, some power modules may be removed. The empty charging module slots must be covered by blanking plates. Otherwise, the system thermal management will not function correctly.

5.5) Controller Setting

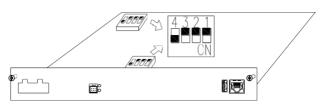
Notes: Power Cabinet and Charging Dispenser Controller address settings. See Appendix 2 for the electrical connection of the 480kW split system.

5.5.1) Address Settings

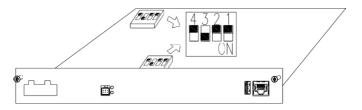
- The ADD of the controller marked as "IMSU-X" in the Power Cabinet does not require an address to be set.
- The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X " in Dispenser A should be set to 0, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to OFF, pin3 set to OFF, and pin4 set to OFF.



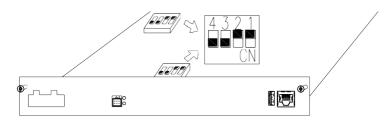
 The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X " in Dispenser B should be set to 1, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to OFF, pin3 set to OFF, and pin4 set to ON.



 The ADD of the controller labeled " IMSU-X " in Dispenser C should be set to 2, pin1 set to OFF, pin set to OFF, pin3 set to ON, and pin4 set to OFF.



 The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X " in Dispenser D should be set to 3, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to OFF, pin3 set to ON, and pin4 set to ON.



- If using Micro Dispensers and there are more than a total of 4 dispensers in the system, identify the dispensers in series with A thru H and address as follows:
 - The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X" in Dispenser E should be set to 4, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to ON, pin3 set to OFF, and pin4 set to OFF.
- The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X" in Dispenser F should be set to 5, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to ON, pin3 set to OFF and pin4 set to ON.
- The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X" in Dispenser G should be set to 6, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to ON, pin3 set to ON and pin4 set to OFF.
- The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X" in Dispenser H should be set to 7, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to ON, pin3 set to ON and pin4 set to ON.

5.5.2) Resistance Setting

- The CAN communication line between the Dispensers is connected in a hand in hand manner. A 120 Ω resistor needs to be retained on the monitoring IMSU-X-CAN3 of the last Dispenser D, while the remaining CAN3 resistors of Dispenser A, Dispenser B, and Dispenser C are removed to ensure that the CAN bus is 60 Ω.
- Remove the CAN3 resistors from three Dispenser A, B, C. As shown in Figure 5.27. Move the resistor to pin 2 and 3.

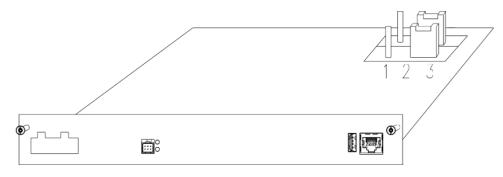


Figure 5.27 Resistance Setting Diagram

Dispenser D follows factory settings and does not require adjustment. As shown in Figure 5.28:



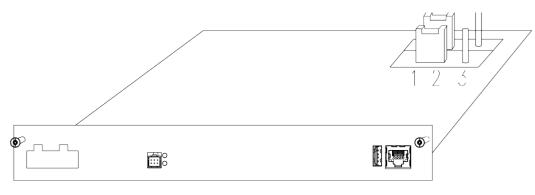
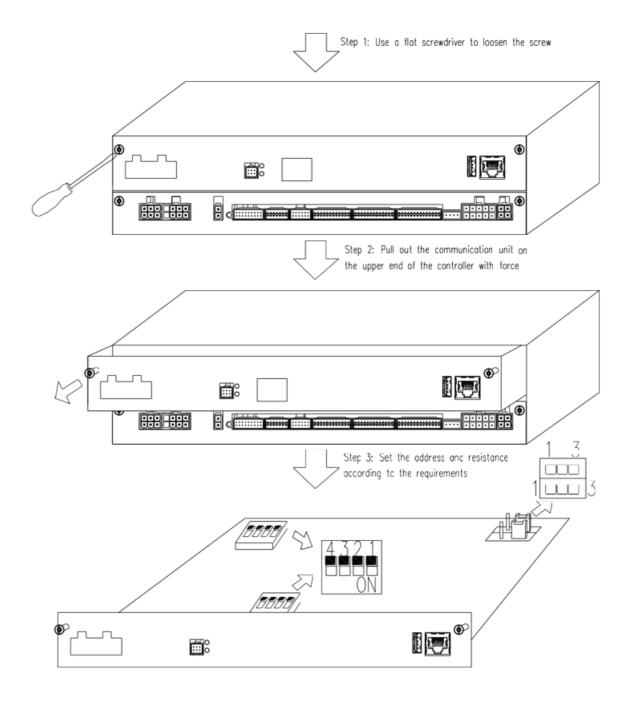
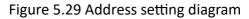


Figure 5.28 Resistance Setting Diagram

• Controller Dialing and resistance settings are shown in figure 5.29

NOTE: The last dispenser in the system will have the CAN resistor jumpers set on pins 1 and 2, and all other dispensers will have the CAN resistor jumpers set on pins 2 and 3.





6.) Adding Cooling Liquid

6.1) Charging Dispenser Cold Source Description

 Liquid cooling system by the pump, reservoir, hoses, radiator, fan, pressure sensors, temperature sensors, liquid level alarm switch, drive controller, etc., As shown in Figure 6.1 below

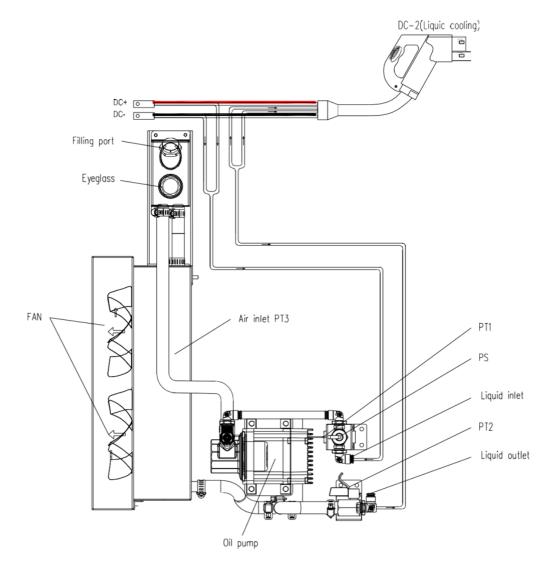


Figure 6.1 Schematic diagram of cold source of the Slim Line Dispenser



6.2) Liquid Cooled Cable System

 The cable system consists of connector no.1, cable no.2, cable fixture no.3, terminal to power supply no.4, ground wire no.5, pipes for coolant no.6, sensor and communication wires no.7. The cable system is fully assembled and only must be connected to the charging station. As shown in Figure 6.2 below:

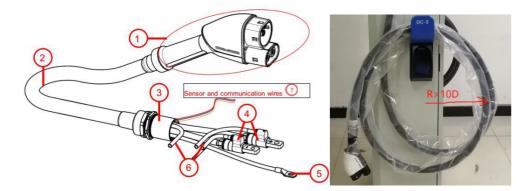


Figure 6.2 Schematic diagram of CCS1 liquid cooling connector

Notes

- There is a coolant pipe inside the liquid cooling connector. Users should ensure the minimum bending radius during charging R>10D.
- CCS liquid cooling connector: 10D = 10*1.2 = 12in (10*31.5 = 315mm)
- GBT liquid cooling connector: 10D= 10*1.6 = 16in (10*40=400mm)

6.3) Adding Liquid Step

- Prepare a funnel and a 5L (1.32 Gal) measuring cup, 6L (1.60 Gal) of silicone oil specified by the manufacturer.
- Note: Huber silicone oil shall be used for CCS connector and 8025 Coolant oil shall be used for GBT liquid cooling connector. The two must not be mixed!



 Remove the fixing screws of the protective filter on the front of the charging terminal 6pcs*M4.

Funnel filling port

Figure 6.3 Front view of Dispenser

- Open the cooling source filling port bolt.
- Introduce 2200mL (0.60 Gal) of silicone oil into the measuring cup, add it to the fuel tank twice, add 1600mL to the fuel tank for the first time (always observe the oil level and stop adding liquid when the oil is below the high liquid level visual window), and tighten the filling port bolt.
- Once the system is powered on (see section 7), conduct the manual running of the liquid cooling system in each dispenser (as applicable). Perform the liquid cooling system oil circuit test. Observe that there is no leakage in the oil circuit and the oil pressure of the charging interface is normal (about 0.6~0.7Mpa). Ensure the oil temperature of connector is normal and it runs stably for 30 minutes. After the oil level is lower than the high liquid level sight window, open the cold source liquid filling port and add approximately 600mL (0.16 Gal) of silicone oil to the oil tank until you can see the level in the sight window. Ensure the oil level does not go above the high liquid level sight window. Tighten the liquid filling port cap. Turn off oil pump.
- Note 1: See Section 7 (START-UP) for powering on system. See Section 8 for Charging Dispenser startup and touch screen parameter settings.
 - **Notes:** The oil pressure is too low or 0 during the operation of the oil pump, please see if the oil pipe connection is in place.
- Finally, install the protective filter on the front of the Charging Dispenser, and the cold source system is filled with liquid.

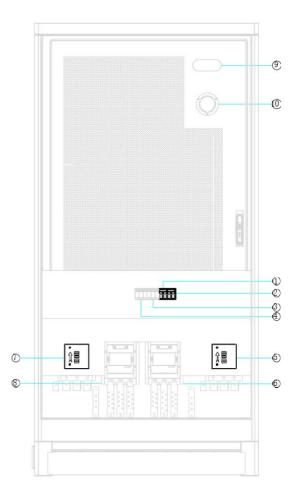
7.) Start Up

7.1) Verification and Inspection

- Check if the bolts of the AC and protective ground cables of the ICE-480 are correctly tightened to the specified torque
- Check the resistance between the ICE-480 protective ground and the low voltage switchboard ground connection; the value must be according to local codes.
- Grid AC with L1/L2/L3/PE wiring or DC+/DC-/PE wiring for DC input.
- Power modules panel address setting is correct.
- Before switching ON all the fuses and circuit breakers, check the supply voltage between lines: it must be 480V ± 10% 50/60Hz.

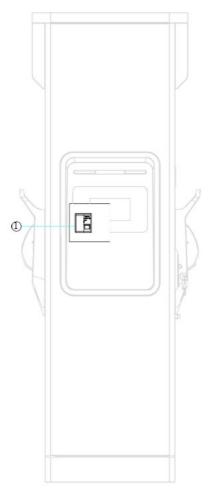
7.2) Switch On

- Grid AC input connection wiring (L1, L2, L3, PE) to Main breaker
- Check all switches in the system are off (System Main breaker, AC output breaker, Aux power input breaker).
- Plug in the power modules as needed. If there is an empty slot, a blank cover must be installed in the empty slot(s) for proper air flow inside the Power Cabinet.
- Turn AC Grid power on, then check input voltages at the Power Cabinet. Verify voltages are 480VAC Phase to Phase and 277VAC Phase to PE. If voltages are not within tolerance, stop and verify system is fed with a 480/277VAC WYE electrical feed, check all input connections and wiring and try again.
- First switch on the auxiliary power switch 3QF and 4QF of the Power Cabinet, as shown in Figure 7.1



1	4QFP	Auxiliary Power for Power Cabinet
2	3QFP	Auxiliary Power for Dispenser
3	1SPD	AC SPD
4	2SPD	AC SPD
5	1QF	AC Input MCCB
6	1KMA	Main contactor
7	2QF	AC Input MCCB
8	2KMA	Main contactor
9	LED	Light emitting diode
10	ESD	Emergency Shutdown Device

 Next, switch on the auxiliary power switches QFP of charging Dispenser A, B, C, and D respectively, as shown in Figure 7.2



QFP AC Input for Auxiliary Power	(1)	AC Input for Auxiliary Power
--	-----	------------------------------

- Check all controllers and meters, LCD and LED.
- Switch the main circuit breakers 1QF and 2QF of the Power Cabinet system to enable the power module input., as shown in Figure 7.1.
- Finally check the alarm from the front panel LED and Display for information about the system. If all parameters are set properly and all self-checks are clear, no alarms should be present. If alarms are present, address as needed to clear all alarms.

Notes:

 Please add liquid to the cold source system of the charging terminal before starting the system, otherwise the cold source system will fail to start properly due to improper oil level. The cold source system needs to be tested at the first power-on, and silicone oil is added to a reasonable position. (See Chapter 6 ADD LIQUID)



8.) Important Parameter Settings

Note: Before configuring any of the system components. Go to section 11.4.1 for the router set up procedure.

8.1) Dispenser Parameter Setup

- The parameter settings of the dispensers are basically the same as those of the integrated charger. The dispenser only has some unique parameter settings for the split charging system; Therefore, here we only introduce some parameters related to split charging system dispenser. Please refer to Document <IMMU2 Upper Controller Maintenance Guideline> for the remaining parameter settings.
- Notice: The parameters introduced below are essential to set after the system is installed.
- Login to the screen of the dispenser using the Root Login.
 - Param Set Parameter Name: Charger Typ 4 Charger System Index Parameter Name Parameter Value +00:00 Time Zone Split Dispenser-2 2024-08-29 11:23:52 2 System DateTime(UTC+0) Split Dispenser-3 (Click for Detail...) з Network Setting ОК Split Dispenser-4 4 Charger Type Split Dispenser-1 Dispensr Access OCPP Method LAN with 4G Router Split Dispenser-5 5 Cancel Split System Internal Network Segment 6 192.168.1.XX Split Dispenser-6
- 1. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Charger Type"

- The default value of parameter Charger Type is Integrated, and the split system dispenser needs to be set to the corresponding value, such as Dispenser-1 being set to 'Split Dispenser-1', Dispenser-2 being set to 'Split Dispenser-2', Dispenser-3 being set to 'Split Dispenser-3', and so on. This parameter is associated with the IP address of Upper ETH1, which will fix the IP address of ETH1 to 192.168.1.201~192.168.1.210. After setting this parameter, it needs to be restarted to take effect.
- 2. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Dispenser Access OCPP Method"

Active Al	arm Detailed Info	Param Set	Manual Ctrl	Charge Rec		
	CH	narger Systei	n 🕨		None	
In	dex Parameter Name	Par	ameter Value			
	I Time Zone	+00	:00		LAN with 4G Router	
:	2 System DateTime(UTC+0)	202	4-08-29 11:39:01			
3	3 Network Setting	(Cli	ck for Detail)		Independent 4G router	
4	4 Charger Type	Spl	t Dispenser-1			
5	5 Dispensr Access OCPP Metho	d LAP	l with 4G Router			
	5 Split System Internal Network Segment	k [192	.168.1 <i>.</i> XX			



This parameter is a setting item for the dispenser access OCPP server method. It can choose from the above three values; the default value is LAN with 4G Router. The meaning of the three values are:

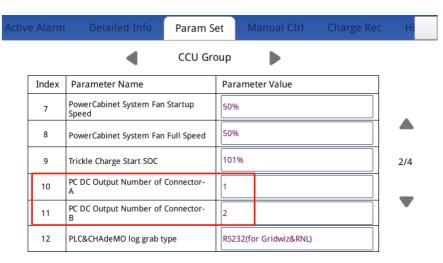
- None: The dispenser does not access OCPP Server, and the split charging system is connected to OCPP server through PC-Upper Controller.
- LAN with 4G Router: The dispenser accesses the OCPP server through a 4G router connected to the system LAN switch located in the PC. <u>Please ensure that the IP address of the 4G router connected to the power cabinet switch is 192.168.1.1.</u>
- Independent 4G Router: Each dispenser uses an independent 4G router to access the OCPP server. In this condition, the independent 4G Router will occupy the ETH1 of the Upper, so the network cable from the dispenser to the power cabinet does not need to be connected.
 - NOTE: To connect a Dispenser to an OCPP Server, 'OCPP Server End URL' and 'Charger ID' settings also should be set.
- 3. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Split System Internal Network Segment"

ve Alarm	Detailed Info Par	am Set	Manual Ctrl	Charge Rec						
	Charger System									
Index	Parameter Name	Pai	ameter Value							
1	Time Zone	+00):00							
2	2 System DateTime(UTC+0)		2024-09-05 01:42:27							
3	Network Setting	(Cli	(Click for Detail)							
4	Charger Type	Spl	Split Dispenser-1		192.168.1 <i>.</i> XX					
5	5 Dispensr Access OCPP Method		LAN with 4G Router		192.168.99.XX					
6	Split System Internal Network Segment	192	2.168.1.XX		132.100.3334					

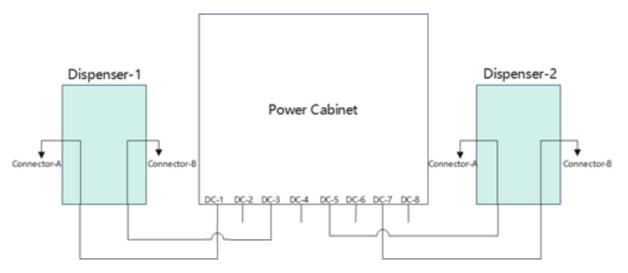
- This parameter is the network segment used by the dispenser to access the system LAN. The default value is "192.168.1. XX", and the other value is used by other systems.
- 4. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"CCU Work Mode"

Active A	larm	Detailed Info	Param S	et Manual	Ctrl	Charge Re	ec	Standalone RS232
		•	CCU Gro	oup 🕨				Standalone TCP
Ir	ndex	Parameter Name		Parameter Valu	ie			
	1	Charger/CCU Specific Sett	ings	(Click for Detail	.)			Ring Address #1
	2	Smart Charge Accuracy Co	ompensation	0%				
	3	AC Main input includes AC input	C connector	Yes				Ring Address #2
	4	CCU Work Mode		Standalone TCP				Ring Address #3
	5	Is the Liquid Module Insta	alled	No				
	6	Liquid-cooled Connector I type	Installing	Not Installed				Ring Address #4

- This parameter is the communication method between the dispenser upper controller and the pilot controller. The default value is Standalone TCP, be careful not to modify the default value.
- 5. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"PC DC Output Number of Connector-A/B"



• These parameters are the DC output numbers of the power cabinet corresponding to the dispenser connectors A/B.





- In the above example where only 2 slim line dispensers are installed, Dispenser-1 connector A is connected to power cabinet DC-1 and connector B is connected to power cabinet DC-3. Dispenser-2 connector A is connected to power cabinet DC-5 and connector B is connected to power cabinet DC-7. So, dispenser-1 should be set as 1 and 3, dispenser-2 should be set as 5 and 7.
- If the dispenser installed is a Micro-Dispenser, only the parameter of connector-A should be set to the proper PC output, and connector-B should be set to 0.
- See Section 9 for a full list of configuration settings and appropriate values/ranges.

192	.168.1.100/login								
地图	🧧 InfyPower运维管理	🔯 ChatGPT	🧧 InfyPower运维管理	C 基于openssl建立tls	當直流微网技术及发	C++封装sqlite3库	C java sqlite sqlite_b		
				Cha	rger Web M	lanagemer	nt System		
				London Lo					
				Login to	admin page	English	V		
				Deet					
				ROOT			V		
								ſ	
								J	
				root_key:	⊥ Select a file				
						ОК			

8.2 Power Cabinet Parameter Setup

- The Power Cabinet Upper Controller does not have an HMI, so a webpage is used to access the power cabinet upper controller for parameter settings and information display.
- To access this, use an Ethernet cable and connect a laptop to The ETH2 port on the Upper Controller. Open a web browser and go to IP address 192.168.99.100. Login using the ROOT access password and root key file.

	Charger Sys	tem CCU Group	Charging Gun	Card Reader	PCU	Rectifier Grps	AC Cabinet
Charger System		Split System Internal	Network Segment	192.168.1.XX	✓ Edi		
ത്രം Quick Settings		Power Cabinet Ac	cess OCPP Enable	Enabled	Edi		
E Detailed Info			Charger ID		1480		Edit
Param Set		OC	PP Server End URL	ws://192.168.	1.35:6019		Edit
🕄 Manual Ctrl			Security Profile	Profile 0	Edi		
Data Service >		Langua	ge Selection Mode	All	Edi		
Firmware > Management >		Disper	nser Installed Total	12		Edit	
🔘 User Management		Charging	Gun Installed Total	12		Edit	
[→ Quit			Dispenser Type	Standard	✓ Edi		
			LCD Language	English	Edi		



- 1. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Split System Internal Network Segment"
 - This parameter is the network segment used by the power cabinet upper controller to access the system LAN. The default value is "192.168.1. XX", and the other value is used by other systems.
- 2. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Power Cabinet Access OCPP Enable"
 - If the power cabinet needs to access the OCPP server, this parameter needs to be set to Enable, 'OCPP Server End URL' and 'Charger ID' also should set. See Section 7.3 for details.
- 3. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Dispenser Installed Total"
 - Set the total number of dispensers installed in the system.
- 4. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Charging Gun Installed Total"
 - Set the total number of charging guns that are installed in the system.
- 5. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Dispenser Type"
- 6. "Param Set" ->"PCU" ->"PCU Settings"
 - The PCU setting parameters are related to the power cabinet, and these parameters are very important. Some of these parameters must be set before the system runs.

	PCU Settings	Edit			
Firmware Version	1.07		IMSU-X Hardware Version	A02	
Boot Version	02.00		IMSU-X Startup Times	37	
Door Open Alarm Enable	Disabled	Y	SPD Alarm	Enabled	V
EPO Voltage Level	Alarm Norm	ally Open 🗸	Total PM Grp Number	12	
Total PM Number	20		Total DC output	5	
Total Dispenser Number	4		Soft-start Time	1	second
AC Meter Ratio			AC Sleep Interval	0	min
Input Over Voltage Point	450	v	Input Under Voltage Point		v
Output Max Voltage	1050	v	Contactor Abnormal Judge Time	2	secon
PM inlet overheating point		o.	PM outlet overheating point	93	r
Busbar Lv1 overheating point	90	o.	Busbar Lv2 overheating point	120	10
Temperature alarm hysteresis	5	o.	Busbar overheating curr Imt period	5	min
Busbar overheating curr Imt percent		*	Cooling Devices Type	Air cooling	V
AC Input Power Limit		ĸW	Cabinet Fun Min Speed	25	5
Cabinet Fun Max Speed		5	Power Cabinet Fan Min Speed Temper ature	40	0
Power Cabinet Fan Full Speed Temper ature	70	o.	Busbar Temperature Sensor Install	Not Installed	v
			AC Input Single	No	V
PDU Inner Ring Enable	Yes	~	System Efficiency Setting	93	5
ir cooled PC Outlet Over Temperature		o	Air cooled PC Outlet Over Temperature		°C



Parameter Name	Description	Value Range	Default Value	Remark
PCU Firmware Version	/	Read Only	/	
IMSU-X Hardware Version	/	Read Only	/	
Boot Version	Boot Loader Version	Read Only	/	
IMSU-X Startup Times	PCU Startup Times	Read Only	/	
Door Open Alarm Enable	/	Enable / Disable	Enable	
SPD Alarm Enable	/	Enable / Disable	Enable	
EPO Voltage Level	/	Alarm Normally	Alarm Normally	
		Close /	Close	
		Alarm Normally		
		Open		
Total PM Grp Number	The total number of power module groups in the	0~16	8	must be man
	power cabinet			set
Total PM Number	The total number of power modules in the power	0 ~ 32	16	must be man
	cabinet			set
Total DC Output Number	The total number of DC output busbar in the power	0~16	16	must be man
	cabinet			set
Total Dispenser Number	The total number of dispensers in the system	0 ~ 12	6	must be man
				set
Soft-start Time	Soft start time of power module	0~255 S	15	
AC Meter Ratio	If the system has a AC meter, this parameter needs	1~99999	160	
	to be set			
AC Sleep Interval	The time interval for the system to enter sleep mode	0 ~ 255 S	0 S	
	from idle. If set to 0, it means the system will not			
	enter sleep mode			
Input Over Voltage Point	If the input line voltage is greater than this value, an alarm will be triggered	0 ~ 2000 V	450 V	
Input Under Voltage Point	If the input line voltage is less than this value, an alarm will be triggered	0 ~ 2000 V	310 V	



[
Output Max Voltage	The maximum voltage that the power module can output	0 ~ 2000 V	1050 V	
Contactor Abnormal Judge Time	After controlling the contactor, determine the time interval for abnormal contactor status	0~255 S	2 S	
PM inlet overheating point	If the PM inlet temperature is greater than this value, an alarm will be triggered	0 ~ 255 'C	80 'C	
PM outlet overheating point	If the PM outlet temperature is greater than this value, an alarm will be triggered	0 ~ 255 'C	93 'C	
Busbar Lv1 overheating point	If the temperature of the busbar is greater than this value, LV1 alarm will occur. And the charging power will decrease	0 ~ 6553 'C	90 'C	
Busbar Lv2 overheating point	If the temperature of the busbar is greater than this value, LV2 alarm will occur. And the charging will stop	0 ~ 6553 'C	120 'C	
Temperature alarm hysteresis	When an over temperature alarm occurs, the alarm will only disappear if the temperature drops below the hysteresis value	0~255 'C	5 'C	
Busbar overheating current period	When the LV1 over temperature alarm of the busbar occurs, the cycle time of current limiting.	0 ~ 255 Min	5 Min	
Busbar overheating current percent	When the LV1 over temperature alarm of the busbar occurs, the percentage of current limiting.	0~100%	80 %	
Cooling Devices Type	Cooling method of power cabinet	Water Cooling \ Air Cooling	Air Cooling	
AC Input Power Limit	System total AC power limit value.	0 ~ 65535 KW	10000 KW	
Cabinet Fan Min Speed	Minimum speed of rotation for power cabinet fan	0~100%	25 %	
Cabinet Fan Max Speed	Maximum speed of rotation for power cabinet fan	0~100%	100 %	
Power Cabinet Fan Min Speed Temperature	The starting temperature of the power cabinet fan	0 ~ 255 'C	40 'C	
Power Cabinet Fan Full Speed Temperature	There is a linear relationship between temperature and fan speed, and at this temperature, the fan speed will reach its maximum	0 ~ 255 'C	70 'C	



Busbar Temperature Sensor Install	Is the temperature sampling sensor of the busbar installed?	Not Install\ Install	Not Install	
AC Input Single	Is it a single AC input? If it is No, then the AC input is dual channel	No \ Yes	No	
PDU Inner Ring Enable	Installation Enable for Inner Ring Contactor of Power Distribution Unit	No \ Yes	No	
System Efficiency Setting	Assumed value of system efficiency. This value can be used to calculate the total available power on the DC side	0~100%	93 %	
Air cooled PC Outlet Over Temperature Lv1	LV1 overheating point at the outlet of the power cabinet. If the temperature at the outlet of the power cabinet exceeds this value, the system will run at reduced power and alarm.	0 ~ 120 'C	90 'C	
Air cooled PC Outlet Over Temperature Lv2	LV2 overheating point at the outlet of the power cabinet. If the temperature at the outlet of the power cabinet exceeds this value, the system will become unavailable and alarm.	0 ~ 120 'C	100 'C	

7. "Param Set" -> "AC Cabinet" -> "AC Cube Setting" -> "AC Meter Enable"
 AC Cabinet

- o If the system is installed with an AC input meter, this value should be set to enable.
- 8. "Param Set" ->"AC Cabinet" ->"AC Contactor Setting"

AC Co	ontactor Setting	Cancel	
AC Contactor Total Number	2	1#PM Group AC Input Contactor	1
2#PM Group AC Input Contactor	1	3#PM Group AC Input Contactor	1
4#PM Group AC Input Contactor	1	5#PM Group AC Input Contactor	2
6#PM Group AC Input Contactor	2	7#PM Group AC Input Contactor	2
8#PM Group AC Input Contactor	2	9#PM Group AC Input Contactor	0
10#PM Group AC Input Contactor	0	11#PM Group AC Input Contactor	0
12#PM Group AC Input Contactor	0	13#PM Group AC Input Contactor	0
14#PM Group AC Input Contactor	0	15#PM Group AC Input Contactor	0
16#PM Group AC Input Contactor	0		

- 'AC Contactor Total Number' is set to the actual number of AC contactors installed in the system. Next is the mapping relationship table between power module and AC input contactors. Non-existent power module groups write 0.
- Example: Standard ICE-480 Power Cabinet has 16 total Power Modules configured into 8 Groups of 2 and has 2 AC Input Contactors. Groups 1-4 are connected to the #1 AC Input Contactor, and Groups 5-8 are connected to the #2 AC Input Contactor. The settings required for proper operation are shown in the above image.



8.3) Reset and Test

8.3.1) System Self Check

 Ensure there are no vehicles connected to the charger and all charging cables are in their proper holsters. Close and lock all the equipment doors except for the Power Cabinet. Enter the PC-Upper Controller webpage (192.168.1.100) and initiate a system Self Check by going to Manual Ctrl → PCU → Start System Self Check.

ROOT	IJ	Charger System	CCU Group	Charging Gun	Card Reader	PCU	Rectifier Grps	AC Cabinet
Charger System		PCU						
🛞 Quick Settings				Manual Ctrl Mode	Exit Manual C	trl Mode	Enter Manual Ctr	l Mode
😑 Detailed Info		Reset PCU			Execute			
💮 Param Set			Clea	ar Debugging Data	Execute			
🗐 Manual Ctrl			Start S	System Self Check	Execute			
Data Service >			Cab	inet Door LED Ctrl	Valid Range:0	~ 5		
 Firmware Management 			Cab	Iner Door EED Car	Set			

 Pay attention to safety during the Self Check. After the Self Check starts, the power modules and contactors will perform a series of sequential actions until the end; The process takes about a few minutes. If the Self Check passes, there will be no alarms. If the Self Check does not pass, an alarm will prompt which items have not passed. Address the alarms as necessary.



9.) Description of Relevant Parameters

- The important setting parameters of the power cabinet and liquid-cooled charging terminal of the split charging system are described in the following table:
- Input User Level and Password: Root

NO.	Parameter name	Default parameters	Remarks
1	CCU Work Mode	There is a dial switch on the back side of Pilot controller, which corresponds to terminal address # 1 or # 2	At the same time, it also needs to correspond to the network TCP # address on the billing unit.
2	Liquid-cooled Connector Installing type	One dispenser can support up to one liquid cooling connector and can choose no/A gun or /B gun.	Select the connector installation position, and the corresponding 485 (# 1 or # 2) bus of the pilot controller will communicate with the IMEU2. Consistent with the system wiring.
3	Liquid-Bump Max Speed	Default maximum 50%	The pilot controller is sent to the IMEU2 board via RS485
4	Fan Speed Limit (Aux)	Default 100%	The small fan on the top side of the dispenser is used for cooling in the cabinet and running during charging.
5	Power Cabinet System Fan Full Speed Temperature	Default 131 F (55°C)	Pilot controller sent to IMEU2 offline via CAN
6	Power Cabinet System Fan Start up Temperature	Default 113 F (45°C)	Pilot controller sent to IMEU2 offline via CAN
7	Power Cabinet System Fan Startup Speed	40%	Starting speed of fan of power Cabinet system
8	Fan Speed Limit	100%	Power Cabinet system fan full speed limit.
9	Liquid-Bump Max Speed	100%	Max speed of liquid cooling unit oil pump
10	Liquid-Bump Startup Speed	20%	When the oil pump of the liquid cooling unit starts slowly, the initial speed.
11	Ring Nodes Total(connector)	Default 4	Note that it is actually consistent with the number of groups of modules. Even if there are only two guns, if there are four groups of modules, it needs to be set to 4.
12	Liquid Pump Full Sped Start up Temperature	Default 95 F (35°C)	The oil pump reaches the maximum speed when the oil temperature exceeds 35 degrees.

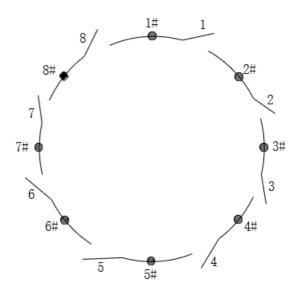


13	Liquid Pump Work	Default 1 min	
13	Duration at Low		Time to prevent colidification
			Time to prevent solidification disturbance when oil temperature is
14	Temperature Liquid Pump Pause Duration	Dofault 2 min	too low.
14	Liquid Pump Pause Duration at Low	Default 2 min	100 IOW.
	Temperature		
15	Max Output Current when	Default 300A	
	liquid oil is in: Low Temp		
	temperature		
16	When Gun Temp Over this	Default 149 F (65°C)	
	point, act as Normal Gun		
17	Max Output Current when	Default 100A	
	act as Normal Gun		
18	Cool Source EnvTemp High	Default 122 F (50°C)	
	Point		
19	Cool Source EnvTemp Low	Default -13 F(-25°C)	
	Point		
20	Liquid Oil High Pressure	Default 0.9Mpa	
	Alarm Point		
21	Connector Over	Default 185 F (85°C)	
	Temperature		
22	Connector Ultra	Default 203 F (95°C)	
	Temperature		
	- P		
23	Conn Recover from	Default 149 F (65°C)	
	OverTemp Point		
24	Prossure Motor Pango	Default 16	_
24	Pressure Meter Range	Delault 10	
25	Motor Pole Pair	Default 4	
26	Power Cabinet AC input	Default 2	
	Channels		

10.) Power Distribution Strategy

10.1) Introduction to Power Nodes

- Each group of power modules is referred to as a node, corresponding to a charging gun (if the node is not connected to a charging gun externally, the node only performs power switching).
- When charging begins, only the node corresponding to the charging gun provides output power. The node outputs power according to the demand of the dispenser. When the dispenser requests an increase in power, the node searches for available sub-nodes to parallelize with. When there is excess charging power, the root node will search for end-terminal sub-nodes and exit the parallelization.



 Using an 8-node system as an example, each node is connected to adjacent nodes on the left, right, and inside.

10.2) Scenario 1: Increasing Charging Power

- Node 1's left node is Node 8; its right node is Node 2.
- Node 1 serves as the root node for charging. When the dispenser requests an increase in charging power, Node 1 will select Node 8 (left) as a sub-node. If the dispenser requests another power increase, Node 1 will select Node 2 (right) as a sub-node. If, in this situation, the dispenser still requires a further increase in charging power, Node 1 will go through Node 8 (left of Node 1) to select Node 7 (left of Node 8) as a sub-node.
- Therefore, when there is a need to increase the charging power during the charging process, the root node will sequentially increase the power by selecting the left node, then the right node.
- If a node is found during the search process, but it is not an idle node (e.g., currently charging, charging as a child node, or experiencing a malfunction), then the algorithm will skip that node and continue searching for other available nodes. The goal is to find a suitable, idle node that can meet the charging requirements.

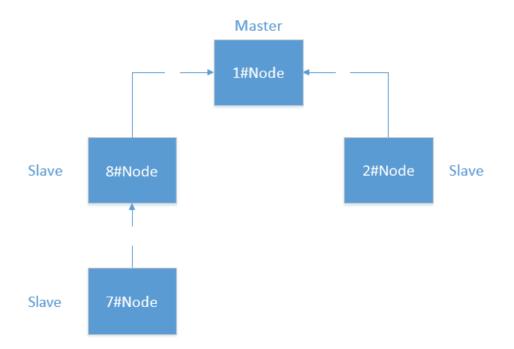
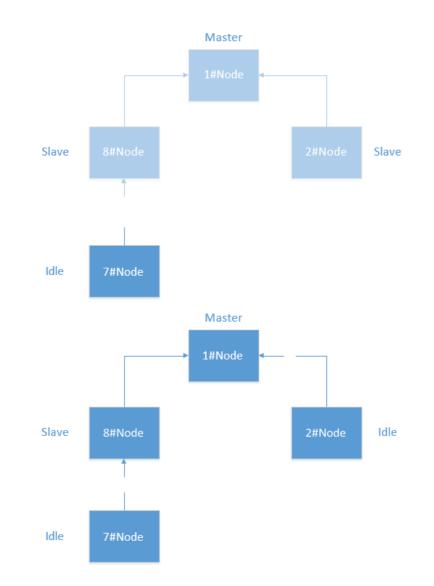


Figure 10.1 The order in which the root node searches for child nodes is 1 -> 2 ->3

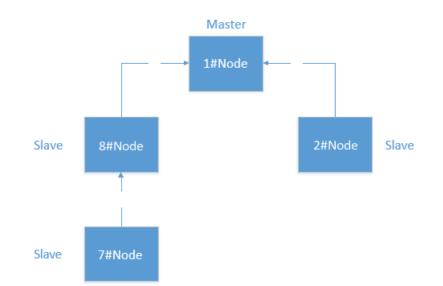
10.3) Scenario 2: Decreasing Charging Power

- When the required power decreases and remains below the current root node's maximum charging output power minus the maximum output power of the furthest end-terminal child node for a continuous duration of 60 seconds, the power allocation for the end-terminal node will be terminated.
- Using the example provided:
 - Node 1 is the root node and nodes 8, 2, and 7 are the child nodes. In this case, the maximum output power of the root node is the sum of the maximum output power of nodes 1, 8, 2, and 7. Since node 7 is the furthest terminal node, when the charging power is lower than the difference between the maximum output power of the root node and the maximum output power of node 7, and this situation persists for 60 seconds, node 7 exits and becomes idle. In this case, nodes 8 and 2 become the new terminal child nodes.
- When the charging power decreases further and the child node exits for 60 consecutive seconds, the root node exits from the node with the lowest power (for example, the maximum power of node 8 is 80 kW, and the maximum power of node 2 is 40kw, then node 2 exits).



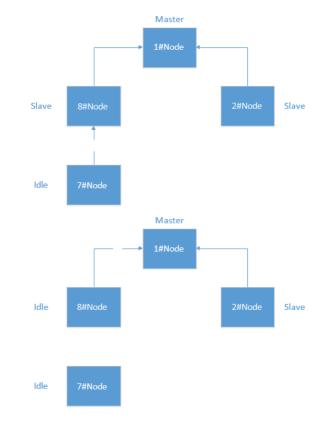
 As shown in the diagram, when the required power decreases and meets the conditions for the furthest end-terminal node (node 7) to exit for a continuous duration of 60 seconds, it will be prioritized for termination. Then, as the required power decreases further, with the new endterminal nodes being 8 and 2, the node with the lowest output power will be prioritized for termination.

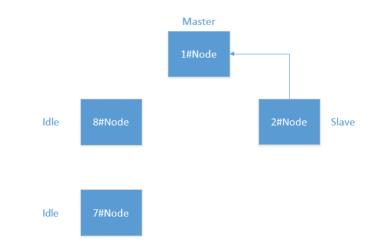




10.4) Scenario 3: Charging Initiated at Node Along the Power Path

 In this scenario, Node 1 serves as the root node, and Nodes 8, 2, and 7 serve as child nodes. Here, Node 8 initiates charging through its corresponding charging gun. As a result, Node 8 and all its child nodes will exit the charging process and become idle nodes. Node 8 will then function as a new root node, providing output power to the corresponding charging gun.





 In this situation, if the charging power is insufficient, root node 1 will look down for a new child node through its right child node 2. When the charging power of root node 8 is insufficient, it will search for child nodes through node 7 on its left side, which is the same as scenario 1.



11.) User Operation

 The ICE-480 operation depends on its output connections: CCS or CHAdeMO. During the charging process, the Human Machine Interface (HMI), will give instructions and will signal different stages. These sequences are shown in this section.

11.1) Output Connector

- The ICE-480 is prepared to charge electric vehicles according to the charging systems mentioned.
 Notes: There is a coolant pipe inside the liquid cooling connector.
- CCS liquid cooling connector: Bending of the cable should be minimized to prevent restriction of the liquid coolant within the cable.
- See section 6.2 for more details

11.1.1) CCS1 and NACS Connector





11.2) Operation Instructions

 When the user starts the operation on the charging dispenser, if all output connections are idle or the device allows DC charging, the HMI display will display the following screen:

CCS1+CCS1 Units

11-01-2020 17:18:34	🛄 📮 🌘 en ?	
8 DC1	BC2	
Plug the Connector	Plug the Connector	
F/ 600	F 600	
Ready	▶ Ready	

- Charging Steps
 - Plug the charging connector into the vehicle interface. UI main page display connector has "Plugged". Click "→Start" Button.

30-03-2021 16:48:45	Charger1	🖵 🛄 🌒 🥐
8 DC1		8 DC2
Plug the Connector	Plugged	
1000	<u>-</u>	
		▶ Start

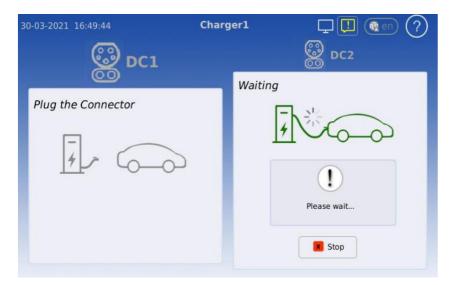
• Swipe the RFID or scan QR Code or use OTP by inputting the password to start the charging.



• Select Auto/Time/SOC/KWh charging strategy (Optional)

30-03-2021 16:49:30	Chargerl	, 1 (e n S
		Timeout 54
50	elect a Charge Mod	le
By Time		By SOC
	Auto	By kWh

• On Waiting Start Charge.



• On Charging

30-03-2021 16:51:11	Charger1	🖵 🛄 🌒 en 🥐
@ DC1		B DC2
Plug the Connector	Charging	(Auto) 19.9kW Energy: 0.08 kWh Used Time: 1.5 min Remain Time: 40 min Volt: 500.1 V Curr: 39.9 A (REQ)500.0V/85A Stop

• After the vehicle is fully charged, stop charging first, then unplug the charging connector.



11.3) Ethernet and OCCP Setting

- There are 2 standard parameters for back-end setting. Please get them from the back-end supplier.
 - Charger ID
 - o OCPP Server End URL

Example 1: for a charge point with identity "CP001" connecting to a Central System with OCPP-J endpoint URL "ws://centralsystem.example.com/ocpp" this would give the following connection URL:

ws://centralsystem.example.com/ocpp/CP001

Figure 11.1 Example of OCPP-J 1.6 Spec

Notes: The protocol upper controller supports OCPP-J 1.6 and 2.0.1. Please refer to the OCPP official documents if you have any questions about the above 2 parameters or the protocol itself.

11.3.1) Connection Check

- If the above settings are done properly, you should see the ¹ icon on screen (without reboot).
- Check the OCPP Platform for proper communication of the charger. Seeing the icon on the display screen only shows the charger is connected to the system but does not show the system sees the charger properly.

11.4) Network Setting

11.4.1) Router Set Up

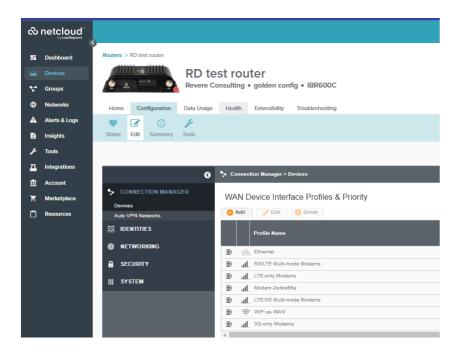
This guide is intended to help configure the main Cellular Router inside the Power Cabinet for external communication. Log into the SSID of the router via the web browser.

 Click on "Devices" enter in the MAC address of the router that needs to be configured. Click on the device and it will bring you to the device page. If logging in via SSID you can skip this step.

ର୍ଭ netcloud	1											≘ Rew	ere Consulting - James Tuppin	∞ 9 0 ⁸ 0
Dashboard	l i	Dev	ices											
112 Devices		Router	rs Networl	< Interfaces										
Groups											All Accounts & Groups	• Filter 🚯	Filter	>
Alerts & Logs		& Con	illouration 🗸	RetCloud OS	- = Comm	nds 🖌 🗙 Remot	e Connect 🗸 🚓 Move				Updated: 11/27/2024 03:0	apmuto o 👌 ± 💷	Open by default RESET FILTER	
🖹 Insights				8	\$	Name	Description	Asset Identifier	Product	MAC Address	Group	NetCloud OS	00.30.44.9D:60.91 ×	E.
🗲 Tools					\$	RD test router	and a grant of the second s		IBR600C	00:30:44:90:60:91	golden config	7.24.60 (2024-0	Type to Filter	Add ADVANCED ~
☐ Integrations	-												Product	
T Marketplace													Select a Product	
Resources														

 On the Device page click on "Configuration" then "Edit". Drag Ethernet to the top of the list of "WAN Device Interface Profiles & Priority".

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 Once "Ethernet" is at the top of the list, under Connection Manager click on "Networking" and in the sub tab click "Local IP Networks". Click on the first option check box and hit "Edit."

ര	netcloud				
5	Contraction Contractica Con	Routers > RD test router			
Ш	Devices		est router		
Υ.	Groups	Revere	Consulting • golden config • IBR6	500C	
•	Networks	Home Configuration Data Usag	e Health Extensibility Troublesh	ooting	
▲	Alerts & Logs	🕈 🕜 🚺 🦻			
B	Insights	Status Edit Summary Tools			
۶	Tools				
≚	Integrations	G	Networking > Local Networks > Local	I IP Networks	
â	Account	S CONNECTION MANAGER			
	Marketplace		Local IP Networks		
	Resources		🗘 Add 🧪 Edit 😢 Remove	e	192.168.100.1
		Local Networks Wireless (WFF) Settings Ethemat Ports DHCP Server Local IP Networks MAC Fitter & Logging WFF Analytics VLAN Interfaces Tunnels Tunnels Rouding GoS DNS Servers WFF as WAN, or Client Gient Data Usage NHEP	Multisast Proy: DHCP Relay: DHCP Relay: DHCP Relay: Somediae VRRP: IPA Routing Mode: IPA Addressing Mode: Access Control: DHCP Relay: DHCP	Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled NAT SLAAC with Full DHCP Admin Access Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled	Attace - Viris - Wiff 192:108-10.1 Attace - Wiffi
		褂 SYSTEM			

 Click on "IPv4 settings" and make sure the IP address is the correct scheme needed for the Ice cube. This will ensure that all dispensers can properly communicate locally and externally to InControl. The IP address should be changed to 192.168.1.1.



🗘 R&D E	ditor		
General Settings	Provide a unique IPv4 address rang	e for this network.	
IPv4 Settings	IP Address:	192.168.100.1	
IPv6 Settings	Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
Interfaces	IPv4 Routing Mode:	NAT (default)	~
Access Control	Always Proxy ARP:		
IPv4 DHCP			
Multicast Proxy			
IPv6 Addressing			
Schedule			
VRRP			
STP			
Wired 802.1X			
		Cancel Save	

• Hit "save" then hit "Commit" at the bottom of the screen to update the router configurations.



11.4.2) Wireless Network Configuration

- First, check if your system is equipped with an external wireless router.
- This router is installed inside the Power Cabinet and is interconnected with the Network Switch with a RJ45 network cable. The router is usually pre-installed along with the charger before leaving the factory, therefore the only thing needed to ensure it is operating properly.

11.4.3) Wired Network Configuration

- First, check if your system is equipped with an external wireless router.
- Connect the customer ethernet cable from their router LAN port to the WAN port of the Cradlepoint.

11.5) Charger Software Update

- The charger can update the firmware through OCPP or OEM backend remotely, or local update through USB drive to update the firmware of the upper controller and pilot controller.
- The following figure 11.2 software version is for reference only, the actual situation shall prevail.



Figure 11.2 Software Version

 CAUTION: It is imperative that the correct firmware be installed into each component. If the incorrect firmware for a component is installed, the component may require replacement and full reprogramming prior to operating properly. Please contact InCharge Support for assistance.

11.5.1) Upper Controller Update

For upper controller's update, firstly power on the controller, and then plug the USB drive into the controller's USB inlet, and then go into the setting in "Manual Ctrl" --> "Charger System" --> "Reboot System", need to input "Soft Reset", and waiting the automatic update finish, and then take off the USB disk. Check the software version as shown in Figure 11.2.



07-05	-2019 19:24	:22	C 🛄 🕻		
	Run Info		aram Set	Manual Ctrl	History Alm
		< Charger	System >)	
	Index	Parameter Name	Parameter	Value	
	1	Reboot System	Soft Reset		0
	2	Data Backup/Restore	Backup		\bigcirc
	3	Calibrate Touch Screen	Execute		1/1
	4	Clear Factory Debug Data	Execute		0
					\bigtriangledown

07-05-2	2019 19:24:36	1 1 1 (e) (b)
	Soft Reset	Parameter Name: Reboot System
	Hard Reset	Parameter Value: Soft Reset
		ОК
		UK
		Cancel



Figure 11.2 Software Version



11.5.2) Pilot Controller Update

For pilot controller's update, firstly power on the controller, and then plug the USB disk into the controller's USB inlet. Then restart the system (disconnect the auxiliary switch, then close it again). Pay attention to the sound. After hearing three beeps, it means the upgrade is complete. You can pull out the USB drive. Check the software version as shown in Figure 11.3.

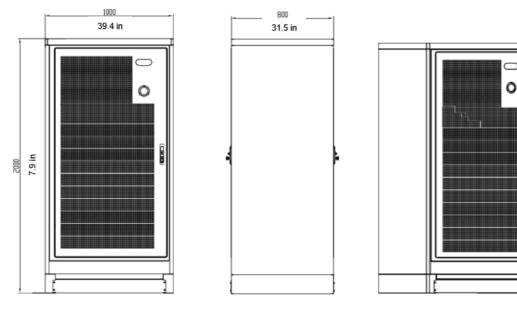


Figure 11.3 Software Version

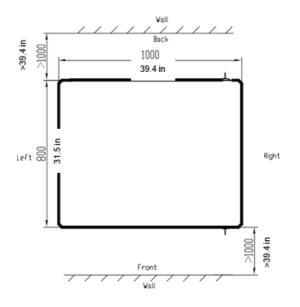


Appendix 1) Engineering and Technical Parameters

- The Power Cabinet has a front and back door. At least 39.37 inches (1000mm) of clearance should be left on both sides to provide space for maintenance.
- The Power Cabinet has front and back exhaust heat and ventilation. A clearance of at least 39.37 in (1000mm) must be provided to prevent hot air recirculation back to the inlet.
- Note: While the system is running, the temperature of the back door will be hot. Avoid touching by hand.



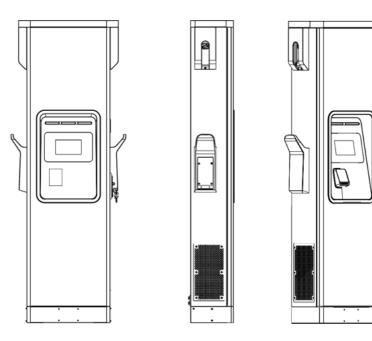
Power Cabinet Three Views



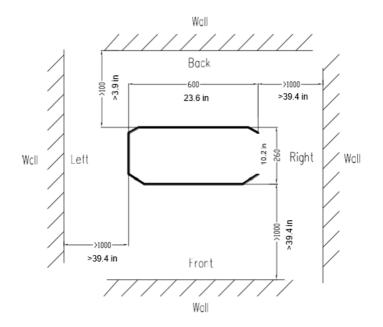
Power Cabinet Space Requirement



- The Slim Line Dispenser is reliable for wall installation, but it is recommended to leave at least 39.47 in (1000mm) distance. The front door should have a gap of at least 39.47 in (1000mm) to provide maintenance space.
- The Charging Dispenser has a right-side air inlet and a left side air outlet. A minimum gap of 39.47 in (1000mm) should be provided to prevent hot air from flowing back into the inlet.



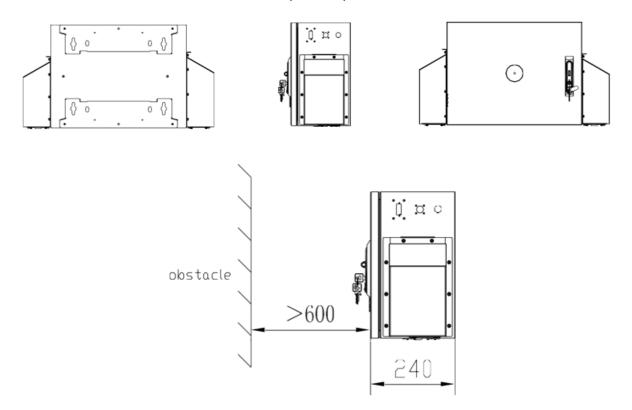
Slim Line Dispenser Three Views



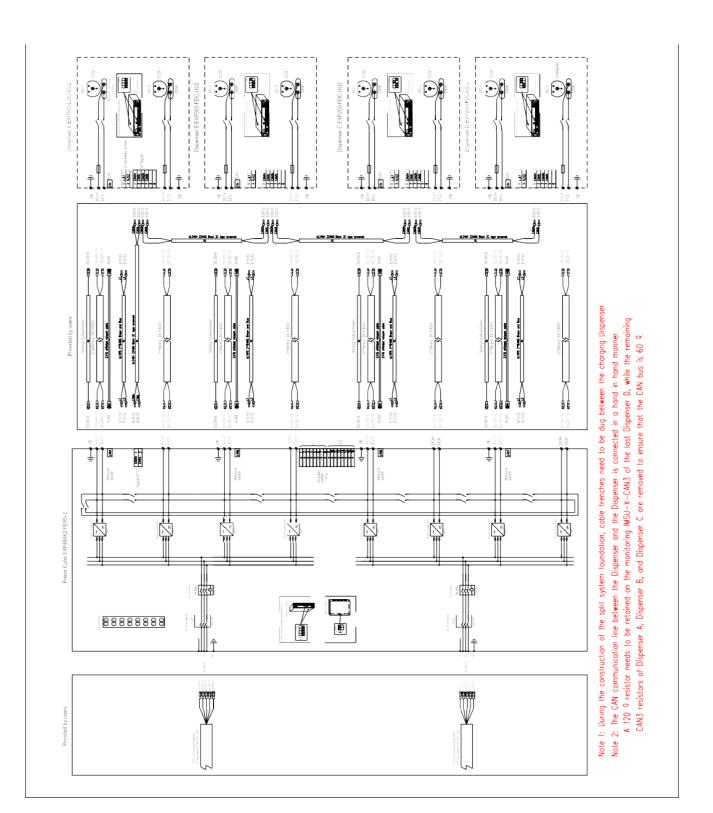




The Micro Dispenser is reliable for Wall installation. The front door should have a gap of at least 23.62in (600mm)



Micro Dispenser Space Requirements



Appendix 2) System Electrical Connection Diagram

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Attachment 2:

Method for removing CAN3 120 Ω Resistor from IMSU-X Monitoring

 Step 1: Unscrew the two screws on the left and right sides of the upper part of the IMSU-X monitoring board, and the upper monitoring board can be pulled out, as shown in the following figure



 Step 2: Find the matching resistor jumper cap on the monitoring board, as shown in the following figure.

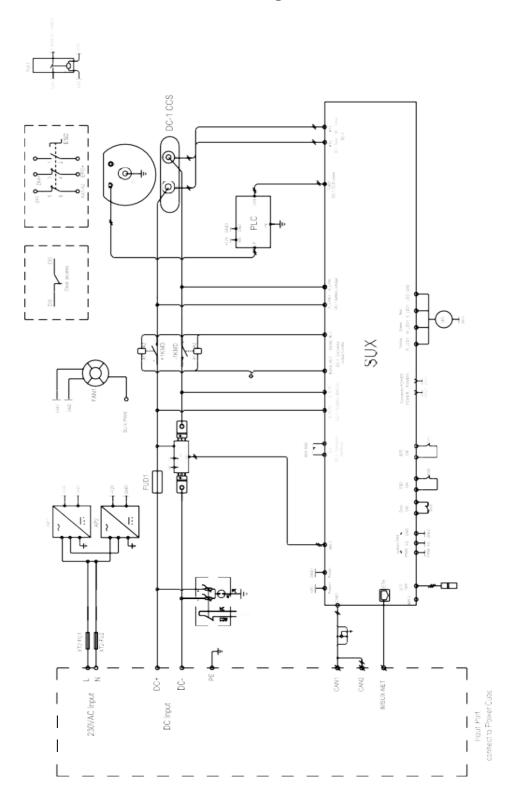


Step 3: Both jumper caps need to be changed from PIN 1 and 2 (with 120 Ω) to PIN 2 and 3 (without 120 Ω), as shown in the left and right figures.



• Step 4: Insert the upper control board back in and tighten the two fixing screws.

Micro Dispenser Electrical Connection Diagram



Appendix 3) Maintenance

1.) Maintenance Table

NO.	Position	Method	Tool	Maintenance cycle
1	AC input main breaker	Eyes check	/	2 months
2	Devices and connection points Main circuit devices (circuit breaker,	Sound and Eyes	Torque wrench	2 months
2	AC contactor, DC contactor, DC fuse), copper bar, power module connector	CHECK	Torque wrench	2 11011113
3	AC SPD	Eyes check	/	3 months
4	Charging plug	Eyes check	Brush	Daily
5	Cooling Fan and Filter cotton	Eyes check	Blower, Screwdriver Soft Brush Vacuum Cleaner	$3{\sim}6$ months
6	ESD	Eyes check	/	Daily
7	Alarm information check	Eyes check	/	Daily
8	Check all electrical connections	Sound and Eyes Check	Torque Wrench	12~24 months

2.) Maintenance Operation

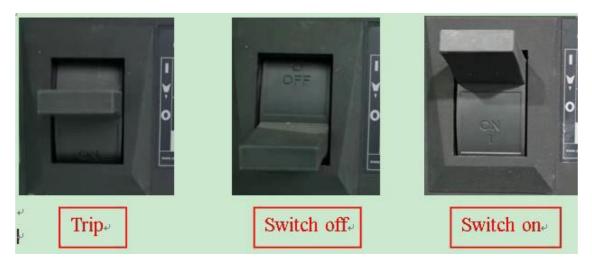
2.1) AC Input Main Breaker

- When the circuit breaker is in the closing state, press the insulation test knob or trip test button to test the insulation function or trip function of the circuit breaker.
- After the circuit breaker is released, the recovery method is as follows: first, turn the circuit breaker to the switch off state; then, turn it to the switch on state.



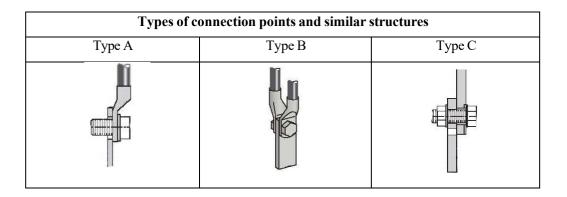
+ InCharge

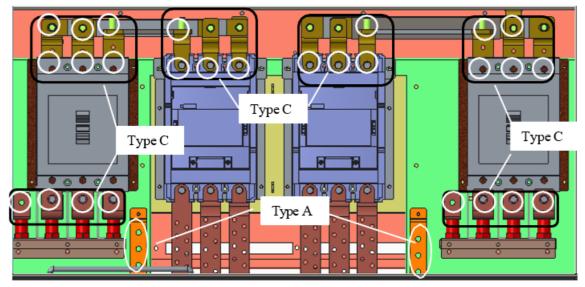
400A Frame



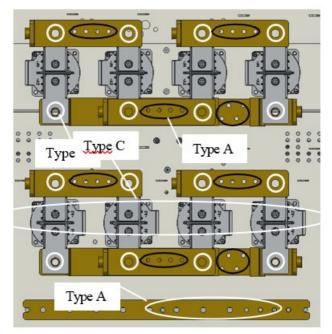
2.2) Devices and Connection Points

- Check the connection points (circle in the picture) between the main circuit components (circuit breaker, AC contactor, DC contactor, fuse) and copper bar or cable, the connection points between copper bar and copper bar, and the connector of power module for burns or serious discoloration. If any are seen, please check the torque and connection according to point 2) and replace the damaged cable.
- Check whether the screw fixing torque mark is normal. If there is any deviation, please retorque with a torque wrench and mark with a marker.

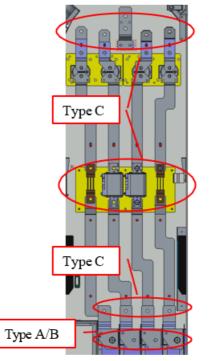




AC input side of Power Cabinet



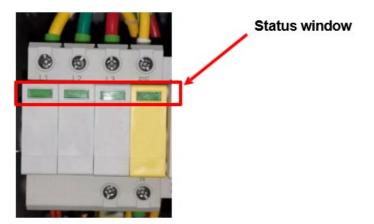
DC output side of Power Cabinet



DC side of Charging Dispenser

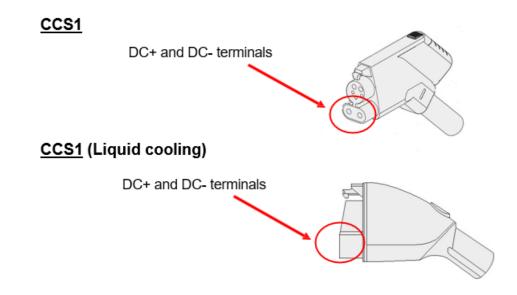
2.3) AC SPD

• Check the status window of SPD. If the window color changes from green to red, it indicates that SPD has been damaged, and the manufacturer will need to be contacted for replacement.



2.4) Charging Plug

- Check whether the charging plug is cracked or damaged. If so, please contact the manufacturer.
- Check whether the DC + and terminals of the charging plug have obvious burning marks. If so, please contact the manufacturer for treatment.
- Use a brush to remove the dust on the surface of DC + and terminals.



2.5 Cooling Fan and Filter Cotton

- Check the dust screen on both sides of the heat exchanger for dust.
- Use the fan to clean the dust on the dustproof net.
- According to the site environment, the dust net shall be effectively removed at least once every three to six months, and it shall be replaced once a year at most.
- Remove the dust screen with a screwdriver, and use a soft brush, blower and vacuum cleaner to remove the dust effectively.
- Use vacuum cleaner and soft brush cloth to effectively remove the sundries and dust in the cabinet.

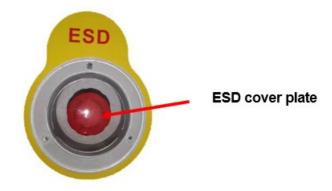


Power Cabinet dustproof net



2.6) ESD

• Check the emergency stop cover plate. If the cover plate is damaged, please contact the manufacturer for replacement.



2.7) Alarm Information

- Click "?" In the upper right corner of the screen to view the alarm information.
- If there is alarm information, it should be handled immediately. If it cannot be handled, contact the manufacturer to handle.





Appendix 4) Error Codes and Possible Solutions

ctive Al	arm	Detailed Info	Param Set 💦 🐧	Aanual Ctrl Charge	Rec H
Index	Level	Alarm Name	Source	Begin Time	Status
1	MA	Server Comm Fail	Charger System	2000/01/01 20:00:48	Started
2	MA	One or more Rectifiers Alarm	Power Modules	2021/05/15 11:54:43	Started
3	CA	Mains Fail	CCU Group	2021/05/15 11:54:45	Started
4	CA	AC input Low Voltage	CCU Group	2021/05/15 11:54:45	Started
5	CA	System Not Available	Charger System	2021/05/15 11:54:47	Started
			1/1	and the second second	

		Та	ble: Charger	Alarms	
NO.	Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Alarm Level	Description	Remark
1	1	System Not Available	CA	The system is out of service and charge is not allowed. This usually comes after other critical alarm (e.g. EPO pressed)	
2	2	System Disabled	MA	The system is out of service and charge is not allowed. This happens after system is set to 'In-operative' by service guy or back-end.	
3	4	Server Comm Fail	MA	Whether the network is not accessible or the connection between server and charger is broken. If the charger is supposed to be used offline this alarm can be ignored.	
4	5	All kWh Meter Not Installed	MA	All kWh meters are set to 'Not installed'. This means the system is not available. This alarm should not come with a normal charger unless you erased all the settings in controller Flash.	

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				The communication	
5	6	CCU Comm Fail	CA	between Upper	
				controller and pilot	
				controller failed. You	
				need check the	
				RS-232-2	
				connection to	
				eliminate it.	
				This alarm appears	
				after someone pressed	
				the EPO. Please reset	
6	7	EDO is pressed	СА	the EPO when nothing	
0	1	EPO is pressed	UA .	emergency is existed	
				to eliminate it.	
7	8	Door is opened	СА	Door should be closed.	
	, j				
8	9	SPD alarm	CA	Check the SPD device	
0	Э		CA	and replace it.	
	40			Check AC mains and	
9	10	Mains Fail Alarm	CA	the related contactor.	
				The specified connector	
				is out of service and not	
				allowed to charge. This	
				happens after the	Connector A/B shall be
					specified
				'In-operative' by service	speemed
				guy or backend.	
10	11	Connector is disabled	MA	guy of backend.	
10				The temperature	Note that this alarm does not
				measurement from	stop/prohibit charge function
				sensor is over the high	stop, promote enarge function
				limit point (default is 75	
11	12	System over temp	MA	'C)	
				This means system not	
				available. Please check	
				the work status of the	
				power modules	
12	13	All Rectifier Failure	CA	and make sure they	
	-			work properly	
				This means system not	
				available. Please check	
				the CAN wiring between	
				power modules and	
13	14	All Rectifier Comm Fail	CA	pilot controller.	
				This means the	
				specified connector will	
					Rectifier group (Dispenser
					A/B) hall be specified
				status of the specified	i s b) han de speemed
				group of power modules	
14	15	Rectifiers Failure	CA	and make	
				sure they work properly.	
				This means the	
				specified connector will	
				not be available.	
					Rectifier group (Dispenser
					A/B) be specified
				modules and pilot	is by be specified
		1			

				controller. Also, you	
				may need check the	
15	16	Rectifiers Comm Fail	CA	dipswitches of the	
	-	_		power module.	
				This means the	
				specified connector will	
				not be available.	
				Check the RS-485	
				wiring between	
16	17	Insulation Comm Fail	CA	insulation detector and	
				pilot controller.	
17	18	Output Shorted	СА	This is from Rectifiers	
17	10	Output Shorted	04	after detected the	
				internal circuit shorted	
				This is from pilot	
				controller after detected	
10	10	Inculation Alarm	C A	the insulation abnormal.	
18	19	Insulation Alarm	CA		
				This is from pilot	
				controller when the PLC	
19	20	PLC ComFail Alarm	CA	communication is	
				lost.	
				This is from pilot	
				controller after detected	
20	21	Ground Fault	CA	ground fault.	
20	<u>∠1</u>		CA	*	
		AC Fail Alarm(for AC only)		This is from pilot	
				controller after detected	
21	22		CA	AC connector	
				input fails (DI)	
				This means one or	
				more power modules in	
		One or more Rectifiers		system has failure	
		Alarm		and you need to	
22	24	Alaitti	CA	check/repair them.	
				This means the	
				controller of the liquid	
				connector cooling	
				system has lost	
				communication (RS485)	
				to pilot controller.	
				(Note: this is for the	
23	25	IMEU2(Liquid Control)	CA	liquid connector in split	
	-	Comm Fail		charger system only.)	
				This means the	
				controller of power	
				controlling (inside the	
				power cabinet) has lost	
				communication (CAN)	
				to charger main	
				controller. (Note: this is	
24	26	IMEU2(Power Control)	CA	for the split charger	
		Comm Fail		system only.)	
				This means the pump	
				has a failure in the	
				liquid connector cooling	
				system.	
				(Note: this is for the	
25	27	Liquid Alarm-Pump Fail	CA	liquid connector in split	
				charger system only.)	

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					1
				This means	
				high temperature	
				detected by liquid	
		Liquid Alarm-High			
26	28	Temperature	NA A	controller and the	
26	28		MA	ongoing charging power	
				will be derated. (Note:	
				this is for the liquid	
				connector in split	
				charger system only.)	
				This means	
				very-high-temperature	
				detected by liquid	
				controller and the	
				ongoing charging will be	
				derated or terminated.	
		Liquid Alarm-Over			
		Temperature	.	(Note: this is for the	
27	29	•	CA	liquid connector in split	
				charger system only.)	
				This means the liquid	
				controller detected that	
				the temperature	
				sensors have been all	
				failed and the liquid	
				connector may be	
				disabled unless one of	
		Liquid		the sensors is	
		•		recovered or repaired.	
28	30	Alarm-Temperature	CA		
		Sensor Fault		(Note: this is for the	
				liquid connector in split	
				charger system only.)	
				This means the pump	
				pressure has been	
				detected as abnormal	
				and the ongoing	
				charging will be derated	
				or terminated. (Note:	
29	31	Liquid Alarm-Pump	CA		
		Pressure Abnormal		this is for the liquid	
				connector in split	
				charger system only.)	
				This means the pump	
				oil level has been	
				detected as abnormal	
				and the ongoing	
				charging will be derated	
				or terminated. You need	
				to check the oil.	
30	32	Liquid Alarm-Pump Oil	CA	(Note: this is for the	
		Level Abnormal		liquid connector in split	
				charger system only.)	
				The AC mains voltage	
				is higher than the max	
31	33	AC input Over Voltage	CA	range which will cause	
51	55		CA		
				the system run	
				abnormally.	
				The AC mains voltage	
				is lower than the min	
				range which will cause	
	~ .			the system run	
32	34	AC input Low Voltage	CA	abnormally.	
		•			



]
				This means the pilot	
				controller is in	
33	36	CCU in Upgdate	OA	upgrading process and	
		Process	•••	system is temporarily	
		11000000		disabled.	
				Card Reader	
				communication is failed.	
				Check the RS-232	
34	301	CR CommFail	CA	wiring between card reader	
54	001		UN		
				and upper controller.	
				The communication	
				between upper	
				controller and specified	
				kWh meter is failed.	
				This means the	
				specified connector will	
				be out of service and	
				forbidden to charge.	
				Please check the RS-	
35	401	kWhMeterCommFail	CA	485 wiring	
				between the kWhMeter	
				and upper controller.	
				The measurement from	
				the specified kWh meter	
				is invalid. This usually	
20	400	Compled Invalid Compart	C A	happens with a	
36	402	Sampled Invalid Current	CA	reversed wiring for the	
				current shunt.	
				The HeatExchanger is	
				losing RS485	
				communication with	
				Upper controller. This	
				may be dangerous for	
07	400			the heatExchanger may	
37	403	HeatExchangerCommFail	CA	have been	
				physically damaged.	
				There are two control	
				boards, U1 and U2,	
				inside the pilot	
				controller, and their	
				communication is	
				abnormal. Please	
				ensure that their control	
38	404	U2 Comm Break	CA	dial is correct and	
				consistent, otherwise it	
				may lead	
				to charging failure	
				Communication failure	
				between pilot controller	
				and PCU, which may be	
				due to abnormal CAN	
				communication line	
				connection or abnormal	
		Communication failure		resistance value on the	
39	405	between CCU and PCU	СА	CAN bus (normally	
39	400		UA I		
				around 60	
				around 60 ohms)	



1. CA - Critical alarm MA - Major alarm OA - Observative Alarm



Stop Reason Classification	Code	Description	Remark	
Normal Stop	1	Normal Stop	Condition satisfied	
	2	EV Request Stop	EV Request Stop	
	201	Parameter configuration failed		
	202	Charging Enable timeout		
	203	Abnormal volt of outside bus		
	204	Unable lock charging connector		
	205	Insulation inspection abnormally		
	206	Insulation inspection timeout		
	207	EV Relay Pull-In timeout		
	208	Require Curr Timeout		
	209	Remain time over stop		
	210	Ring fail alarm (reserved)		
Charger Error	211	Communication with EV failed		
	212	Plugged connector timeout		
	213	Pre-Charging fault		
	214	DoorOpen		
	215	EPO		
	216	SPD		
	217	AllRectFail		
	218	MainsFailAlm		
	219	AIRectCommFail		
	220	E_LockFail		
	221	ConnectorOverTemp		
	222	OutputShortCircuit		
	223	PWM Failure		
	224	Ground Fault Detected		
	250	CR Comm Fail		

	251	kWhMeterComm Fail
	252	CCU Comm Fail
	301	Battery overvoltage
	302	Battery undervoltage
	303	Battery current deviation error
	304	High battery temperature
	305	Battery voltage deviation error
	306	Charger Connector Lock Fault
EV Error	307	Vehicle shift position
	308	Error Status Noticed by EV
	309	PLC Low Level Comm Fail
	310	PLC High Level Comm Fail
	311	PLC Authentication Timeout
	312	PLC ParamDiscovery Timeout
	401	Local Stop
	402	Server Stop
	403	Network fault
	404	Reboot
Canceled	405	DeAuthorized
	406	One-Click Stop
	407	Hard Reset
	408	Soft Reset
Other	501	Other
	2000	PCU refuse invalid cmd
PCU	2001	PCU refuse request voltage too high
	2002	refuse request current too high
	2003	has non-usable PM
	2004	has no power distribute
	2005	port fault
	2006	PCU receive gun ID abnormal
	2051-2109	PCU currently has an alarm



Appendix 5) Torque Table

C	N	NI	Dime	C
Screw specification	Normal	Normal torque	Primary	Secondary
(applicable scenario)	torque	(in-lbs)	tightening tool	tightening tool
	(kgf.cm)			
M4 (connection	12±10%	10.4±10%	Electric	torque
between DC contactor			screwdriver	screwdriver
and copper bar)				
M5 (connection	1820	15.6±10%	Electric	torque
between air			screwdriver	screwdriver
switch/lightning				
arrester and cable)				
M5 (connection	30±10%	26±10%	Electric	Cross
between copper bars			screwdriver	screwdriver or
and between cable and				torque
terminal)				screwdriver
M6 (connection	45±10%	39.1±10%	Electric	Cross
between copper bars			screwdriver	screwdriver,
and between cable				torque
terminals)				screwdriver or
				wrench
M6 (connection	45±10%	39.1±10%	Electric	Slot-type
between AC contactor			screwdriver	screwdriver and
and cable)				torque
				screwdriver
M6 (connection	45±10%	39.1±10%	Electric	Torque
between DC contactor			screwdriver	screwdriver or
and copper bar)				wrench
M8 (connection	110±10%	95.4±10%	Electric	Wrench, rocker
between copper bars			screwdriver	arm or torque
and between shunt and				wrench
copper bar)				
M8 (connection	100±10%	86.7±10%	Electric	Wrench, rocker
between DC contactor			screwdriver	arm or torque
and copper bar)				wrench
M10 (connection	220±10%	191±10%	Electric	Wrench, rocker
between copper bars			screwdriver	arm or torque
and between shunt and				wrench
copper bar)				
M12 (connection	390±10%	338.5±10%	Electric	Wrench, rocker
between copper bars)			screwdriver	arm or torque



				wrench
Screw specification (applicable scenario)	Normal torque (kgf.cm)	Normal torque (in-lbs)	Primary tightening tool	Secondary tightening tool
M4 (connection between DC contactor and copper bar)	12±10%	10.4±10%	Electric screwdriver	torque screwdriver