



ICE-600 Installation and Operation Manual



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InCharge Energy Inc.

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1.) IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Please read the operating instructions and notes carefully before starting operation to prevent accidents. The "Caution, Attention, Warning, and Danger" statements in the products and product manual do not represent all safety matters to be observed and are intended to supplement various operational safety precautions.
- During the various operations of our products and equipment, it is necessary to comply with the relevant National Safety Regulations and strictly observe the precautions and special safety instructions for the relevant equipment provided by InCharge Energy.
- Any usage of water on the charger during a charge session or during idling is a safety hazard and prohibited.

1.1) Electrical Safety

ADanger

Since some parts of this power system are under high voltage during operation, direct or indirect contact can be fatal.

- It is necessary to comply with the relevant National Safety Regulations during the installation of the Portable DC Charger. Personnel who install and maintain this equipment must be qualified to work with high DC voltage up to 1000Vdc and 3-phase AC voltage up to 500Vac.
- It is strictly forbidden to wear watches, bracelets, bangles, rings and other conductive objects on the wrist during installation and maintenance.
- If there is water inside the DC Charger enclosure, AC power and DC connector must be disconnected immediately. During operation in a humid environment, water should be strictly prevented from entering the equipment.
- During installation, it is strictly forbidden to operate the DC Charger and an "Operation prohibited" signboard must be used.

| Danger | Construction operation of high voltage lines may cause fire or electric shock. The wiring area and the area where the line passes through for AC cables must comply with national and local regulations and norms. As this device utilizes high voltages do not attempt to install this equipment if you are not a qualified electrician. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

1.2) Tools

| | Special tools must be used during various operations involving high DC |
|---------|--|
| Warning | and AC voltages. |



1.3) Thunderstorm



It is strictly forbidden to carry out live installation and maintenance work during thunderstorms.

 A strong electromagnetic field will be produced in the atmosphere during a thunderstorm. Therefore, the equipment should be well grounded to avoid damage to the equipment due to lightning strikes.

1.4) Static Electricity

| | Static electricity generated by the human body may damage |
|--------------------|---|
| | electrostatic sensitive components on the circuit boards, such as the |
| | large-scale integrated circuit (IC), etc. Before handling any patch |
| | boards, circuit boards and IC chips, it is necessary to wear an anti- |
| Esp Caution | static wrist strap with the anti-static wrist strap wire connected to |
| | Ground to avoid damage to sensitive components due to static |
| | electricity. |

1.5) Short Circuit

| | During operation, it is strictly forbidden to short-circuit the positive |
|--------|--|
| ^ | and negative of the DC Charger DC distribution or short-circuit any DC |
| Danger | distribution polarity to Ground. The DC Charger is a high voltage DC |
| Danger | power supply, and short circuit may cause damage to the DC Charger |
| | and personal safety hazards. |

- During work with High Voltage DC output, it is necessary to strictly check the polarity of cables and interface terminals.
- The space for DC power distribution work is compact and attention should be paid to planning cable routing etc. before starting any installation work.
- Insulated tools must be used.
- During live work, attention should be paid to keeping hands, arms tools etc. away from live high voltage parts to avoid accidents.

1.6) Sharp Corners of Objects

| | During the handling of equipment by hand, it is necessary to wear |
|---------|---|
| Warning | protective gloves to prevent injuries caused by sharp objects. |

1.7) Power Cable

| | Make sure that the cable label is correct before the connection of cables. |
|---------|--|
| Caution | |



1.8) Signal Cables



Signal cables should be kept away from power cables, with a minimum distance of 100mm.



2.) General Product Description

The ICE-600 Split type-high power charger is specially designed for the Operator split and multi-EV charging point application with CCS/CHAdeMO/NACS standard. The Max output is 1000V/600kW when utilizing the 500A liquid cooled cable, and each Liquid Cooled charging connector can get max 600kW power.

The following ICE-600 split system consists of one 600KW Power Cabinet (ten channels output) and five Slim Line dispenser or ten Micro-Dispensers, including standard connector 125A(CHAdeMO)/200A(CCS&NACS)/300A(CCS&NACS) and liquid-cooled connector 500A(CCS&NACS).

2.1) Main Features

- The ICE-600 can fast charge all electric vehicles compliant with combined charging system (CCS) standards.
- IP55 for the Slim Line Dispenser, IP65 for the Micro Dispenser, and IP54 for the Power Cabinet with high protection and high reliability for harsh environment, -22°F ~ 122°F (-30°C~50°C) ambient temperature full power charging.
- Easily configure the output power up to 600kW and the output voltage up to 1000V.
- The battery charging state is displayed on the HMI and the charging cycle finishes by itself or can be interrupted by user command.
- The ICE-600 is user-friendly and safe. After user identification, it only requires coupling the charger's output plug in the EV for automatic starting if all safety features are accomplished.
- Full safety function with output contactor and fuse, ESD, SPD, leakage switch, insulation detector, and software logic for multiple protection.
- LAN and LTE wireless support, RFID authorization and Mobile App payment support.
- Optional CCS standard 500A liquid cooling charging connector in the Slim Line Dispenser
- Power transfer between the 4 dispensers with each 8 connectors to improve the charging operation efficiency.
- User friendly interface with tempered glass protective 7" TFT capacitive touch screen LCD for all Slim-Line Dispensers.

3.) General Characteristics

3.1) Technical Characteristics

The ICE-600 Split Power Cabinet and Dispenser technical characteristics are indicated in Table 3-1, Table 3-2, Table 3-3, Table 3-4, and Table 3-5. "N" means Natural cooling, "L" means Liquid cooling. The following is omitted:

| Technical Data | | Description | Remarks |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---------|
| | Phases/Lines | 3 phases + P E (L1, L2, L3, + PE) WYE | |
| | Voltage | 480/277 Vac(+/-10%) | |
| | Frequency | 60Hz | |
| Nominal Input | Current | 2*380A | |
| | Power | 600kW | |
| | Power factor | ≥0.99 | |
| | System efficiency | ≥ 94.5% (Full load) | |
| | Max power | 600kW 300~1000V | |
| | Voltage range | 150 ~ 1000Vdc | |
| DC Output | Connet | 10 outputs: | |
| | Current | Each output Max 500A | |
| | Dispenser support | 5 dispensers / 10 charging connectors connection | |
| Auxiliary power | Voltage | 480Vac | |
| Output | Current | 10A | |
| | Dimensions(W*D*H) | 41.33 x 45.28 x 86.62 (in) [1050×1150×2200 (mm)] | |
| Cabinet | Weight | 1587 lbs (720 kg) (excluding power module, power module is 34lbs (15.5kg.)) | |
| | Protection Degree | NEMA 3R/IP54 | |
| Networking method | Communication | Router 4G/5G (GSM, CDMA or LTE) | |
| | Operating temperature ¹ | -13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C ~ +50°C) | |
| | Transportation/storage | -40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C ~ +70°C) | |
| | temperature | -401 +1381 (-40 C +70 C) | |
| | humidity | 5%RH ~ 95%RH | |
| | Place of installation | Indoor / Outdoor | |
| | Altitude | 6561 ft (2000m) | |
| Environmental conditions | Sound Noise | ≤65dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is 77°F / 25°C.) | |
| | Atmospheric pressure | 80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi) | |
| | AC Input Overvoltage category | III | |
| | DC Output Overvoltage category | Ι | |
| | Protection class | Class I | |

Table 3-1: Power Cabinet (IDC600K3-FMR5) Technical Characteristics



| Tec | hnical Data | Description | Remarks |
|------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| | Phases/Lines | (DC1+, DC1-) + (DC2+, DC2-) + PE | |
| | Voltage Range | Max 1000Vdc | |
| Nominal Input | Current | 500A, 200A | |
| | Power | 500kW, 200kW | |
| | System Efficiency | ≥ 99% (Full load) | |
| DC Output | Voltage | 150 ~ 1000Vdc | |
| | Current | 500A(L) | |
| CCS1(L) | Nominal Power | 500kW | |
| DC Quitaut | Voltage | 150 ~ 1000Vdc | |
| DC Output | Current | 200A(N), | |
| CCS1 | Nominal power | 200kW | |
| Auxiliary Power | Voltage | 480Vac | |
| Input | Current | 1.2A | |
| | Dimensions(W*D*H) | 19.7*10.23*70.86 in (500*260*1800 (mm)) | |
| Cabinet | Weight | 430 lbs. (195kg) | |
| | Protection Degree | IP55 | |
| | Local Interface | TFT Color touch display 7" | |
| HMI and | Communication | CAN, LAN | |
| Command | Protocol | OCPP1.6 specification | |
| Unit | | | |
| | Operating Temperature ¹ | -13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C ~ +50°C) | |
| | Transportation/Storage | -40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C ~ +70°C) | |
| | Temperature | 401 11001 (40 0 170 0) | |
| | Humidity | 5%RH ~ 95%RH | |
| | Place of Installation | Indoor / Outdoor ² | |
| Environmental | Altitude | 6561.7 ft (2000m) | |
| Conditions | Sound Noise | ≤60dB (nominal input/output power, the environment | |
| | | temperature is 77°F / 25°C.) | |
| | Atmospheric Pressure | 80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi) | |
| | Overvoltage Category | II | |
| | Protection Class | Class I | |
| Note 1: The Cha | arging Dispenser provides fu | ll output power up to 122°F (50°C), output power derating 5% (50°C). | / °C above 122°F |
| Note 2: The prot | | g Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be us water can reach the charger connector. | ed during rain or |

Table 3-2: Slim Line Dispenser (IDC500-LCD-UU2) Technical Characteristics



| Tec | hnical Data | Description | Remarks |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| | Phases/Lines | (DC1+, DC1-) +(DC2+, DC2-) + PE | |
| | Voltage Range | Max 1000Vdc | |
| Nominal Input | Current | 300A | |
| | Power | 300kW | |
| | System Efficiency | ≥ 99% (Full load) | |
| DC Output | Voltage | 150 ~ 1000Vdc | |
| · | Current | 300A | |
| CCS1 | Nominal Power | 300kW | |
| Auxiliary Power | Voltage | 480Vdc | |
| Input | Current | 0.6A | |
| | Dimensions(W*D*H) | 19.7*10.23*70.86 in (500*260*1800 (mm)) | |
| Cabinet | Weight | 407.9 lbs. (185kg) | |
| | Protection Degree | IP55 | |
| | Local Interface | TFT Color touch display 7" | |
| HMI and | Communication | CAN, LAN | |
| Command Unit | Protocol | OCPP1.6 specification | |
| | Operating Temperature ¹ | -13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C~+50°C) | |
| | Transportation/Storage | -40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C~+70°C) | |
| | Temperature | | |
| | humidity | 5%RH ~ 95%RH | |
| | Place of Installation | Indoor / Outdoor ² | |
| Environmental | Altitude | 6561.7 ft (2000m) | |
| Conditions | Sound Noise | ≤60dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is 77°F / 25°C.) | |
| | Atmospheric Pressure | 80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi) | |
| | Overvoltage Category | 11 | |
| | Protection Class | Class I | |
| Note 1: The Cha | arging Dispenser provides fu | ll output power up to 122°F (50°C), output power derating 5% (50°C). | /°C above 122°F |
| Note 2: The prote | | ng Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be us f water can reach the charger connector. | ed during rain or |

Table 3-3: Slim Line Dispenser (IDC300-FDC-UU2) Technical Characteristics



| Tec | hnical Data | Description | Remarks |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| | Phases/Lines | (DC1+, DC1-) + (DC2+, DC2-) + PE | |
| | Voltage Range | Max 1000Vdc | |
| Nominal Input | Current | 200A | |
| | Power | 200kW | |
| | System Efficiency | ≥ 99% (Full load) | |
| DC Output | Voltage | 150~1000Vdc | |
| | Current | 200A | |
| CCS1 | Nominal Power | 200kW | |
| Auxiliary Power | Voltage | 480Vdc | |
| Input | Current | 0.6A | |
| | Dimensions(W*D*H) | 19.7*10.23*70.86 in (500*260*1800 (mm)) | |
| Cabinet | Weight | 407.85 lbs. (185kg) | |
| | Protection Degree | IP55 | |
| | Local Interface | TFT Color touch display 7" | |
| HMI and | Communication | CAN, LAN | |
| Command Unit | Protocol | OCPP1.6 specification | |
| | Operating Temperature ¹ | -13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C ~ +50°C) | |
| | Transportation/Storage Temperature | -40°F ~ +185°F (-40°C ~ +70°C) | |
| | humidity | 5%RH ~ 95%RH | |
| | Place of Installation | Indoor / Outdoor ² | |
| Environmental | Altitude | 6561.68 ft (2000m) | |
| Conditions | Sound Noise | ≤60dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is (77 F) 25°C.) | |
| | Atmospheric Pressure | 80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi) | |
| | Overvoltage Category | | |
| | Protection Class | Class I | |
| Note 1: The Cha | rging Dispenser provides fu | ll output power up to 122°F (50°C), output power derating 5% (50°C). | /°C above 122°F |
| Note 2: The prot | | ng Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be us f water can reach the charger connector. | ed during rain or |

Table 3-4: Slim Line Dispenser (IDC200-FDC-UU2) Technical Characteristics

| Technical Data | | Description | Remarks |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| | Phases/Lines | (DC1+, DC1-) +(DC2+, DC2-) + PE | |
| | Voltage Range | Max 1000Vdc ,500Vdc | |
| Nominal Input | Current | 200A, 125A | |
| | Power | 200kW ,62.5kW | |
| | System Efficiency | ≥ 99% (Full load) | |
| DC Quitaut | Voltage | 150 ~ 1000Vdc | |
| DC Output | Current | 200A | |
| CCS1 | Nominal Power | 200kW | |
| DC Quiterit | Voltage | 150 ~ 500Vdc | |
| DC Output | Current | 125A | |
| CHAdeMO | Nominal Power | 62.5kW | |
| Auxiliary Power | Voltage | 480Vdc | |
| Input | Current | 0.6A | |
| · | Dimensions(W*D*H) | 19.7*10.23*70.86 in (500*260*1800 (mm)) | |
| Cabinet | Weight | 407.85 lbs. (185kg) | |
| Cubinet | Protection Degree | IP55 | |
| | Local Interface | TFT Color touch display 7" | |
| HMI and | Communication | CAN, LAN | |
| Command | Protocol | OCPP1.6 specification | |
| Unit | | | |
| | Operating Temperature ¹ | -13°F ~ +122°F (-25°C ~ +50°C) | |
| | Transportation/Storage | | |
| | Temperature | -40°F ~ +185°F (-40°C ~ +70°C) | |
| | humidity | 5%RH ~ 95%RH | |
| | Place of Installation | Indoor / Outdoor ² | |
| Environmental | Altitude | 6561.68 ft (2000m) | |
| Conditions | Sound Noise | ≤60dB (nominal input/output power, the environment | |
| | Sound Noise | temperature is 77° (25°C)). | |
| | Atmospheric Pressure | 80KPa ~ 110Kpa (11.6 psi – 16.0 psi) | |
| | Overvoltage Category | 11 | |
| | Protection Class | Class I | |
| Note 1: The Cha | arging Dispenser provides fu | ll output power up to 122 F (50°C), output power derating 5% (50°C). | / °C above 122 F |
| Note 2: The prote | | ng Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be us f water can reach the charger connector. | ed during rain or |

Table 3-5: Slim Line Dispenser (IDC200-FDC-UC2) Technical Characteristics

| Тес | hnical Data | Description | Remarks |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------|
| | Phases/Lines | (DC+,DC-) +PE | |
| | Voltage Range | Max 1000Vdc | |
| Nominal Input | Current | 400A | |
| | Power | 400kW | |
| | System Efficiency | ≥ 99% (Full load) | |
| DC Output | Voltage | 150~1000Vdc | |
| CCS2 | Current | 400A | |
| 0002 | Nominal Power | 400kW | |
| Auxiliary Power | Voltage | 480Vac | |
| Input | Current | 0.6A | |
| Cabinet | Dimensions(W*D*H) | 30.04in x 9.45in x 16.34in (763*240*415 mm) | |
| | Weight | 110lbs (50kg) | |
| | Protection Degree | IP65 | |
| O a man and the t | Local Interface | Status LED | |
| Command Unit | Communication | CAN/Ethernet | |
| | Operating Temperature ¹ | -22°F ~ +122°F (-30°C~+50°C) | |
| | Transportation/Storage Temperature | -40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C~+70°C) | |
| | humidity | 5%RH~95%RH | |
| Environmental | Place of Installation | Indoor / Outdoor ² | |
| Conditions | Altitude | 6561.68ft (2000m) | |
| Conditions | Sound Noise | ≤55dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is 25°C.) | |
| | Atmospheric Pressure | 80KPa~110KPa | |
| | Overvoltage Category | III | |
| | Protection Class | Class I | |

Table 3-6 Micro Dispenser (IDC400-FSW-U2) Technical Characteristics

Note 1: The Charging Dispenser provides full output power up to 50°C, output power derating 5% / °C above 50°C.

Note 2: The protection degree of the Charging Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be used during rain or snow if water can reach the charger connector.

| Тес | hnical Data | Description | Remarks |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------|
| | Phases/Lines | (DC1+,DC1-)+PE | |
| | Voltage Range | Max 1000Vdc | |
| Nominal Input | Current | 300A | |
| | Power | 300kW | |
| | System Efficiency | ≥ 99% (Full load) | |
| DC Output | Voltage | 150~1000Vdc | |
| CCS1 | Current | 300A | |
| 0001 | Nominal power | 300kW | |
| Auxiliary Power | Voltage | 480Vac | |
| Input | Current | 0.6A | |
| | Dimensions(W*D*H) | 30.04in x 9.45in x 16.34in (763*240*415 mm) | |
| Cabinet | Weight | 105.8lbs (48kg) | |
| | Protection Degree | IP65 | |
| Command Unit | Local Interface | Status LED | |
| | Communication | CAN/Ethernet | |
| | Operating Temperature ¹ | -22°F ~ +122°F (-30°C~+50°C) | |
| | Transportation/Storage Temperature | -40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C~+70°C) | |
| | Humidity | 5%RH~95%RH | |
| Environmental | Place of Installation | Indoor / Outdoor ² | |
| Conditions | Altitude | 6561.68ft (2000m) | |
| Conditions | Sound Noise | ≤55dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is 25°C.) | |
| | Atmospheric Pressure | 80KPa~110KPa | |
| | Overvoltage Category | III | |
| | Protection Class | Class I | |
| - | | itput power up to 50°C, output power derating 5% / °C above 50 Dispenser is IP55. But for charging safety it should not be used | |

Table 3-7 Micro Dispenser (IDC300-FSW-U2) Technical Characteristics

| Тес | hnical Data | Description | Remarks |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------|
| | Phases/Lines | (DC1+,DC1-)+PE | |
| | Voltage Range | Max 1000Vdc | |
| Nominal Input | Current | 200A | |
| | Power | 200kW | |
| | System Efficiency | ≥ 99% (Full load) | |
| DC Output | Voltage | 150~1000Vdc | |
| CCS1 | Current | 200A | |
| 0001 | Nominal Power | 200kW | |
| Auxiliary Power | Voltage | 480Vac | |
| Input | Current | 0.6A | |
| Cabinet | Dimensions(W*D*H) | 30.04in x 9.45in x 16.34in (763*240*415 mm) | |
| | Weight | 97lbs (44kg) | |
| | Protection Degree | IP65 | |
| Command Unit | Communication | CAN,LAN | |
| | Communication | CAN/Ethernet | |
| | Operating Temperature ¹ | -22°F ~ +122°F (-30°C~+50°C) | |
| | Transportation/Storage Temperature | -40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C~+70°C) | |
| | humidity | 5%RH~95%RH | |
| Environmental | Place of Installation | Indoor / Outdoor ² | |
| Conditions | Altitude | 6561.68ft (2000m) | |
| Conditions | Sound Noise | ≤55dB (nominal input/output power, the environment temperature is 25°C.) | |
| | Atmospheric Pressure | 80KPa~110KPa | |
| | Overvoltage Category | III | |
| | Protection Class | Class I | |
| Note 1: The Charg | ing Dispenser provides full out | put power up to 50°C, output power derating 5% / °C above 50 | J°C. |

Table 3-8 Micro Dispenser (IDC200-FSW-U2) Technical Characteristics



3.2) Model Description

| Model | Configuration | Remarks |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| IDC600K3-FMR5 | 10 charging connectors connection | 600kW |
| IDC500-LDC-UU2 | CCS1(L)+CCS1 | 500kW+200kW |
| IDC300-FDC-UU2 | CCS1+CCS1 | 300kW+300kW |
| IDC200-FDC-UU2 | CCS1+CCS1 | 200kW+200kW |
| IDC200-FDC-UC2 | CCS1+CHAdeMO | 200kW+200kW |
| IDC400-FSW-U2 | CCS1 | 400kW |
| IDC300-FSW-U2 | CCS1 | 300kW |
| IDC200-FSW-U2 | CCS1 | 200kW |

Table 3-9: ICE-600 System Models

- The ICE-600 System supports multiple terminal combinations, and the above configuration table is the most classic configuration.
- For all non-standardized combinations, please refer to the InCharge Energy Spec Sheet for the ICE-600 Split System

3.3) Standards

The ICE-600 Split DC Charger complies with the following standards:

- IEC 61851-1 2017: Electric vehicle conductive charging system. Part 1: General Requirements
- IEC 61851-23 2014: Electric vehicle conductive charging system Part 23: DC electric vehicle charging station
- IEC 61851-24 2014: Electric vehicle conductive charging system Part 24: Digital communication between a DC EV charging station and an electric vehicle for control of DC charging
- EN 61851-1 2019: Electric vehicle conductive charging system. Part 1: General Requirements
- EN 61851-23 2014: Electric vehicle conductive charging system Part 23: DC electric vehicle charging station
- EN 61851-24 2014: Electric vehicle conductive charging system Part 24: Digital communication between a DC EV charging station and an electric vehicle for control of DC charging
- UL 2202: Standard for Safety for Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging System Equipment
- CSA 22.2: Power Conversion Equipment
- UL 2202:2009 R2.18: STANDARD FOR SAFETY Electric Vehicle (EV)Charging System Equipment
- UL 2231-2 R08.16: STANDARD FOR SAFETY Personnel Protection Systems for Electric Vehicle (EV) Supply Circuits: General Requirements



 UL 2231-1 R08.16: STANDARD FOR SAFETY Personnel Protection Systems for Electric Vehicle (EV) Supply Circuits: Requirements for Protection Devices for Use in Charging System.



4.) Product Parts Presentation

The ICE-600 Split DC Charging System is composed of Power Cabinet and Charging Dispensers. The System can be installed indoors or outdoors. However, when installed outdoors and used during inclement weather (snow/rain), caution should be used when performing charging as water can reach the charging connector.

The ICE-600 separate DC charging system series of fast DC chargers have various possible output combinations, as shown in Figures 4.1, 4.2, and 4.3:



Figure 4.1 External View (Example: 10 connectors / 5 Slimline Dispenser system)

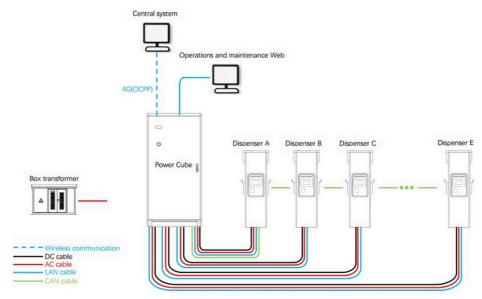


Figure 4.2 system Connection Diagram with all Slim Line Dispenser

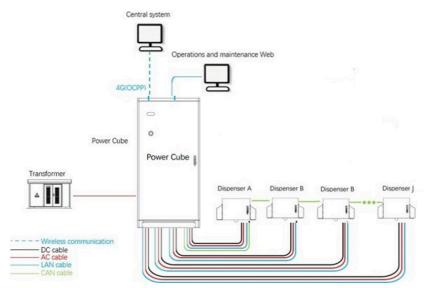


Figure 4.3 System Connection Diagram with All Micro Dispenser



5.) Installation

5.1) Safety and Compliance

The working voltage and current inside the charging system is very high. The following rules should always be observed to ensure personal safety:

- Only personnel who have received training for and fully mastered the knowledge of the charging system can complete installation. During installation, always observe the safety precautions mentioned in this document and all relevant National Safety Regulations.
- It is necessary to make sure that the charging system DC output is disconnected in case of operation inside the charging system. The main inputs of the charging system must also be disconnected.

5.2) Grounding Instructions

An equipment grounding conductor, or a grounded, metal, and permanent wiring system is required for the ICE-600 charger connection. This should be run with circuit conductors and connected to the equipment grounding bar or lead on the ICE-600 charger.

5.3) Unboxing and Visual Inspection

- Check if the exterior packaging has been damaged by mechanical impacts or any accidents during transportation.
- If applicable, check that the exterior panels of the ICE-600 are without fault.
- Check if the interior of the Quick Charger Station is clean.
- Check if the door of the Quick Charger Station is working properly.
- Check for a proper Quick Charger Station protective ground connection point, which should be interconnected with the low voltage switchboard ground connection during the installation.

5.4) Assembly/Placing Instructions

- As shown in Figures 5.2 and 5.3, the concrete foundation should be made, and the height of the base should not be less than 7.9 in (200 mm).
- It is recommended to reserve a Φ 90 plastic pipe at the cable entrance, and the height of the pipe extending out of the foundation horizontal plane shall not be more than 3.15 in (80mm).
- As shown in Figure 5.2, mark the installation holes of four M12 expansion bolts on the concrete foundation.
- Drill 4 holes on the concrete foundation, select the hammer drill bit of Φ 16mm type, and use the percussion drill to drill the holes perpendicular to the ground at the above marked hole position, with the drilling depth of 2.36 ~ 3.15 in (60mm ~ 80mm).



- Use four M12 × 60 expansion bolts equipped with attached accessories, slightly tighten the bolts, vertically put them into the hole, and knock them with a rubber hammer until all the expansion pipes enter the installation hole.
- Screw off the bolt, spring pad and flat pad in turn counterclockwise.

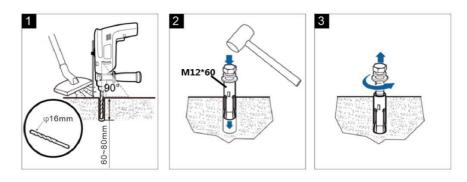
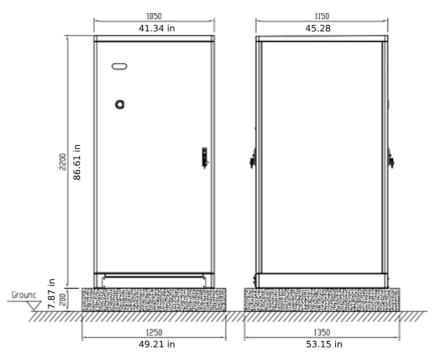


Figure 5.1 Expansion Bolt Fixing of Concrete Foundation

5.4.1) Preparation of Concrete Foundation



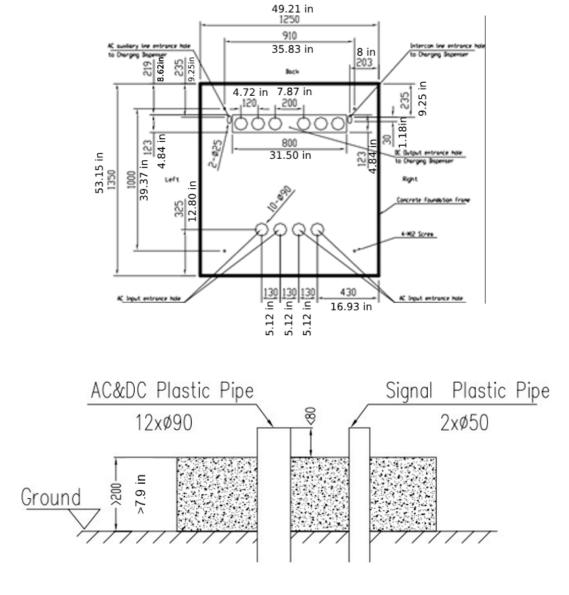
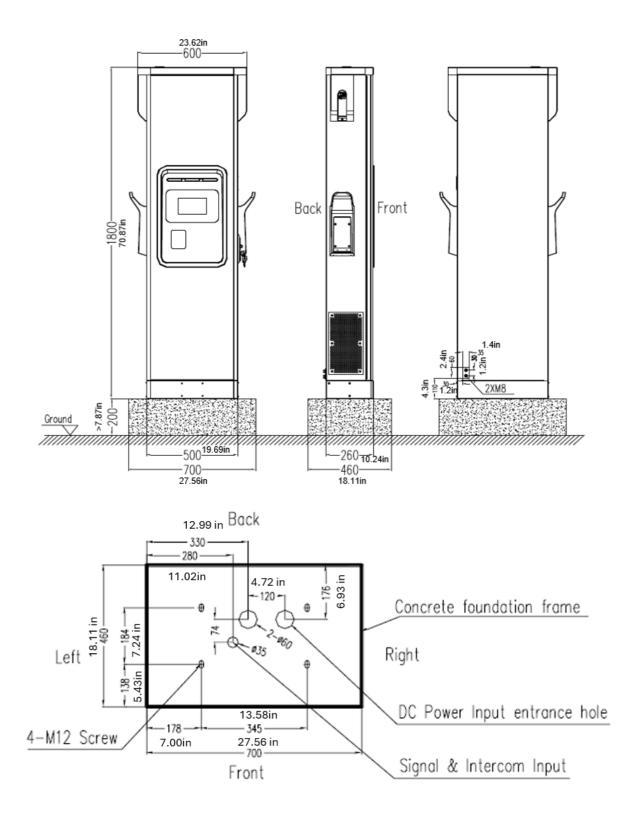


Figure 5.2 Power Cabinet Concrete Foundation View



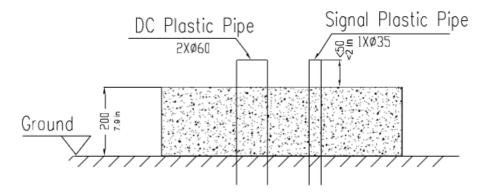


Figure 5.3 Slim Line Dispenser Concrete Foundation View

5.4.2) Power Cabinet and Dispenser Installation

5.4.2.1) Power Cabinet Installation

- The protective covers on both sides of the steel base of the cabinet can be removed, and the cabinet can be transported to the concrete foundation by forklift.
- Align the installation hole of the cabinet base and fix the cabinet on the concrete foundation with M12*60 expansion bolts at a torque value of 28.40 ft-lbs

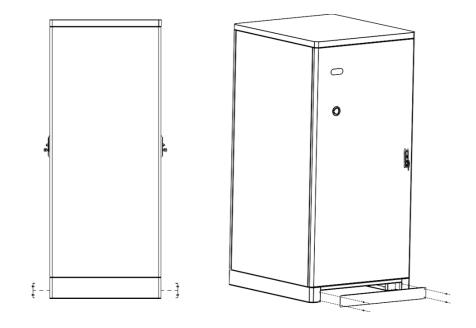
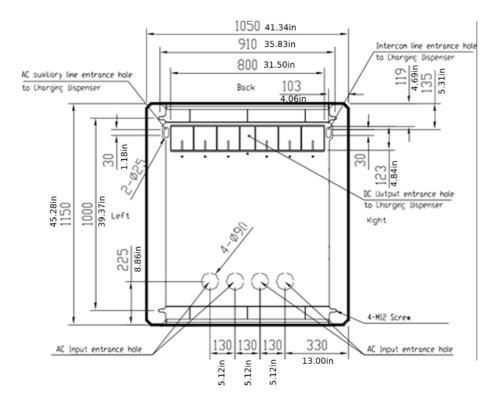
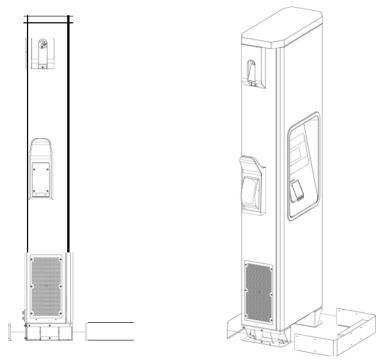


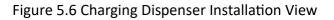
Figure 5.4 Power Cabinet Installation View





5.4.2.2) Slim Line Dispenser Installation





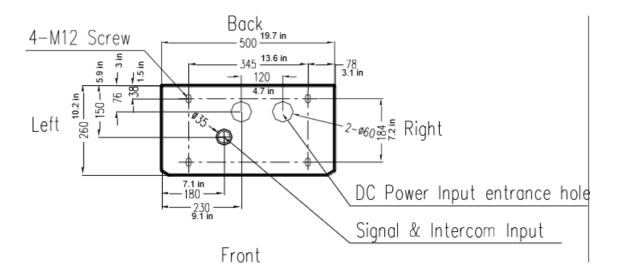


Figure 5.7 Charging Dispenser Top View

5.4.2.3) Micro Dispenser Wall Mount Installation

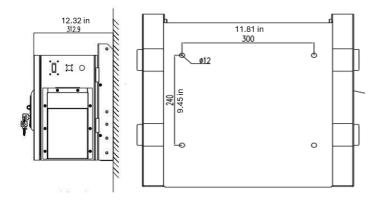


Figure 5.8 Micro Dispenser Mounted on Wall

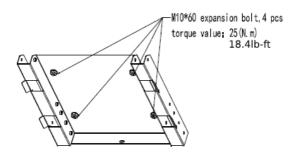




Figure 5.8.1 Micro Dispenser Wall Mount Bracket

Drill holes into the wall based on the dimensions of the bracket shown in figure 5.8.
 Secure the bracket onto the wall with four M10*60 bolts and torque them down to the specified value.

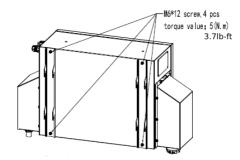
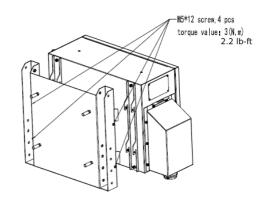
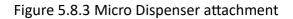


Figure 5.8.2 Micro Dispenser adapter brackets

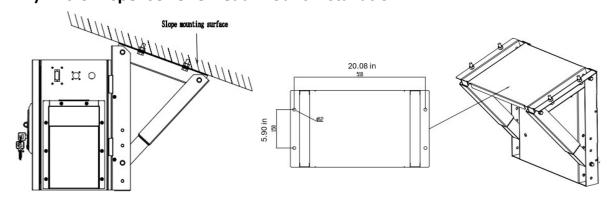
 Secure the two brackets onto the back of the Micro Dispenser utilizing four M6*12 bolts.





 Lift and place the micro dispenser onto the wall mount bracket. Once placed, secure in place with four M5*12 bolts.

5.4.2.4) Micro Dispenser Overhead Mount Installation





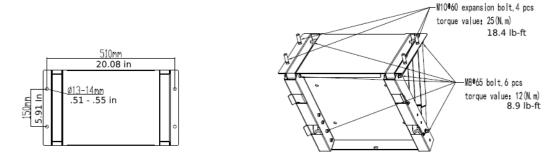


Figure 5.9 Dispenser Mounted on A Steel Frame or Gantry

Figure 5.9.1 Micro Dispenser Gantry Mount Bracket

Drill holes into the wall based on the dimensions of the bracket shown in figure 5.9.
 Secure the bracket onto the wall with four M10*60 bolts and torque them down to the specified value.

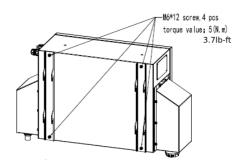


Figure 5.9.2 Micro Dispenser adapter brackets

 Secure the two brackets onto the back of the Micro Dispenser utilizing four M6*12 bolts.

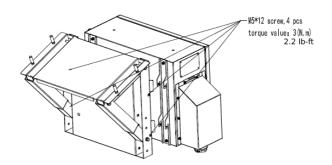


Figure 5.10 Micro Dispenser Gantry Mount

Installation on angled overhead support : As shown in the figure 5.11 : Firstly, combined with the slope of the parking gantry, adjust the installation support angle so that the installed terminal is perpendicular to the ground. (Installation supports four angle adjustments: 0°, 10°, 20°, and 30°, to adapt to different gantry slopes). Then, use the combination bolts to install the Installing support in the corresponding



position on the Parking sheet. Simultaneously install the Cabinet wall pendant on the charging dispenser. Finally, affix the charging dispenser onto the Installing Support.

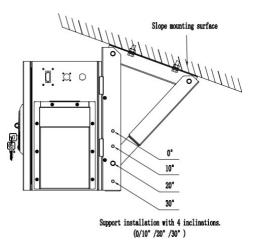


Figure 5.11 Diagram of Adjustment Angle of The Installation Plate

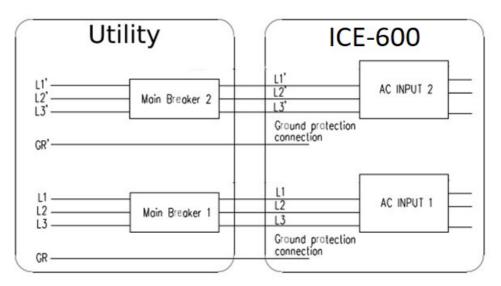


5.4.3) Power and Signal Cable Connections

Notes: System cable connection see Appendix 3 for the electrical connection of the 600kW Split System. The communication distance between the system cabinets shall be less than 50m.

5.4.3.1) Connection Power Cabinet AC Input Cable

 Power Cabinet AC input wiring: two sets of AC input, using four-core cables, 3 phases + protective grounding as shown in Figure 5.12





Note:

Neutral Wiring is Optional and not Required

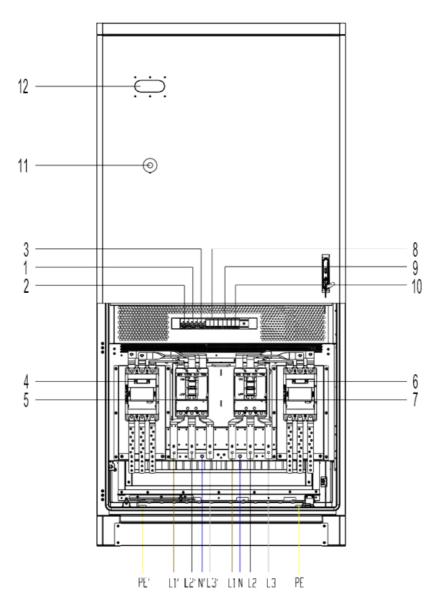
| NO. | The section for AC feed cables | Amperage at 480Vac | Max. Power of charger | Specification of terminal screw | Reserved length inside cabinet | Wiring diagram | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|--|
| | (AC INPUT1) 3*240mm2+2*120mm2 | 380A | 600kW | L1/L2/L3/ is M12 PE is M10 | 31.5 in (0.8m) | Figure 5.8 | |
| 1 | (AC INPUT2) 3*240mm2+2*120mm2 | 380A | OUUKVV | L1/L2/L3/ is M12 PE is M10 | 31.5 in (0.8m) | 0 | |
| Aluminum conductors may be used in place of copper conductors. Ensure to properly size and install per National | | | | | | | |
| Electrical Code/Local Codes | | | | | | | |

Notes:

- The AC feed power cables should be no less than 90°C (194 F) temperature resistant grade.
- The protective MCCB must be installed on the customer's distribution cabinet, and the upper MCCB capacity shall not be less than 1.25 times the input current.



- It is recommended that the upper MCCB should not be equipped with RCD function.
- This system is to be connected to a grounded, metal, permanent wiring system; or an equipment-grounding conductor is to be run with circuit conductors and connected to equipment-grounding terminal or lead on battery charger.
- Before electrical connection, all switches shall be placed in the disconnection position.



| 1 | 1QFP | Auxiliary Power 1 for Power Cube | | | |
|---|------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2 | 2QFP | Auxiliary Power 2 for Power Cube | | | |
| 3 | 3QFP | Auxiliary Power for Dispenser | | | |
| 4 | 1QF | AC Input MCCB 2 | | | |
| 5 | 1KMA | Main contactor 2 | | | |
| 6 | 2QF | AC Input MCCB 1 | | | |



| 7 | 2KMA | Main contactor 1 | | | |
|----|------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| 8 | 1SPD | AC SPD 1 | | | |
| 9 | 2SPD | AC SPD 2 | | | |
| 10 | 3SPD | AC SPD 3 | | | |
| 11 | ESD | Emergency Shutdown Device | | | |
| 12 | LED | Light emitting diode | | | |

| Figure 5.13 | Power | Cabinet | AC | Input |
|---------------|-------|----------|----|-------|
| 1 901 0 01 20 | | Cabillet | | pac |

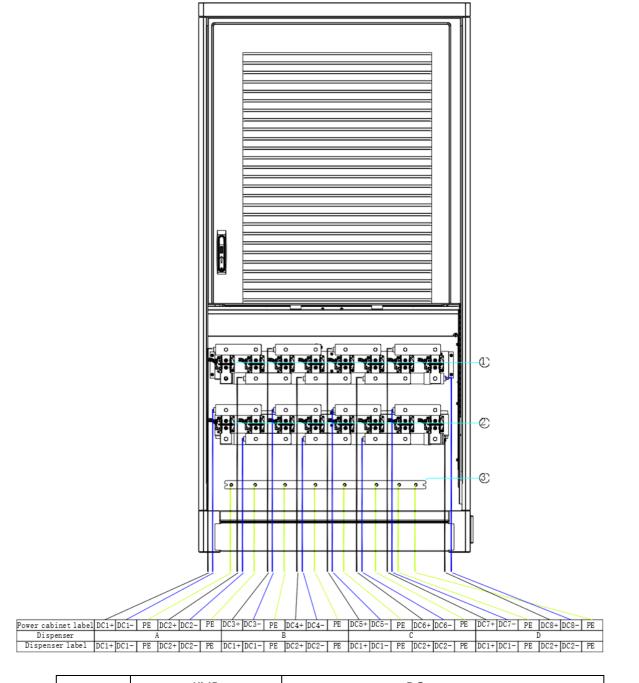
5.4.3.2 Connection of Power Cables

 It is recommended to select the connection cable between the Power Cube and the Dispensers according to the requirements in Table 5-2. Connect the power cable between the power Cabinet and the Dispenser as shown in the following diagram 5.14 and diagrams 5.15 and 5.16.

| NO | Name of Connector | The section for DC feed cables | Amperage | Specification of terminal screw | Reserved length Power Cabinet | Reserved length Dispenser | Wiring diagram |
|----|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | | 2*0.37 in2(240mm2) | 500A,1000V | (DC1+, DC1-) is M10 | 1m (39.37 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | |
| 2 | Dispenser A DC | 2*0.11 in2 (70mm2) | 200A,1000V | (DC2+, DC2-) is M10 | 1m (39.37 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | Figure 5.14 or 5.15 |
| 3 | Input | 0.78 in2 (50mm2) | / | PE is M8 | 0.5m (19.68 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | 01 5.15 |
| 4 | | 2*0.15 in2 (95mm2) | 300A,1000V | (DC1+, DC1-) is M10 | 1m (39.37 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | |
| 5 | Dispenser B DC Input | 2*0.15 in2 (95mm2) | 300A,1000V | (DC2+, DC2-) is M10 | 1m (39.37 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | Figure 5.14 or 5.15 |
| 6 | | 0.78 in2 (50mm2) | / | PE is M8 | 0.5m (19.68 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | |
| 7 | | 2*0.11 in2 (70mm2) | 200A,1000V | (DC5+, DC5-) is M10 | 1m (39.37 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | |
| 8 | Dispenser C DC Input | 2*0.11 in2 (70mm2) | 200A,1000V | (DC6+, DC6-) is M10 | 1m (39.37 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | Figure 5.14 or 4.15 |
| 9 | | 0.78 in2 (50mm2) | / | PE is M8 | 0.5m (19.68 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | 0 |
| 10 | | 2*0.11 in2 (70mm2) | 200A,1000V | (DC1+, DC1-) is M10 | 1m (39.37 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | |
| 11 | Dispenser D DC Input | 2* 0.78 in2 (50mm2) | 125A,500V | (DC2+, DC2-) is M10 | 1m (39.37 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | Figure 5.14 or 5.15 |
| 12 | | 0.78 in2 (50mm2) | / | PE is M8 | 0.5m (19.68 in) | 43.31 in (1.1m) | 0.0.20 |
| 13 | Dispenser E | 2*120mm2 | 400A,1000V | (DC1+,DC1-)is M10 | 1m | 1.1m | Figure 5.16 |
| 14 | DC Input | 50mm2 | / | PE is M8 | 0.5m | 1.1m | 0 |
| 15 | Dispenser F | 2*95mm2 | 300A,1000V | (DC1+,DC1-)is M10 | 1m | 1.1m | Figure 5.16 |
| 16 | DC Input | 50mm2 | / | PE is M8 | 0.5m | 1.1m | |
| 17 | Dispenser G | 2*70mm2 | 200A,1000V | (DC1+,DC1-)is M10 | 1m | 1.1m | Figure 5.16 |
| 18 | DC Input | 50mm2 | / | PE is M8 | 0.5m | 1.1m | 0 |

Table 5-2 Selection of Cables from Power Cabinet to Dispenser

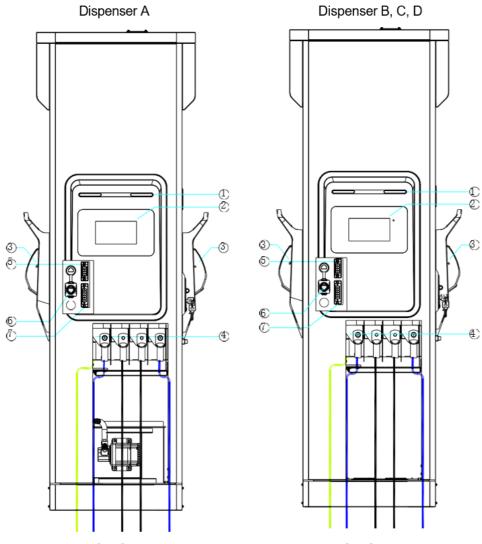
| 19 | Auxiliary power input of Charging Dispenser | 2*0.0038 in2 (2.5mm2) | 1.2A,480V | L1/L2 is E2510 | 1m (39.37 in) | 1m (39.37 in) | Figure 5.17, 5.18, 5.21, or 5.24 |
|----|---|-----------------------------------|-----------|---|----------------|---------------|--|
| 20 | Can communication cable | UL2464 22AWG 2C With shielding | / | CANH/CANL is E0510 | 1m (39.37 in) | 1m (39.37 in) | Figure 5.17, 5.18, 5.20 or 5.22 |
| 21 | LAN communication of Charging Dispenser | 2*CAT6 shielded network cable | / | Upper and Pilot controller LAN is RJ45 | 3m (118.11 in) | 78.74 in (2m) | Figure 5.17, 5.18, 5.19 or 5.23 |



| Image: Descent and the second secon |
|---|
|---|

| 2 | KMD | DC contactor |
|---|-----|----------------------|
| 3 | PE | Grounding copper bar |

Figure 5.14 Power Cabinet DC Output



PE DC2- DC2+ DC1+ DC1-

PE DC2- DC2+ DC1+ DC1-

| 1 | LED | Light emitting diode |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 2 | LCD | Touch screen |
| 3 | CCS1/CCS2 | Charging Connector |
| 4 | DC | DC input copper bar |
| 5 | J1 | Auxiliary power supply |
| 6 | ETH | Network interface |
| 7 | J2 | Communication signal connector |

Figure 5.15 Dispenser DC Output

Micro Dispenser E, F, G

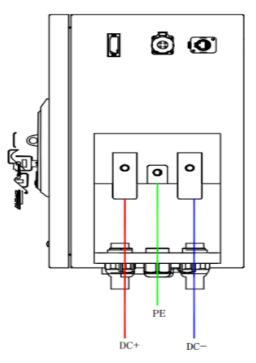


Figure 5.16 Dispenser DC Input

5.4.3.3) Connection of Signal Cables (Slim Line Dispenser)

• The Signal and Auxiliary power connection between Power Cabinet and the Slim Line Dispenser are shown in Figure 5.17 and Cable selection according to table 5-2.

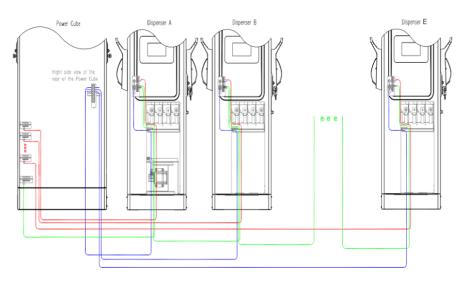


Figure 5.17 Power Cabinet auxiliary power supply and signal cable connection diagram for Slim Line Dispenser.

5.4.3.4) Connection of Signal Cables (Micro Dispenser)

 The Signal and Auxiliary power connection between Power Cabinet and the Micro Dispenser are shown in Figure 5.18 and Cable selection according to table 5-2.

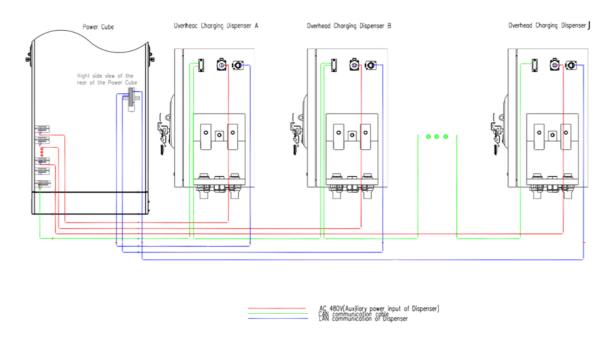


Figure 5.18 Power Cube auxiliary power supply and signal cable connection diagram

5.4.3.5) Connection of Network Cable (Slim Line Dispenser)

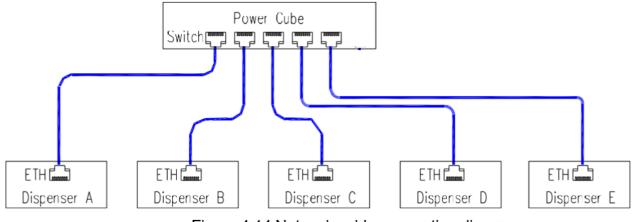


Figure 4.14 Network cable connection diagram

Figure 5.19 Network cable connection diagram for Slim Line Dispensers

5.4.3.6) Connection of Signal Cable (Slim Line Dispenser)

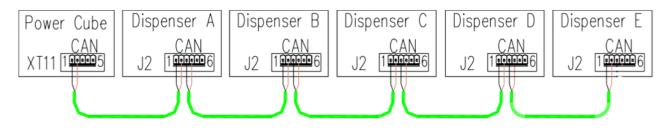
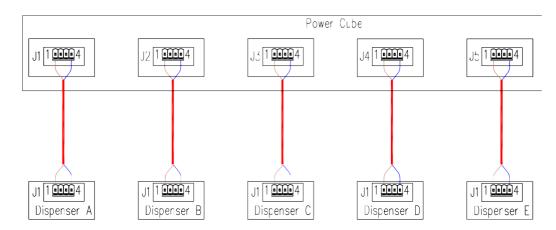


Figure 5.20 Signal cable connection diagram for Slim Line Dispensers





5.4.3.7) Auxiliary Power Cable Connection (Slim Line Dispenser)

Figure 5.21 Power Cabinet and Dispenser Auxiliary power connection diagram for Slim Line Dispensers

5.4.3.8) Connection of Signal Cable (Micro Dispenser)



Figure 5.22 Signal cable connection diagram for Micro Dispenser

5.4.3.9) Connection of Signal Cable (Micro Dispenser)

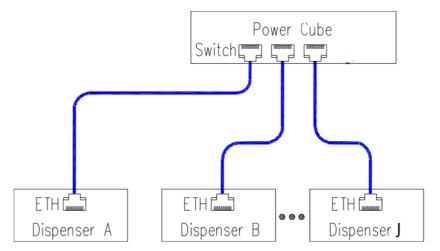
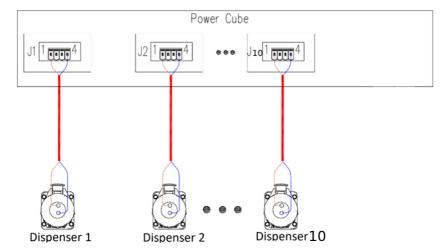


Figure 5.23 Network cable connection diagram for Micro Dispenser



5.4.3.10) Auxiliary Power Cable Connection (Micro Dispenser)

Figure 5.24 Power Cabinet and Dispenser Auxiliary power connection diagram for Micro Dispensers

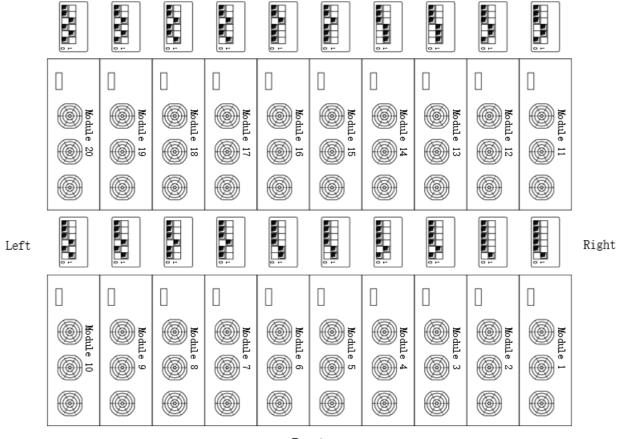
5.4.4) Power Module Installation

- Slim Line Dispenser: For the ICE-600 split type ten connector/five dispenser system, the charging modules are divided into ten sets of modules. Dispenser A utilizes two sets of modules, with dialing numbers of 1 and 2 respectively; Dispenser B utilizes two sets of modules, with dialing numbers of 3 and 4 respectively; Dispenser C utilizes two sets of modules, with dialing codes of 5 and 6 respectively; Dispenser D utilizes two sets of modules, with dialing of 7 and 8 respectively; Dispenser E utilizes two sets of modules, with dialing of 7 and 8 respectively.
- Micro Dispenser: For the ICE-600 split type ten connector/ten dispenser system, the charging modules are divided into ten sets of modules. Dispenser A utilizes one set of modules, with dialing numbers of 1; Dispenser B utilizes one set of modules, with dialing numbers of 2; Dispenser C utilizes one set of modules, with dialing codes of 3; etc. Each Dispenser will be addressed its own set of modules in order.
- As shown in the following figure 5.25 and 5.26 below:



Dial Switch, Left High, Right Low

Figure 5.25 Front view of Power Module



Front

Figure 5.26 Power Cabinet front view of Power Modules



The Power Module is heavy. Please be careful when moving the module. If the system is configured to less than 600kW output power, then some power modules will be removed. The empty power module slots must be covered by blanking plates. Otherwise, the system thermal management will not function correctly.

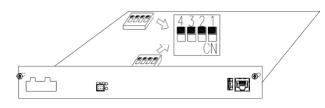


5.5) Controller Setting

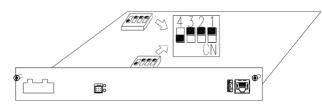
Notes: Power Cabinet and Charging Dispenser Controller address settings. See Appendix 2 for the electrical connection of the 480kW split system.

5.5.1) Address Settings

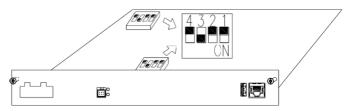
- The ADD of the controller marked as "IMSU-X" in the Power Cabinet does not require an address to be set.
- The dispensers are addressed in a series layout, and the first dispenser in the line will be Dispenser A. Complete the address settings below. Once complete, make your way to the next dispenser set the address accordingly. Follow this address setting process for all remaining dispensers in the system.
- The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X" in Dispenser A should be set to 0, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to OFF, pin3 set to OFF, and pin4 set to OFF.



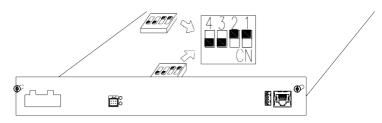
 The ADD of the controller labeled " IMSU-X " in Dispenser B should be set to 1, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to OFF, pin3 set to OFF, and pin4 set to ON.



 The ADD of the controller labeled " IMSU-X " in Dispenser C should be set to 2, pin1 set to OFF, pin set to OFF, pin3 set to ON, and pin4 set to OFF.

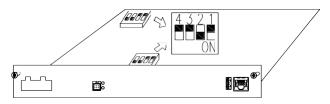


 The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X " in Dispenser D should be set to 3, pin1 set to OFF, pin2 set to OFF, pin3 set to ON, and pin4 set to ON.

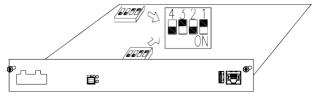




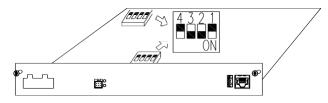
 The ADD of the controller labeled " IMSU-X " in the Dispenser E should be set to 4, pin1 is set toOFF, pin2 is set to ON, pin3 is set to OFF, pin4 is set to OFF



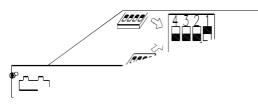
• The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X" in the Dispenser F should be set to 5, pin1 is set toOFF, pin2 is set to ON, pin3 is set to OFF, pin4 is set to ON.



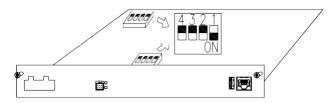
• The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X " in the Dispenser G should be set to 6, pin1 is setto OFF, pin2 is set to ON, pin3 is set to ON, pin4 is set to OFF.



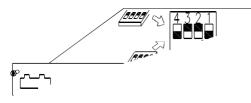
 The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X " in the Dispenser H should be set to 7, pin1 is set toOFF, pin2 is set to ON, pin3 is set to ON, pin4 is set to ON.



 The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X " in the Dispenser I should be set to 8, pin1 is set to ON, pin2 is set to OFF, pin3 is set to OFF, pin4 is set to OFF.



 The ADD of the controller labeled "IMSU-X " in the Dispenser J should be set to 9, pin1 is set toON, pin2 is set to OFF, pin3 is set to OFF, pin4 is set to ON.





5.5.2) Resistance Setting

- The CAN communication line between the Dispensers is connected in a hand in hand manner. A 120 Ω resistor needs to be retained on the monitoring IMSU-X-CAN3 of the last Dispenser D, while the remaining CAN3 resistors of Dispenser A, Dispenser B, and Dispenser C are removed to ensure that the CAN bus is 60 Ω.
- Remove the CAN3 resistors from four Dispensers A, B, C, D. As shown in Figure 5.27. Move the jumper to pins 2 and 3.

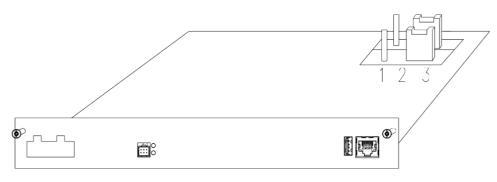


Figure 5.27 Resistance Setting Diagram

Dispenser E requires the jumper to be placed on pins 1 and 2. As shown in Figure 5.28:

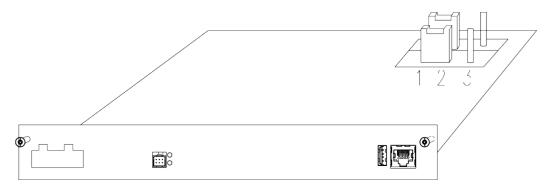
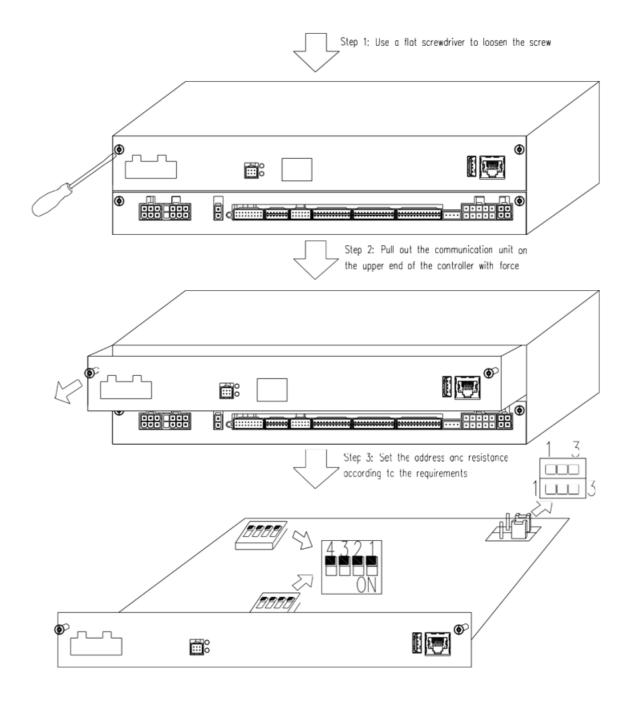


Figure 5.28 Resistance Setting Diagram

• Controller Dialing and resistance settings are shown in figure 5.29

Note: The CAN resistor jumper on pins 1 & 2 is installed on the last dispenser in the system. All other dispensers, the jumpers must be set on pins 2 & 3.

+ InCharge...





+ InCharge...

6.) Adding Cooling Liquid

6.1) Charging Dispenser Cold Source Description

 Liquid cooling system by the pump, reservoir, hoses, radiator, fan, pressure sensors, temperature sensors, liquid level alarm switch, drive controller, etc., As shown in Figure 6.1 below

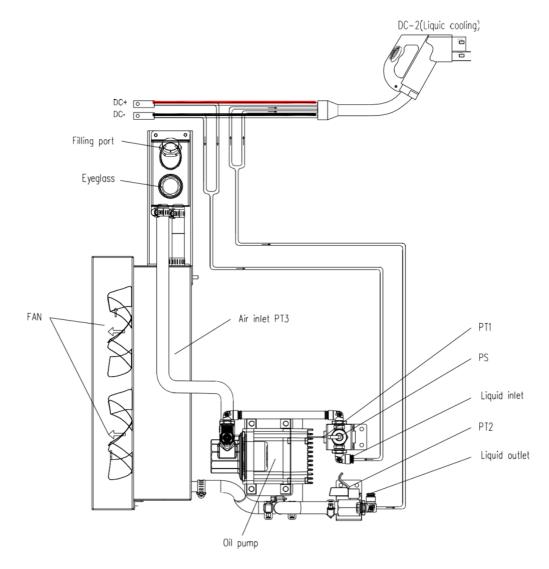


Figure 6.1 Schematic diagram of cold source of the Slim Line Dispenser



6.2) Liquid Cooled Cable System

 The cable system consists of connector no.1, cable no.2, cable fixture no.3, terminal to power supply no.4, ground wire no.5, pipes for coolant no.6, sensor and communication wires no.7. The cable system is fully assembled and only must be connected to the charging station. As shown in Figure 6.2 below:

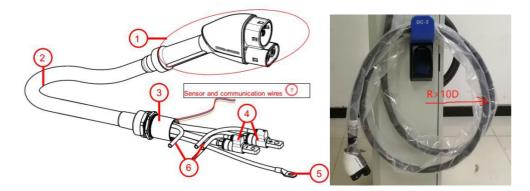


Figure 6.2 Schematic diagram of CCS1 liquid cooling connector

Notes

- There is a coolant pipe inside the liquid cooling connector. Users should ensure the minimum bending radius during charging R>10D.
- CCS liquid cooling connector: 10D = 10*1.2 = 12in (10*31.5 = 315mm)
- GBT liquid cooling connector: 10D= 10*1.6 = 16in (10*40=400mm)

6.3) Adding Liquid Step

- Prepare a funnel and a 5L (1.32 Gal) measuring cup, 6L (1.60 Gal) of silicone oil specified by the manufacturer.
 - Note: Huber silicone oil shall be used for CCS connector and 8025 Coolant oil shall be used for GBT liquid cooling connector. The two must not be mixed!



 Remove the fixing screws of the protective filter on the front of the charging terminal 6pcs*M4.

Funnel filling port

Figure 6.3 Front view of Dispenser

- Open the cooling source filling port bolt.
- Introduce 2200mL (0.60 Gal) of silicone oil into the measuring cup, add it to the fuel tank twice, add 1600mL to the fuel tank for the first time (always observe the oil level and stop adding liquid when the oil is below the high liquid level visual window), and tighten the filling port bolt.
- Once the system is powered on (see section 7), conduct the manual running of the liquid cooling system in each dispenser (as applicable). Perform the liquid cooling system oil circuit test. Observe that there is no leakage in the oil circuit and the oil pressure of the charging interface is normal (about 0.6~0.7Mpa). Ensure the oil temperature of connector is normal and it runs stably for 30 minutes. After the oil level is lower than the high liquid level sight window, open the cold source liquid filling port and add approximately 600mL (0.16 Gal) of silicone oil to the oil tank until you can see the level in the sight window. Ensure the oil level does not go above the high liquid level sight window. Tighten the liquid filling port cap. Turn off oil pump.
- Note 1: See Section 7 (START-UP) for powering on system. See Section 8 for Charging Dispenser startup and touch screen parameter settings.
 - Note: If the oil pressure is too low or 0 during the operation of the oil pump, please see if the oil pipe connection is in place or inspect for any kinked piping.
- Finally, install the protective filter on the front of the Charging Dispenser, and the cold source system is filled with liquid.

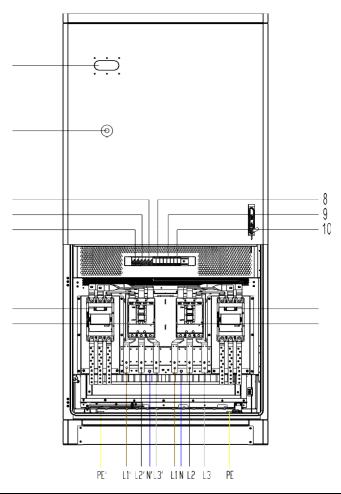
7.) Start Up

7.1) Verification and Inspection

- Check if the bolts of the AC and protective ground cables of the ICE-600 are correctly tightened to the specified torque
- Check the resistance between the ICE-600 protective ground and the low voltage switchboard ground connection; the value must be according to local codes.
- Grid AC with L1/L2/L3/PE wiring or DC+/DC-/PE wiring for DC input.
- Power modules panel address setting is correct.
- Before switching ON all the fuses and circuit breakers, check the supply voltage between lines: it must be 480V ± 10% 60Hz.

7.2) Switch On

- Grid AC input connection wiring (L1, L2, L3, PE) to Main breaker
- Check all switches in the system are off (System Main breaker, AC output breaker, Aux power input breaker).
- Install the power modules as needed. If there is an empty slot, a blank plate must be installed to cover the empty slot for proper air flow inside the Power Cabinet.
- Turn AC Grid power on, then check input voltages at the Power Cabinet. Verify voltages are 480VAC Phase to Phase and 277VAC Phase to PE. If voltages are not within tolerance, stop and verify system is fed with a 480/277VAC WYE electrical feed, check all input connections and wiring and try again.
- First switch on the auxiliary power switch 1QFP, 2QFP and 3QFPk of the Power Cabinet, as shown in Figure 7.1

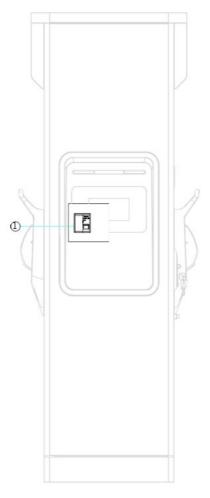


| 1 | 1QFP | Auxiliary Power 1 for Power Cube | | | |
|----|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2 | 2QFP | Auxiliary Power 2 for Power Cube | | | |
| 3 | 3QFP Auxiliary Power for Dispenser | | | | |
| 4 | 1QF AC Input MCCB 2 | | | | |
| 5 | 1KMA | Main contactor 2 | | | |
| 6 | 2QF | AC Input MCCB 1 | | | |
| 7 | 2KMA | Main contactor 1 | | | |
| 8 | 1SPD | AC SPD 1 | | | |
| 9 | 2SPD | AC SPD 2 | | | |
| 10 | 3SPD | AC SPD 3 | | | |
| 11 | ESD | Emergency Shutdown Device | | | |
| 12 | LED | Light emitting diode | | | |

Figure 7.1 Front view of Power Cabinet

 Next, switch on the auxiliary power switches QFP of charging Dispensers A through E (or A thru J if using all Micro-Dispensers) respectively, as shown in Figure 7.2

+ InCharge...



| 1 | QFP | AC Input for Auxiliary Power |
|---|-----|------------------------------|
| | | |

- Check all controllers and meters, LCD and LED.
- Switch the main circuit breakers 1QF and 2QF of the Power Cabinet system to enable the power module input., as shown in Figure 7.1.
- Finally check the alarm from the front panel LED and Display for information about the system. If all parameters are set properly and all self-checks are clear, no alarms should be present. If alarms are present, address as needed to clear all alarms.

Note:

 Please add liquid to the cold source system of the charging terminal before starting the system, otherwise the cold source system will fail to start properly due to improper oil level. The cold source system needs to be tested at the first power-on, and silicone oil is added to a reasonable position. (See Chapter 6 ADD LIQUID)



8.) Important Parameter Settings

Note: Before configuring any of the system components. Go to section 11.4.1 for the router set up procedure.

8.1) Dispenser Parameter Setup

- The parameter settings of the dispensers are basically the same as those of the integrated charger. The dispenser only has some unique parameter settings for the split charging system; Therefore, here we only introduce some parameters related to split charging system dispenser. Please refer to Document <IMMU2 Upper Controller Maintenance Guideline> for the remaining parameter settings.
- Notice: The parameters introduced below are essential to set after the system is installed.
- Login to the screen of the dispenser using the Root Login.
 - Param Set Parameter Name: Charger Typ 4 Charger System Index Parameter Name Parameter Value +00:00 Time Zone Split Dispenser-2 2024-08-29 11:23:52 2 System DateTime(UTC+0) Split Dispenser-3 (Click for Detail...) з Network Setting ОК Split Dispenser-4 4 Charger Type Split Dispenser-1 Dispensr Access OCPP Method LAN with 4G Router Split Dispenser-5 5 Cancel Split System Internal Network Segment 6 192.168.1.XX Split Dispenser-6
- 1. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Charger Type"

- The default value of parameter Charger Type is Integrated, and the split system dispenser needs to be set to the corresponding value, such as Dispenser-1 being set to 'Split Dispenser-1', Dispenser-2 being set to 'Split Dispenser-2', Dispenser-3 being set to 'Split Dispenser-3', and so on. This parameter is associated with the IP address of Upper ETH1, which will fix the IP address of ETH1 to 192.168.1.201~192.168.1.210. After setting this parameter, it needs to be restarted to take effect.
- 2. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Dispenser Access OCPP Method"

| Active Al | arm Detailed Info | Param Set | Manual Ctrl | Charge Rec | | | |
|-----------|--|-----------|--------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| | Charger System | | | | | None | |
| In | dex Parameter Name | Par | ameter Value | | | | |
| | I Time Zone | +00 | :00 | | | LAN with 4G Router | |
| : | 2 System DateTime(UTC+0) | 202 | 4-08-29 11:39:01 | | | | |
| 3 | 3 Network Setting | (Cli | ck for Detail) | | | Independent 4G router | |
| 4 | 4 Charger Type | Spl | t Dispenser-1 | | | | |
| 5 | 5 Dispensr Access OCPP Metho | d LAP | l with 4G Router | | | | |
| | 5 Split System Internal Network Segment | k [192 | .168.1 <i>.</i> XX | | | | |



This parameter is a setting item for the dispenser access OCPP server method. It can choose from the above three values; the default value is LAN with 4G Router. The meaning of the three values are:

- None: The dispenser does not access OCPP Server, and the split charging system is connected to OCPP server through PC-Upper Controller.
- LAN with 4G Router: The dispenser accesses the OCPP server through a 4G router connected to the system LAN switch located in the PC. <u>Please ensure that the IP address of the 4G router connected to the power cabinet switch is 192.168.1.1.</u>
- Independent 4G Router: Each dispenser uses an independent 4G router to access the OCPP server. In this condition, the independent 4G Router will occupy the ETH1 of the Upper, so the network cable from the dispenser to the power cabinet does not need to be connected.
 - NOTE: To connect a Dispenser to an OCPP Server, 'OCPP Server End URL' and 'Charger ID' settings also should be set.
- 3. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Split System Internal Network Segment"

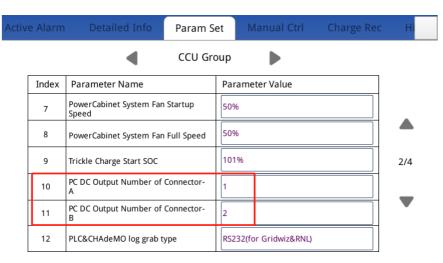
| ve Alarm | Detailed Info Par | am Set | Manual Ctrl | Charge Rec | | | | | | |
|----------|--|--------|---------------------|------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Charger System | | | | | | | | | |
| Index | Parameter Name | Pai | ameter Value | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Time Zone | +00 |):00 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 2 System DateTime(UTC+0) | | 2024-09-05 01:42:27 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Network Setting | (Cli | (Click for Detail) | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Charger Type | Spl | Split Dispenser-1 | | 192.168.1 <i>.</i> XX | | | | | |
| 5 | Dispensr Access OCPP Method | | LAN with 4G Router | | 192.168.99.XX | | | | | |
| 6 | Split System Internal Network Segment | 192 | 2.168.1.XX | | 132.100.3334 | | | | | |

- This parameter is the network segment used by the dispenser to access the system LAN. The default value is "192.168.1. XX", and the other value is used by other systems.
- 4. "Param Set" -> "Charger System" -> "CCU Work Mode"

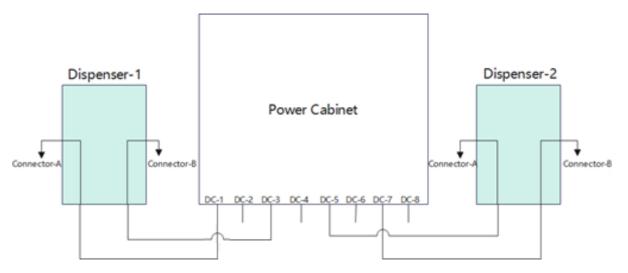
+ InCharge...

| Active A | larm | Detailed Info | Param S | et Manual | Ctrl | Charge Re | ec | Standalone RS232 |
|----------|------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|------|-----------|----|------------------|
| | | • | CCU Gro | oup 🕨 | | | | Standalone TCP |
| Ir | ndex | Parameter Name | | Parameter Valu | ie | | | |
| | 1 | Charger/CCU Specific Sett | ings | (Click for Detail | .) | | | Ring Address #1 |
| | 2 | Smart Charge Accuracy Co | ompensation | 0% | | | | |
| | 3 | AC Main input includes AC input | C connector | Yes | | | | Ring Address #2 |
| | 4 | CCU Work Mode | | Standalone TCP | | | | Ring Address #3 |
| | 5 | Is the Liquid Module Insta | alled | No | | | | |
| | 6 | Liquid-cooled Connector I type | Installing | Not Installed | | | | Ring Address #4 |

- This parameter is the communication method between the dispenser upper controller and the pilot controller. The default value is Standalone TCP, be careful not to modify the default value.
- 5. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"PC DC Output Number of Connector-A/B"



• These parameters are the DC output numbers of the power cabinet corresponding to the dispenser connectors A/B.





- In the above example, Dispenser-1 connector A is connected to power cabinet DC-1 and connector B is connected to power cabinet DC-3.
 Dispenser-2 connector A is connected to power cabinet DC-5 and connector B is connected to power cabinet DC-7. So, dispenser-1 should be set as 1 and 3, dispenser-2 should be set as 5 and 7.
- If the dispenser installed is a Micro-Dispenser, only the parameter of connector-A should be set to the proper PC output, and connector-B should be set to 0.
- Verify for all dispensers the power cabinet output connected to the dispenser input for each connector and assign accordingly.
- See Section 9 for a full list of configuration settings and appropriate values/ranges.

+ InCharge...

| 192 | .168.1.100/login | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------|---|--|
| 地图 | 🧧 InfyPower运维管理 | 🔯 ChatGPT | 🧾 InfyPower运维管理 | C 基于openssl建立tls | 當直流微网技术及发 | C++封装sqlite3库 | C java sqlite sqlite_b | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Cha | rger Web M | lanagemer | nt System | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | London Lo | | | | | |
| | | | | Login to | admin page | English | V | | |
| | | | | Deet | | | | | |
| | | | | ROOT | | | V | | |
| | | | | | | | | ſ | |
| | | | | | | | | J | |
| | | | | root_key: | ⊥ Select a file | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ОК | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

8.2 Power Cabinet Parameter Setup

- The Power Cabinet Upper Controller does not have an HMI, so a webpage is used to access the power cabinet upper controller for parameter settings and information display.
- To access this, use an Ethernet cable and connect a laptop to The ETH2 port on the Upper Controller. Open a web browser and go to IP address 192.168.99.100. Login using the ROOT access password and root key file.

| | Charger Sys | tem CCU Group | Charging Gun | Card Reader | PCU | Rectifier Grps | AC Cabinet |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|------------|
| Charger System | | Split System Internal | Network Segment | 192.168.1.XX | ✓ Edi | | |
| ത്രം Quick Settings | | Power Cabinet Ac | cess OCPP Enable | Enabled V Edit | | | |
| E Detailed Info | | | Charger ID | | 1480 | | Edit |
| Param Set | | OC | PP Server End URL | ws://192.168. | 1.35:6019 | | Edit |
| 🕄 Manual Ctrl | | | Security Profile | Profile 0 | Edi | | |
| Data Service > | | Langua | ge Selection Mode | All | Edi | | |
| Firmware > Management > | | Disper | nser Installed Total | 12 | | Edit | |
| 🔘 User Management | | Charging | Gun Installed Total | 12 | | Edit | |
| [→ Quit | | | Dispenser Type | Standard | ✓ Edi | | |
| | | | LCD Language | English | Edi | | |



- 1. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Split System Internal Network Segment"
 - This parameter is the network segment used by the power cabinet upper controller to access the system LAN. The default value is "192.168.1. XX", and the other value is used by other systems.
- 2. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Power Cabinet Access OCPP Enable"
 - If the power cabinet needs to access the OCPP server, this parameter needs to be set to Enable, 'OCPP Server End URL' and 'Charger ID' also should set. See Section 7.3 for details.
- 3. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Dispenser Installed Total"
 - Set the total number of dispensers installed in the system.
- 4. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Charging Gun Installed Total"
 - Set the total number of charging guns that are installed in the system.
- 5. "Param Set" ->"Charger System" ->"Dispenser Type"
- 6. "Param Set" ->"PCU" ->"PCU Settings"
 - The PCU setting parameters are related to the power cabinet, and these parameters are very important. Some of these parameters must be set before the system runs.

| | PCU Settings | Edit | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|---|---------------|-----------|
| Firmware Version | 1.07 | | IMSU-X Hardware Version | A02 | |
| Boot Version | 02.00 | | IMSU-X Startup Times | 37 | |
| Door Open Alarm Enable | Disabled | Y | SPD Alarm | Enabled | V |
| EPO Voltage Level | Alarm Norm | ally Open 🗸 | Total PM Grp Number | 12 | |
| Total PM Number | 20 | | Total DC output | 5 | |
| Total Dispenser Number | 4 | | Soft-start Time | 1 | second |
| AC Meter Ratio | | | AC Sleep Interval | 0 | min |
| Input Over Voltage Point | 450 | v | Input Under Voltage Point | | v |
| Output Max Voltage | 1050 | v | Contactor Abnormal Judge Time | 2 | secon |
| PM inlet overheating point | | o. | PM outlet overheating point | 93 | r |
| Busbar Lv1 overheating point | 90 | o. | Busbar Lv2 overheating point | 120 | 10 |
| Temperature alarm hysteresis | 5 | o. | Busbar overheating curr Imt period | 5 | min |
| Busbar overheating curr Imt percent | | * | Cooling Devices Type | Air cooling | V |
| AC Input Power Limit | | ĸW | Cabinet Fun Min Speed | 25 | 5 |
| Cabinet Fun Max Speed | | 5 | Power Cabinet Fan Min Speed Temper ature | 40 | 0 |
| Power Cabinet Fan Full Speed Temper ature | 70 | o. | Busbar Temperature Sensor Install | Not Installed | v |
| | | | AC Input Single | No | V |
| PDU Inner Ring Enable | Yes | ~ | System Efficiency Setting | 93 | 5 |
| ir cooled PC Outlet Over Temperature | | o | Air cooled PC Outlet Over Temperature | | °C |



| Parameter Name | Description | Value Range | Default Value | Remark |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| PCU Firmware Version | / | Read Only | / | |
| IMSU-X Hardware Version | / | Read Only | / | |
| Boot Version | Boot Loader Version | Read Only | / | |
| IMSU-X Startup Times | PCU Startup Times | Read Only | / | |
| Door Open Alarm Enable | / | Enable / Disable | Enable | |
| SPD Alarm Enable | / | Enable / Disable | Enable | |
| EPO Voltage Level | / | Alarm Normally | Alarm Normally | |
| | | Close / | Close | |
| | | Alarm Normally Open | | |
| Total PM Grp Number | The total number of power module groups in the | 0~16 | 8 | must be man |
| | power cabinet | | | set |
| Total PM Number | The total number of power modules in the power cabinet | 0 ~ 32 | 16 | must be man set |
| Total DC Output Number | The total number of DC output busbar in the power cabinet | 0~16 | 16 | must be man set |
| Total Dispenser Number | The total number of dispensers in the system | 0~12 | 6 | must be man set |
| Soft-start Time | Soft start time of power module | 0~255 S | 15 | |
| AC Meter Ratio | If the system has a AC meter, this parameter needs to be set | 1~99999 | 160 | |
| AC Sleep Interval | The time interval for the system to enter sleep mode from idle. If set to 0, it means the system will not enter sleep mode | 0 ~ 255 S | 0 5 | |
| Input Over Voltage Point | If the input line voltage is greater than this value, an alarm will be triggered | 0 ~ 2000 V | 450 V | |
| Input Under Voltage Point | If the input line voltage is less than this value, an alarm will be triggered | 0 ~ 2000 V | 310 V | |



| Output Max Voltage | The maximum voltage that the power module can output | 0 ~ 2000 V | 1050 V | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Contactor Abnormal Judge Time | After controlling the contactor, determine the time interval for abnormal contactor status | 0~255 S | 2 S | |
| PM inlet overheating point | If the PM inlet temperature is greater than this value, an alarm will be triggered | 0 ~ 255 'C | 80 'C | |
| PM outlet overheating point | If the PM outlet temperature is greater than this value, an alarm will be triggered | 0 ~ 255 'C | 93 'C | |
| Busbar Lv1 overheating point | If the temperature of the busbar is greater than this value, LV1 alarm will occur. And the charging power will decrease | 0 ~ 6553 'C | 90 'C | |
| Busbar Lv2 overheating point | If the temperature of the busbar is greater than this value, LV2 alarm will occur. And the charging will stop | 0 ~ 6553 'C | 120 'C | |
| Temperature alarm hysteresis | When an over temperature alarm occurs, the alarm will only disappear if the temperature drops below the hysteresis value | 0~255 'C | 5 'C | |
| Busbar overheating current period | When the LV1 over temperature alarm of the busbar occurs, the cycle time of current limiting. | 0 ~ 255 Min | 5 Min | |
| Busbar overheating current percent | When the LV1 over temperature alarm of the busbar occurs, the percentage of current limiting. | 0~100% | 80 % | |
| Cooling Devices Type | Cooling method of power cabinet | Water Cooling \ Air Cooling | Air Cooling | |
| AC Input Power Limit | System total AC power limit value. | 0 ~ 65535 KW | 10000 KW | |
| Cabinet Fan Min Speed | Minimum speed of rotation for power cabinet fan | 0~100% | 25 % | |
| Cabinet Fan Max Speed | Maximum speed of rotation for power cabinet fan | 0~100% | 100 % | |
| Power Cabinet Fan Min Speed Temperature | The starting temperature of the power cabinet fan | 0 ~ 255 'C | 40 'C | |
| Power Cabinet Fan Full Speed Temperature | There is a linear relationship between temperature and fan speed, and at this temperature, the fan speed will reach its maximum | 0 ~ 255 'C | 70 'C | |



| Busbar Temperature Sensor Install | Is the temperature sampling sensor of the busbar installed? | Not Install\ Install | Not Install | |
|--|--|----------------------|-------------|--|
| AC Input Single | Is it a single AC input? If it is No, then the AC input is dual channel | No \ Yes | No | |
| PDU Inner Ring Enable | Installation Enable for Inner Ring Contactor of Power Distribution Unit | No \ Yes | No | |
| System Efficiency Setting | Assumed value of system efficiency. This value can be used to calculate the total available power on the DC side | 0~100% | 93 % | |
| Air cooled PC Outlet Over Temperature Lv1 | LV1 overheating point at the outlet of the power cabinet. If the temperature at the outlet of the power cabinet exceeds this value, the system will run at reduced power and alarm. | 0 ~ 120 'C | 90 'C | |
| Air cooled PC Outlet Over Temperature Lv2 | LV2 overheating point at the outlet of the power cabinet. If the temperature at the outlet of the power cabinet exceeds this value, the system will become unavailable and alarm. | 0 ~ 120 'C | 100 'C | |

7. "Param Set" -> "AC Cabinet" -> "AC Cube Setting" -> "AC Meter Enable"
 AC Cabinet

- o If the system is installed with an AC input meter, this value should be set to enable.
- 8. "Param Set" ->"AC Cabinet" ->"AC Contactor Setting"

| AC Co | ontactor Setting | Cancel | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| AC Contactor Total Number | 2 | 1#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 1 |
| 2#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 1 | 3#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 1 |
| 4#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 1 | 5#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 2 |
| 6#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 2 | 7#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 2 |
| 8#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 2 | 9#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 0 |
| 10#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 0 | 11#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 0 |
| 12#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 0 | 13#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 0 |
| 14#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 0 | 15#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 0 |
| 16#PM Group AC Input Contactor | 0 | | |

- 'AC Contactor Total Number' is set to the actual number of AC contactors installed in the system. Next is the mapping relationship table between power module and AC input contactors. Non-existent power module groups write 0.
- Example: Standard ICE-600 Power Cabinet has 20 total Power Modules configured into 10 Groups of 2 and has 2 AC Input Contactors. Groups 1-5 are connected to the #1 AC Input Contactor, and Groups 6-10 are connected to the #2 AC Input Contactor. The settings required for proper operation are shown in the above image.



8.3) Reset and Test

8.3.1) System Self Check

Ensure there are no vehicles connected to the charger and all charging cables are in their proper holsters. Close and lock all the equipment doors except for the Power Cabinet. Enter the PC-Upper Controller webpage (192.168.1.100) and initiate a system Self Check by going to Manual Ctrl → PCU → Start System Self Check.

| ROOT | Ū | Charger System | CCU Group | Charging Gun | Card Reader | PCU | Rectifier Grps | AC Cabinet |
|--|---|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------|---------------|----------|------------------|------------|
| Charger System | | PCU | | | | | | |
| 🛞 Quick Settings | | | | Manual Ctrl Mode | Exit Manual C | trl Mode | Enter Manual Ctr | Mode |
| 😑 Detailed Info | | Reset PCU | | | Execute | | | |
| O Param Set | | Clear Debugging Data | | | Execute | | | |
| 🗐 Manual Ctrl | | | Start S | System Self Check | Execute | | | |
| Data Service > | | | Cab | inet Door LED Ctrl | Valid Range:0 | ~ 5 | | |
| Firmware Management | | Gabinet Door EED Giff | | Set | | | | |

 Pay attention to safety during the Self Check. After the Self Check starts, the power modules and contactors will perform a series of sequential actions until the end; The process takes about a few minutes. If the Self Check passes, there will be no alarms. If the Self Check does not pass, an alarm will prompt which items have not passed. Address the alarms as necessary.



9.) Description of Relevant Parameters

- The important setting parameters of the power cabinet and liquid-cooled charging terminal of the split charging system are described in the following table:
- Input User Level and Password: Root

| NO. | Parameter name | Default parameters | Remarks |
|-----|--|--|--|
| 1 | CCU Work Mode | There is a dial switch on the back side of Pilot controller, which corresponds to terminal address # 1 or # 2 | At the same time, it also needs to correspond to the network TCP # address on the billing unit. |
| 2 | Liquid-cooled Connector Installing type | One dispenser can support up to one liquid cooling connector and can choose no/A gun or /B gun. | Select the connector installation position, and the corresponding 485 (# 1 or # 2) bus of the pilot controller will communicate with the IMEU2. Consistent with the system wiring. |
| 3 | Liquid-Bump Max Speed | Default maximum 50% | The pilot controller is sent to the IMEU2 board via RS485 |
| 4 | Fan Speed Limit (Aux) | Default 100% | The small fan on the top side of the dispenser is used for cooling in the cabinet and running during charging. |
| 5 | Power Cabinet System Fan Full Speed Temperature | Default 131 F (55°C) | Pilot controller sent to IMEU2 offline via CAN |
| 6 | Power Cabinet System Fan Start up Temperature | Default 113 F (45°C) | Pilot controller sent to IMEU2 offline via CAN |
| 7 | Power Cabinet System Fan Startup Speed | 40% | Starting speed of fan of power Cabinet system |
| 8 | Fan Speed Limit | 100% | Power Cabinet system fan full speed limit. |
| 9 | Liquid-Bump Max Speed | 100% | Max speed of liquid cooling unit oil pump |
| 10 | Liquid-Bump Startup Speed | 20% | When the oil pump of the liquid cooling unit starts slowly, the initial speed. |
| 11 | Ring Nodes Total(connector) | Default 4 | Note that it is actually consistent with the number of groups of modules. Even if there are only two guns, if there are four groups of modules, it needs to be set to 4. |
| 12 | Liquid Pump Full Sped Start up Temperature | Default 95 F (35°C) | The oil pump reaches the maximum speed when the oil temperature exceeds 35 degrees. |

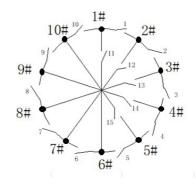


| 13 | Liquid Pump Work | Default 1 min | |
|----|---|----------------------|---|
| 13 | Duration at Low | | Time to prevent colidification |
| | | | Time to prevent solidification disturbance when oil temperature is |
| 14 | Temperature Liquid Pump Pause Duration | Dofault 2 min | too low. |
| 14 | Liquid Pump Pause Duration at Low | Default 2 min | 100 IOW. |
| | | | |
| | Temperature | | |
| 15 | Max Output Current when | Default 300A | |
| | liquid oil is in: Low Temp | | |
| | temperature | | |
| 16 | When Gun Temp Over this | Default 149 F (65°C) | |
| | point, act as Normal Gun | | |
| | | | |
| 17 | Max Output Current when | Default 100A | |
| | act as Normal Gun | | |
| | | | |
| 18 | Cool Source EnvTemp High | Default 122 F (50°C) | |
| | Point | | |
| | | | |
| 19 | Cool Source EnvTemp Low | Default -13 F(-25°C) | |
| | Point | | |
| | | | |
| 20 | Liquid Oil High Pressure | Default 0.9Mpa | |
| | Alarm Point | | |
| | | | |
| 21 | Connector Over | Default 185 F (85°C) | |
| | Temperature | | |
| | | | |
| 22 | Connector Ultra | Default 203 F (95°C) | |
| | Temperature | | |
| | - P | | |
| 23 | Conn Recover from | Default 149 F (65°C) | |
| | OverTemp Point | | |
| | | | |
| 24 | Prossure Motor Pango | Default 16 | _ |
| 24 | Pressure Meter Range | Delault 10 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 25 | Motor Pole Pair | Default 4 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 26 | Power Cabinet AC input | Default 2 | |
| | Channels | | |
| | | | |

10.) Power Distribution Strategy

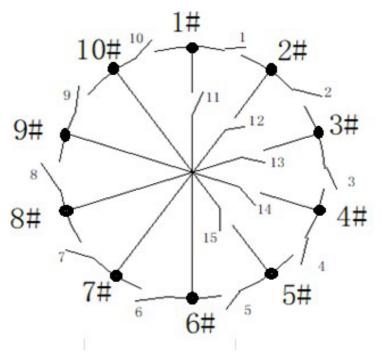
10.1) Introduction to Power Nodes

 Each group of power modules is referred to as a group(s), corresponding to a charging gun (if the group is not connected to a charging gun externally, the group only performs power switching).





When charging begins, only the node corresponding to the charging gun provides output power. The node outputs power according to the demand of the dispenser. When the dispenser requests an increase in power, the node searches for available sub-nodes to parallelize with. When there is excess charging power, the root node will search for endterminal sub-nodes and exit the parallelization.

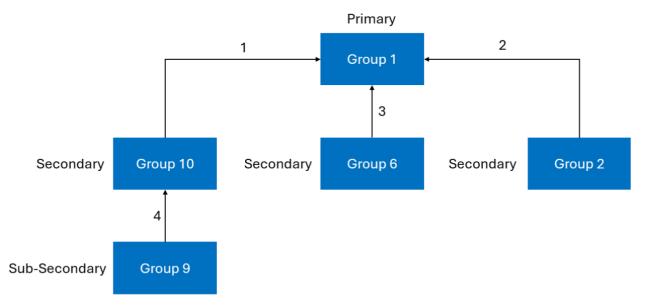


 Using a 10-node system as an example, each node is connected to adjacent nodes on the left, right, and inside.



10.2) Scenario 1: Increasing Charging Power

- Group 1's left Group is Group 10, its right Group is Group 2, and its inside Group is Group 6.
- Group 1 serves as the root Group for charging. When the dispenser requests an increase in charging power, Group 1 will select Group 10 (left) as a sub-group. If the dispenser requests another power increase, Group 1 will select Group 2 (right) as a sub-group. And if the dispenser requests yet another power increase, Group 1 will select Group 6 (inside) as a sub-group. If, in this situation, the dispenser still requires a further increase in charging power, Group 1 will go through Group 10 (left of Group 1) to select Group 9 (left of Group 10) as a sub-group.
- Therefore, when there is a need to increase the charging power during the charging process, the root group will sequentially increase the power by selecting the left group, then the right group, and finally the inside group.
- If a group is found during the search process, but it is not an idle group (e.g., currently charging, charging as a child group, or experiencing a malfunction), then the algorithm will skip that group and continue searching for another available group. The goal is to find a suitable, idle group that can meet the changing requirements.



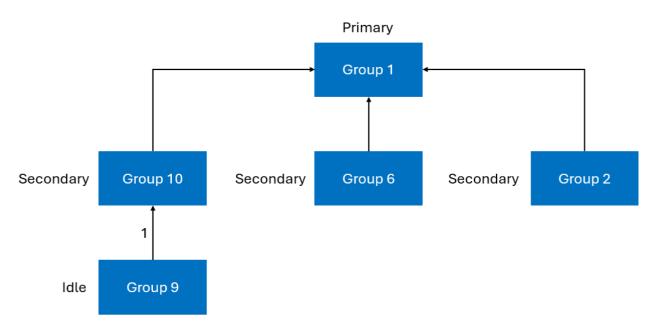
10.3) Scenario 2: Decreasing Charging Power

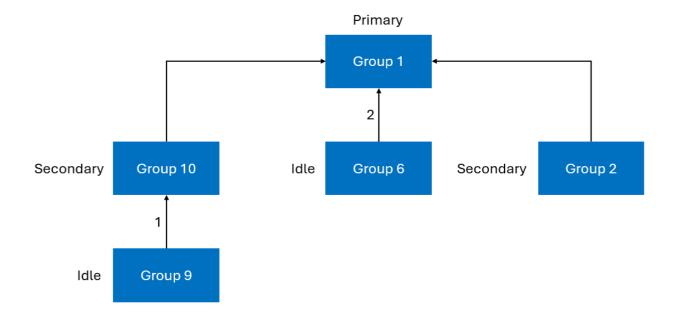
- When the required power decreases and remains below the current root group's maximum charging output power minus the maximum output power of the furthest end-terminal child group for a continuous duration of 30 seconds, the power allocation for the endterminal group will be terminated.
- Using the example provided: Group 1 serves as the root group, and Groups 10, 2, 6, and 9 serve as child groups. At this stage, the maximum output power of the root group is the sum of the maximum output powers of Group 1, Group 10, Group 2, Group 6, and Node 9.



Since Group 9 is the furthest end-terminal group, when the charging power drops below the difference between the maximum output power of the root group and the maximum output power of group 9, and this condition persists for 30 seconds, Group 9 will exit and become an idle node. At this point, Groups 10, 2, and 6 become the new end-terminal child groups.

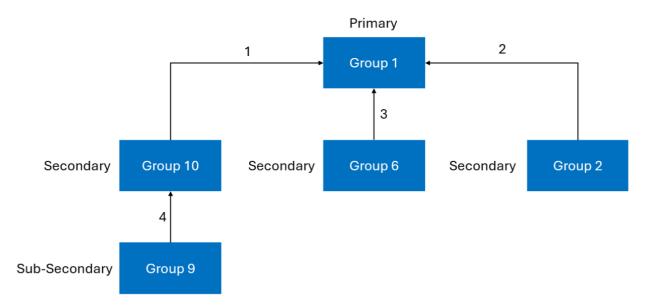
 When the charging power decreases further and meets the conditions for exiting a child group for a continuous duration of 30 seconds, the root group will exit the group with the lowest power among groups 10, 2, and 6 (for example, if group 10 has a maximum power of 60 kW, Group 2 has a maximum power of 60 kW, and Group 6 has a maximum power of 30 kW, then Group 6 will be exited).





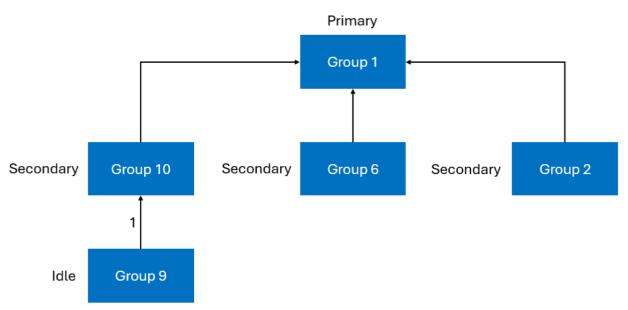
 As shown in the diagram, when the required power decreases and meets the conditions for the furthest end- terminal group (Group 9) to exit for a continuous duration of 30 seconds, it will be prioritized for termination. Then, as the required power decreases further, with the new end-terminal groups being 10, 6, and 2, the group with the lowest output power will be prioritized for termination.

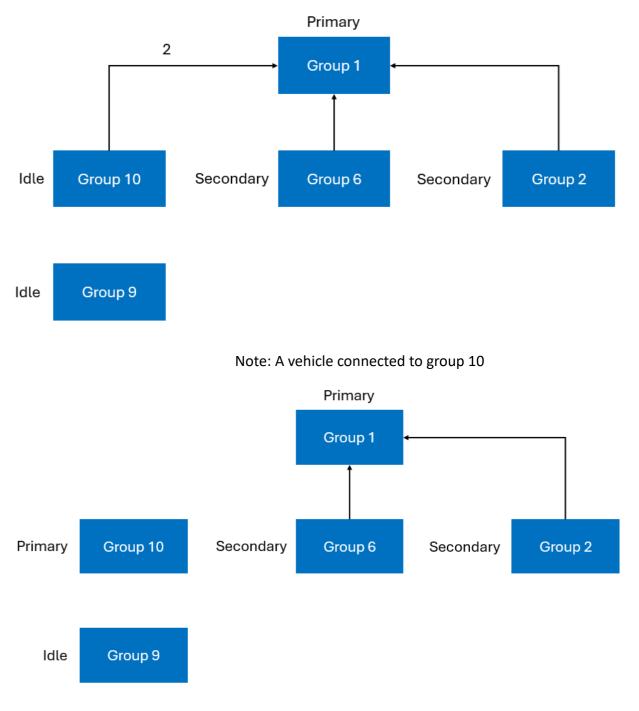




10.4) Scenario 3: Charging Initiated at Node Along the Power Path

 In this scenario, Group 1 serves as the root Group, and Groups 10, 2, 6, and 9 serve as child groups. At this moment, Group 10 initiates charging through its corresponding charging gun. As a result, Group 10 and all its child groups will exit the charging process and become idle groups. Group 10 will then function as a new root group, providing output power to the corresponding charging gun.





Note: Group 10 is the new primary group

 In this situation, if the charging power is insufficient for the root Group 1, it will search for new child group by traversing through its child groups 6 and 2. Similarly, if the charging power of the root group 10 is insufficient, it will search for child nodes by exploring the leftside group 9 and the inner group 5. This scenario is similar to Scenario 1.



11.) User Operation

 The ICE-600 operation depends on its output connections: CCS or CHAdeMO. During the charging process, the Human Machine Interface (HMI), will give instructions and will signal different stages. These sequences are shown in this section.

11.1) Output Connector

- The ICE-600 is prepared to charge electric vehicles according to the charging systems mentioned. **Notes**: There is a coolant pipe inside the liquid cooling connector.
- CCS liquid cooling connector: Bending of the cable should be minimized to prevent restriction of the liquid coolant within the cable.
- See section 6.2 for more details

11.1.1) CCS1 and NACS Connector





11.2) Operation Instructions

 When the user starts the operation on the charging distributor, if all output connections are idle or the device allows DC charging, the HMI display will display the following screen:

CCS1+CCS1 Units

| 11-01-2020 17:18:34 | 🛄 📮 🌘 en 🥐 | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| 8 DC1 | © DC2 | | |
| Plug the Connector | Plug the Connector | | |
| Front Contraction | F 1000 | | |
| Ready | ▶ Ready | | |
| | | | |

- Charging Steps
 - Plug the charging connector into the vehicle interface. UI main page display connector has "Plugged". Click "→Start" Button.

| 30-03-2021 16:48:45 | Charger1 | I 🛄 💽 🥐 |
|---------------------|----------|---------|
| 8 DC1 | | BC2 |
| Plug the Connector | Plugged | |
| 100 | 4 | |
| | | ▶ Start |

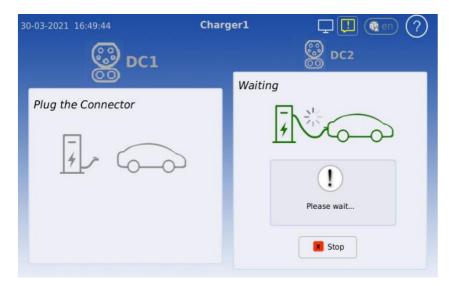
• Swipe the RFID or scan QR Code or use OTP by inputting the password to start the charging.



• Select Auto/Time/SOC/KWh charging strategy (Optional)

| 30-03-2021 16:49:30 | Chargerl | |
|---------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | Timeout 54 |
| 50 | elect a Charge Mod | le |
| By Time | | By SOC |
| | Auto | By kWh |
| | | |
| | | |

• On Waiting Start Charge.



• On Charging

| 30-03-2021 16:51:11 | Charger1 | 🖵 🛄 🌒 🥐 |
|---------------------|----------|---|
| @ DC1 | | B DC2 |
| Plug the Connector | Charging | (Auto) 19.9kW Energy: 0.08 kWh Used Time: 1.5 min Remain Time: 40 min Volt: 500.1 V Curr: 39.9 A (REQ)500.0V/85A K Stop |

• After the vehicle is fully charged, stop charging first, then unplug the charging connector.



11.3) Ethernet and OCCP Setting

- There are 2 standard parameters for back-end setting. Please get them from the back-end supplier.
 - Charger ID
 - OCPP Server End URL

Example 1: for a charge point with identity "CP001" connecting to a Central System with OCPP-J endpoint URL "ws://centralsystem.example.com/ocpp" this would give the following connection URL:

ws://centralsystem.example.com/ocpp/CP001

Figure 12.1 Example of OCPP-J 1.6 Spec

Notes: The protocol upper controller supports OCPP-J 1.6 and 2.0.1. Please refer to the OCPP official documents if you have any questions about the above 2 parameters or the protocol itself.

11.3.1) Connection Check

- If the above settings are done properly, you should see the ^(C) icon on screen (without reboot).
- Check the OCPP Platform for proper communication of the charger. Seeing the icon on the display screen only shows the charger is connected to the system but does not show the system sees the charger properly.

11.4) Network Setting

11.4.1) Router Set Up

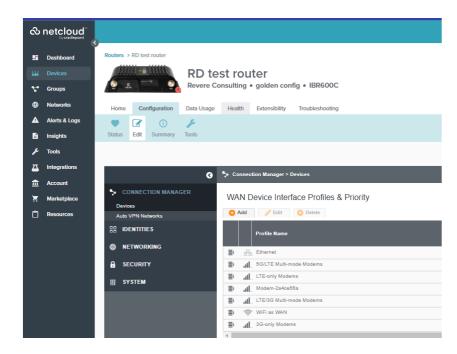
This guide is intended to help configure the main Cradlepoint router inside the Power Cabinet for external communication. Log into the SSID of the Cradlepoint via the web browser.

 Click on "Devices" enter in the MAC address of the router that needs to be configured. Click on the device and it will bring you to the device page. If logging in via SSID you can skip this step.

| b netcloud | | | | | | | | | | • 🖯 🗳 🖗 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dashboard | Devices | | | | | | | | | |
| Devices | Routers Network Interfaces | | | | | | | | | |
| Groups | | | | | | A | Il Accounts & Groups | • Filter 🚯 | Filter | > |
| Alerts & Logs | 🔑 Configuration 🗸 👘 NetCloud O | S 🗸 🗮 Commands 🗸 📈 Rem | ste Connect 🤟 🕂 Move | | | | Updated: 11/27/2024 03:0 | армитс 🕢 💠 🛓 ш | Open by default RESET FILTER | |
| Insights | _ /+ ■ | 🌼 Name | Description | Asset Identifier | Product | MAC Address ↓ | Group | NetCloud OS | 00.30.44.9D:60:91 × | |
| Tools Integrations | • | RD test router | | | IBR600C | 00:30:44:9D:60.91 | golden config | 7.24.60 (2024-0 | Fype to Filter | Add ADVANCED ~ |
| Account | | | | | | | | | Product | ^ |
| Marketplace | | | | | | | | | Select a Product | |
| Resources | | | | | | | | | - | |

 On the Device page click on "Configuration" then "Edit". Drag Ethernet to the top of the list of "WAN Device Interface Profiles & Priority".

+ InCharge



 Once "Ethernet" is at the top of the list, under Connection Manager click on "Networking" and in the sub tab click "Local IP Networks". Click on the first option check box and hit "Edit."

| Image: Second | -0 | | | | | | |
|---|----|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------------|--------------|
| Image: Second secon | ి | netcloud bycradiepoint | | | | | |
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| OoS Schedule: Dasbled DNS Servers VRRP: Dasbled DNS Servers IPv4 Routing Mode: NAT WF1 as WAN, or Client IPv4 Routing Mode: SLAC with Full DHCP Client Data Usage Access Control: Disabled NiRP SECURITY Disabled | | | Pouting | i i | | | |
| DKS Servers URRP: Dasbled DKS Servers IPv4 Roung Mode: NAT WFF as WAN, or Client IPv4 Addressing Mode: SLAC with Full DHCP Client Data Usage Access Control: Disabled NHRP IPv6 Addressing Mode: SECURITY | | | - | i i | | | |
| WiFF as WAN, or Client IPVA Routing Mode: NAT IPVA Routing Mode: SLACA with Full DHCP Client Data Usage Access Control: Disabled | | | | i i | | | |
| Client Data Usage Access Control: Disabled NHRP SECURITY | | | | l . | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | _ | | | ge | Access Control: | Disabled | |
| | _ | | NHRP | | | | |
| 谢 SYSTEM | | | | | | | |
| | | | 辦 SYSTEM | | | | |

 Click on "IPv4 settings" and make sure the IP address is the correct scheme needed for the Ice cube. This will ensure that all dispensers can properly communicate locally and externally to InControl. The IP address should be changed to 192.168.1.1.

| 🗘 R&D E | ditor | | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| General Settings | Provide a unique IPv4 address rang | e for this network. | |
| IPv4 Settings | IP Address: | 192.168.100.1 | |
| IPv6 Settings | Netmask: | 255.255.255.0 | |
| Interfaces | IPv4 Routing Mode: | NAT (default) | ~ |
| Access Control | Always Proxy ARP: | | |
| IPv4 DHCP | | | |
| Multicast Proxy | | | |
| IPv6 Addressing | | | |
| Schedule | | | |
| VRRP | | | |
| STP | | | |
| Wired 802.1X | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | Cancel Save | • |

 Hit "save" then hit "Commit" at the bottom of the screen to update the Cradlepoint configurations.



11.4.2) Wireless Network Configuration

- First, check if your system is equipped with an external wireless router.
- This router is installed inside the Power Cabinet and is connected with the Network Switch with a RJ45 network cable. The router is usually pre-installed along with the charger before leaving factory, therefore the only thing needed to ensure it is operating properly.

11.4.3) Wired Network Configuration

- First, check if your system is equipped with an external wireless router.
- Connect the customer ethernet cable from their router LAN port to the WAN port of the Cradlepoint.

11.5) Charger Software Update

- The charger can update the firmware through OCPP or OEM backend remotely, or local update through USB drive to update the firmware of the upper controller and pilot controller.
- The following figure 11.1 software version is for reference only, the actual situation shall prevail.

| 20-05-2021 20:58:43 | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------|-------|
| | 软件版本: | N3.00.519T1 (5039A10), | PW(2.030, 1 | .040) |
| | 系统型号: | Test_ChargeModel | | |
| | 充电桩SN: | Test_123456 | | |
| | 输出电压: | | | |
| | 最大输出电流: | | | |
| | 桩编号: | infytest_2CCS | | |
| | 有线网络 1-IP地址: | 192.168.1.100 | | |
| | 有线网络 2-IP地址: | 192.168.100.100 | | |
| | 无线网络-IP地址: | - | | |
| | | | | 更多> |
| | | | | |

Figure 11.1 Software Version

 CAUTION: It is imperative that the correct firmware be installed into each component. If the incorrect firmware for a component is installed, the component may require replacement and full reprogramming prior to operating properly. Please contact InCharge Support for assistance.

11.5.1) Upper Controller Update

 For upper controller's update, firstly power on the controller, and then plug the USB drive into the controller's USB inlet, and then go into the setting in "Manual Ctrl" --> "Charger System" -->



"Reboot System", need to input "Soft Reset", and waiting the automatic update finish, and then take off the USB disk. Check the software version as shown in Figure 11.2.



| 07-0 | 5-2019 19:24 | | 8 🛄 0 | | |
|------|--------------|--------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | | | Param Set | Manual Ctrl | History Alm |
| | | Charger | System > |) | |
| | Index | Parameter Name | Parameter | Value | |
| | 1 | Reboot System | Soft Reset | | - |
| | 2 | Data Backup/Restore | Backup | | \bigcirc |
| | 3 | Calibrate Touch Screen | Execute | | 1/1 |
| | 4 | Clear Factory Debug Data | Execute | | |
| | | | | | \bigtriangledown |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

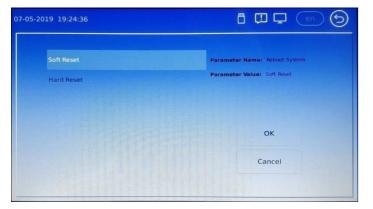




Figure 11.2 Software Version



11.5.2) Pilot Controller Update

For pilot controller's update, firstly power on the controller, and then plug the USB disk into the controller's USB inlet. Then restart the system (disconnect the auxiliary switch, then close it again). Pay attention to the sound. After hearing three beeps, it means the upgrade is complete. You can pull out the USB drive. Check the software version as shown in Figure 11.3.

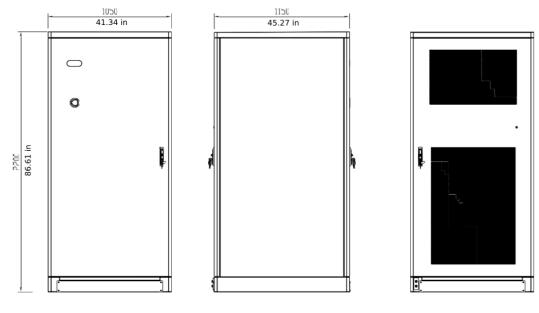


Figure 11.3 Software Version

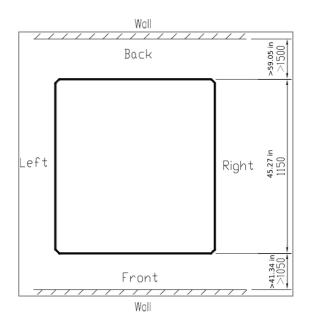


Appendix 1) Engineering and Technical Parameters

- Reliable wall installation on both sides of the Power Cube. The front door should have a minimum gap of 1050mm to provide maintenance space.
- The lower part of the rear door of the Power Cube is air intake and the upper part is air outlet. A minimum gap of 1500mm should be provided to prevent hot air from flowing back into the inlet.



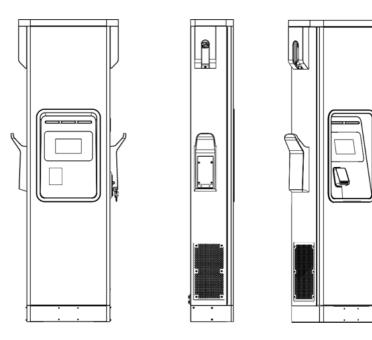
Power Cabinet Three Views



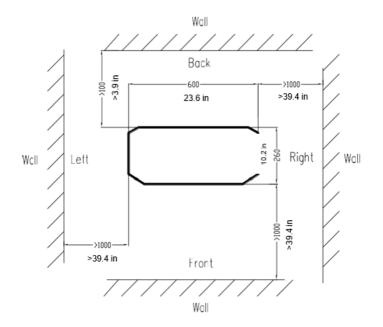
Power Cabinet Space Requirement



- The Slim Line Dispenser is reliable for wall installation, but it is recommended to leave at least 39.47 in (1000mm) distance. The front door should have a gap of at least 39.47 in (1000mm) to provide maintenance space.
- The Charging Dispenser has a right-side air inlet and a left side air outlet. A minimum gap of 39.47 in (1000mm) should be provided to prevent hot air from flowing back into the inlet.



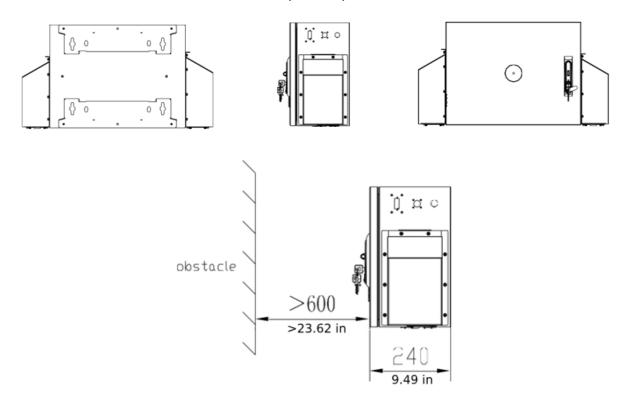
Slim Line Dispenser Three Views







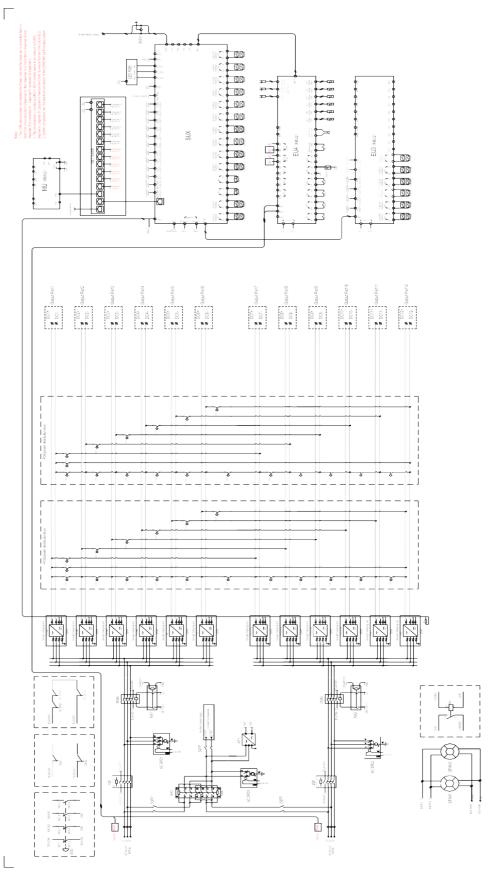
The Micro Dispenser is reliable for Wall installation. The front door should have a gap of at least 23.62in (600mm)



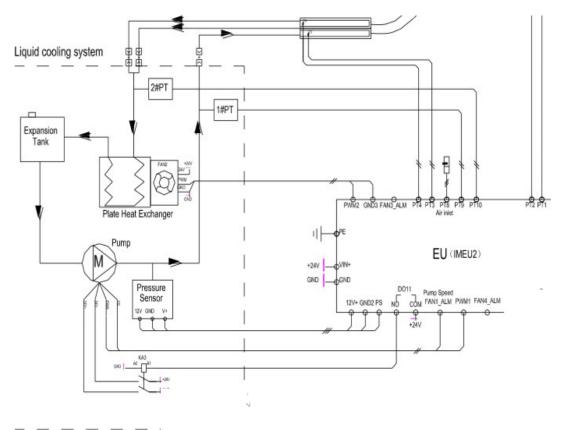
Micro Dispenser Space Requirements

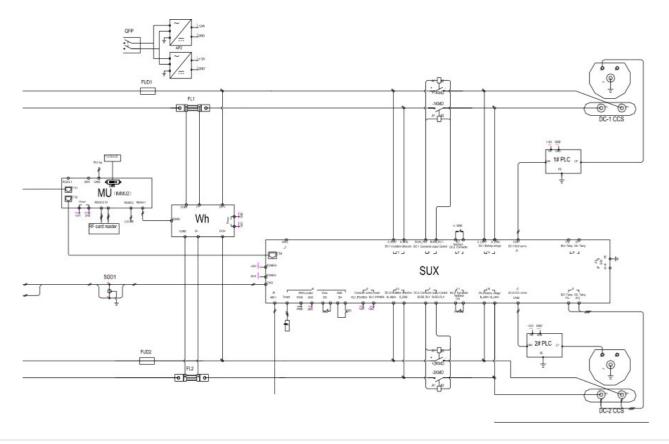
+ InCharge

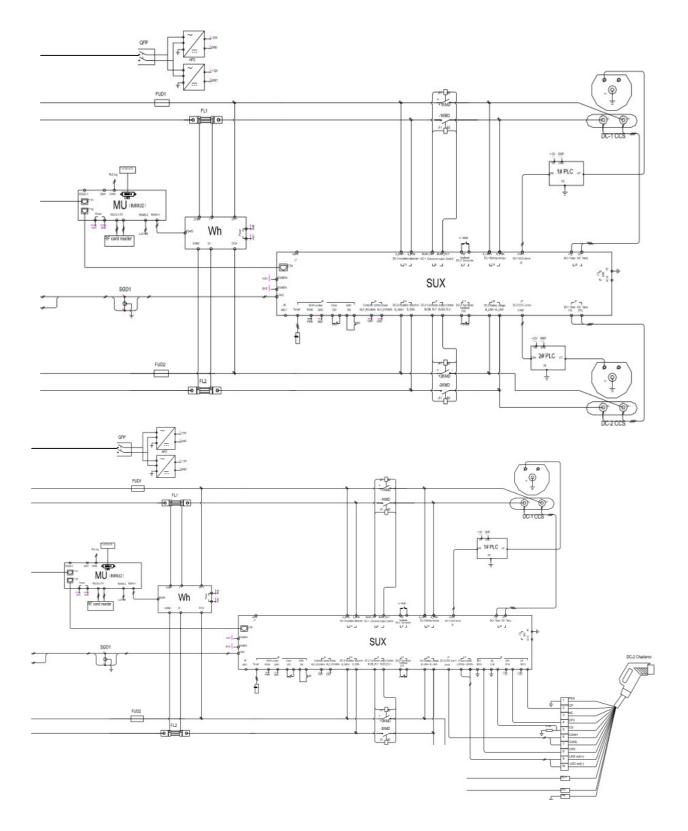




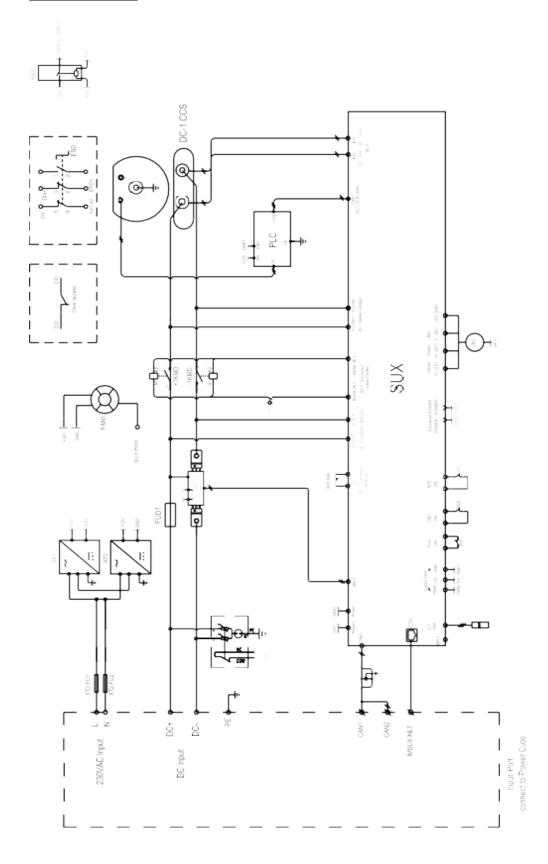
Slim Line Dispenser:

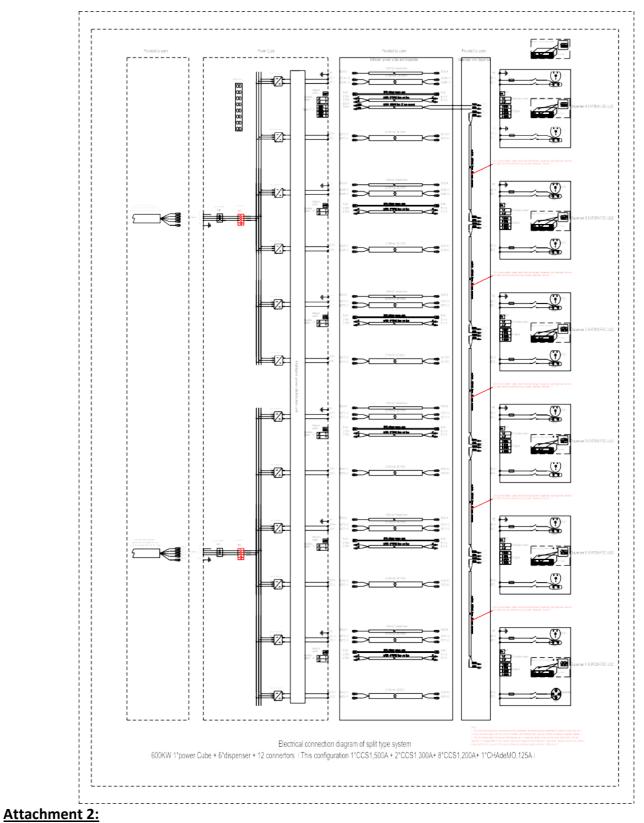






Micro Dispenser





Appendix 3) System Electrical Connection Diagram

Method for removing CAN3 120 Ω Resistor from IMSU-X Monitoring



 Step 1: Unscrew the two screws on the left and right sides of the upper part of the IMSU-X monitoring board, and the upper monitoring board can be pulled out, as shown in the following figure



• Step 2: Find the matching resistor jumper cap on the monitoring board, as shown in the following figure.



Step 3: Both jumper caps need to be changed from PIN 1 and 2 (with 120 Ω) to PIN 2 and 3 (without 120 Ω), as shown in the left and right figures.



• Step 4: Insert the upper control board back in and tighten the two fixing screws.



Appendix 4) Maintenance

1.) Maintenance Table

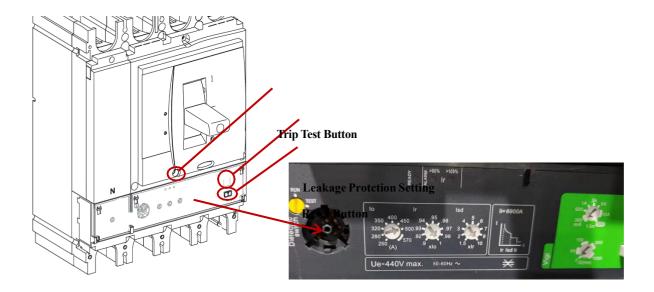
| NO. | Position | Method | Tool | Maintenance |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | i oskion | Method | 1001 | cycle |
| 1 | AC input main breaker | Eyes check | / | 2 months |
| | Devices and connection points Main | | | |
| 2 | circuit devices (circuit breaker, | Sound and Eyes check | Torque wrench | 2 months |
| 2 | AC contactor, DC contactor, DC fuse), | | Torque Wrenen | 2 1101(113 |
| | copper bar, power module connector | | | |
| 3 | AC SPD | Eyes check | / | 3 months |
| 4 | Charging plug | Eyes check | Brush | Daily |
| | | Eyes check | Blower, Screwdriver Soft | |
| 5 | Cooling Fan and Filter cotton | | Brush | $3{\sim}6$ months |
| | | | Vacuum Cleaner | |
| 6 | ESD | Eyes check | / | Daily |
| 7 | Alarm information check | Eyes check | / | Daily |
| 8 | Check all electrical connections | Sound and Eyes Check | Torque Wrench | 12~24 months |

2.) Maintenance Operation

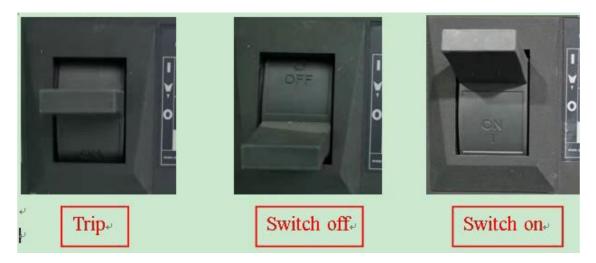
2.1) AC Input Main Breaker

1.1 AC input main breaker

- 1) When the circuit breaker is in the closing state, press the insulation test knob or trip test button to test the insulation function or trip function of the circuit breaker.
- 2) After the circuit breaker is released, the recovery method is as follows: first turn the circuit breaker to the opening state, and then turn it to the closing state.



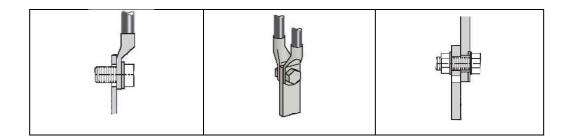
630A shell frame

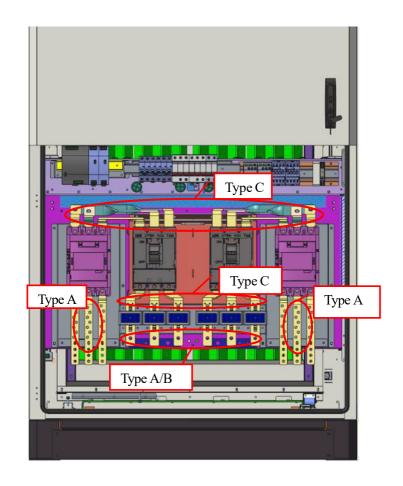


2.2) Devices and Connection Points

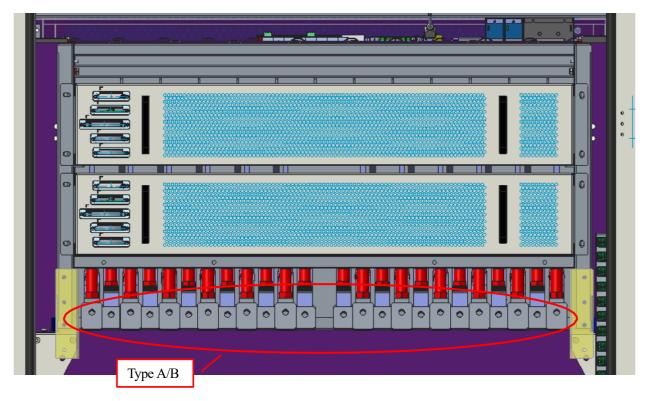
- Check the connection points (circle in the picture) between the main circuit components (circuit breaker, AC contactor, DC contactor, fuse) and copper bar or cable, the connection points between copper bar and copper bar, and the connector of power module for burns or serious discoloration. If any are seen, please check the torque and connection according to point 2) and replace the damaged cable.
- Check whether the screw fixing torque mark is normal. If there is any deviation, please retorque with a torque wrench and mark with a marker.

| Types of connection points and similar structures | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------|--------|--|--|
| T | ype A | Type B | Туре С | | |

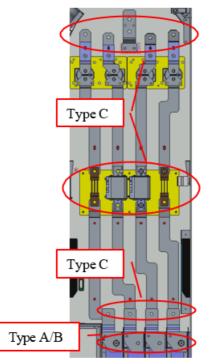




AC Input side of Power Cabinet



DC Output side of Power Cabinet

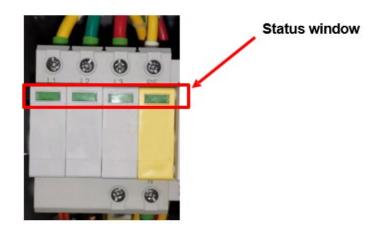


DC side of Charging Dispenser



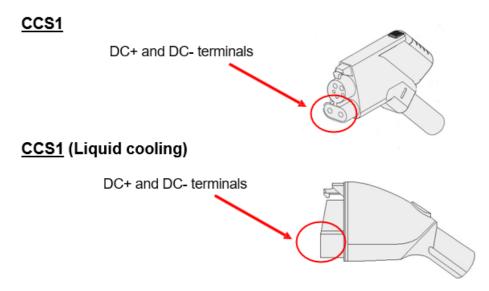
2.3) AC SPD

 Check the status window of SPD. If the window color changes from green to red, it indicates that SPD has been damaged, and the manufacturer will need to be contacted for replacement.



2.4) Charging Plug

- Check whether the charging plug is cracked or damaged. If so, please contact the manufacturer.
- Check whether the DC + and terminals of the charging plug have obvious burning marks. If so, please contact the manufacturer for treatment.
- Use a brush to remove the dust on the surface of DC + and terminals.



2.5 Cooling Fan and Filter Cotton

- Check the dust screen on both sides of the heat exchanger for dust.
- Use the fan to clean the dust on the dustproof net.
- According to the site environment, the dust net shall be effectively removed at least once every three to six months, and it shall be replaced once a year at most.



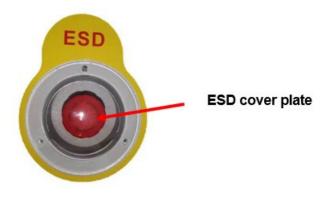
- Remove the dust screen with a screwdriver, and use a soft brush, blower and vacuum cleaner to remove the dust effectively.
- Use vacuum cleaner and soft brush cloth to effectively remove the sundries and dust in the cabinet.



Located on the bottom portion of the rear door

2.6) ESD

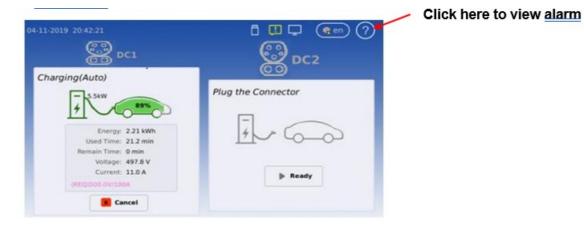
 Check the emergency stop cover plate. If the cover plate is damaged, please contact the manufacturer for replacement.





2.7) Alarm Information

- Click "?" In the upper right corner of the screen to view the alarm information.
- If there is alarm information, it should be handled immediately. If it cannot be handled, contact the manufacturer to handle.



95 | Page

Appendix 5) Error Codes and Possible Solutions

| tive Al | arm | Detailed Info | Param Set 1 | Manual Ctrl Charge | Rec H |
|---------|-------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------|
| Index | Level | Alarm Name | Source | Begin Time | Status |
| 1 | MA | Server Comm Fail | Charger System | 2000/01/01 20:00:48 | Started |
| 2 | MA | One or more Rectifiers Alarm | Power Modules | 2021/05/15 11:54:43 | Started |
| 3 | CA | Mains Fail | CCU Group | 2021/05/15 11:54:45 | Started |
| 4 | GA | AC input Low Voltage | CCU Group | 2021/05/15 11:54:45 | Started |
| 5 | CA | System Not Available | Charger System | 2021/05/15 11:54:47 | Started |

| | Table: Charger Alarms | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------|---|--------|--|--|--|--|
| NO. | Alarm ID | Alarm Name | Alarm Level | Description | Remark | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | System Not Available | СА | The system is out of service and charge is not allowed. This usually comes after other critical alarm (e.g. EPO pressed) | | | | | |
| 2 | 2 | System Disabled | МА | The system is out of service and charge is not allowed. This happens after system is set to 'In-operative' by service guy or back-end. | | | | | |
| 3 | 4 | Server Comm Fail | MA | Whether the network is not accessible or the connection between server and charger is broken. If the charger is supposed to be used offline this alarm can be ignored. | | | | | |

+ InCharge

| | | T | | | 1 |
|----|----------|-------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | | All kWh meters are set | |
| | | | | to 'Not installed'. This | |
| | | | | means the system is | |
| | | All kWh Meter Not | | not available. This | |
| 4 | 5 | Installed | MA | alarm should not come | |
| | | Installed | | with a normal charger | |
| | | | | unless you erase all | |
| | | | | the settings in | |
| | | | | controller Flash. | |
| _ | | | | The communication | |
| 5 | 6 | CCU Comm Fail | CA | between Upper | |
| | | | | controller and pilot | |
| | | | | controller failed. You | |
| | | | | need to check the | |
| | | | | RS-232-2 | |
| | | | | connection to | |
| | | | | eliminate it. | |
| | | | | This alarm appears | |
| | l | | | after someone pressed | |
| | 1 | | | the EPO. Please reset | |
| | l | | | the EPO when no | |
| 6 | 7 | EPO is pressed | CA | emergency is existed | |
| | - | | | to eliminate it. | |
| | <u> </u> | | | The door should be | |
| 7 | 8 | Door is opened | CA | closed. | |
| | | | | | |
| 8 | 9 | SPD alarm | CA | Check the SPD device | |
| 0 | | | 0,1 | and replace it. | |
| 9 | 10 | Mains Fail Alarm | СА | Check AC mains and | |
| 9 | 10 | | <u>UA</u> | the related contactor. | |
| | | | | The specified connector | |
| | | | | is out of service and not | |
| | | | | allowed to charge. This | |
| | | | | | Connector A/B shall be |
| | | | | connector is set to | specified |
| | | | | 'In-operative' by service | 1 |
| | | | | guy or backend. | |
| 10 | 11 | Connector is disabled | MA | | |
| | | | | The temperature | Note that this alarm does not |
| | 1 | | | measurement from | stop/prohibit charge function |
| | 1 | | | sensor is over the high | |
| | 1 | | | limit point (default is 75 | |
| 11 | 12 | System over temp | MA | 'C) | |
| | | | | This means system not | |
| | 1 | | | available. Please check | |
| | 1 | | | the work status of the | |
| | l | | | power modules | |
| 12 | 13 | All Rectifier Failure | CA | and make sure they | |
| | 1 | | | work properly | |
| | [| | | This means system not | |
| | 1 | | | available. Please check | |
| | l | | | the CAN wiring between | |
| | 1 | | | power modules and | |
| 13 | 14 | All Rectifier Comm Fail | CA | pilot controller. | |
| | | | | This means the | |
| | 1 | | | specified connector will | |
| | 1 | | | - | Rectifier group (Dispenser |
| | l | | | Please check the work | A/B) hall be specified |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | status of the specified | <i>(ab)</i> hun de speemed |



| 14 | 15 | Rectifiers Failure | CA | group of power modules and make sure they work properly. | |
|----|----|------------------------------------|----|---|---|
| 15 | 16 | Rectifiers Comm Fail | СА | This means the specified connector will not be available. Please check the CAN wiring between power modules and pilot controller. Also, you may need check the dipswitches of the | Rectifier group (Dispenser A/B) be specified |
| | | | | power module. This means the specified connector will not be available. Check the RS-485 wiring between | |
| 16 | 17 | Insulation Comm Fail | CA | insulation detector and pilot controller. This is from Rectifiers | |
| 17 | 18 | Output Shorted | CA | after detected the internal circuit shorted | |
| 18 | 19 | Insulation Alarm | CA | This is from pilot controller after detected the insulation abnormal. | |
| 19 | 20 | PLC ComFail Alarm | СА | This is from pilot controller when the PLC communication is lost. | |
| 20 | 21 | Ground Fault | СА | This is from pilot controller after detected ground fault. | |
| 21 | 22 | AC Fail Alarm(for AC only) | СА | This is from pilot controller after detected AC connector input fails (DI) | |
| 22 | 24 | One or more Rectifiers Alarm | СА | This means one or more power modules in system has failure and you need to check/repair them. | |
| 23 | 25 | IMEU2(Liquid Control) Comm Fail | СА | This means the controller of the liquid connector cooling system has lost communication (RS485) to pilot controller. (Note: this is for the liquid connector in split charger system only.) This means the | |
| | | | | controller of power controlling (inside the power cabinet) has lost communication (CAN) to charger main controller. (Note: this is | |

+ InCharge

| 24 | 26 | IMEU2(Power Control) | CA | for the split charger system only.) | |
|----|----|---|----|---|--|
| | | Comm Fail | | This means the pump has a failure in the liquid connector cooling | |
| | | | | system. (Note: this is for the liquid connector in split | |
| 25 | 27 | Liquid Alarm-Pump Fail | CA | charger system only.) | |
| 26 | 28 | Liquid Alarm-High Temperature | MA | This means high temperature detected by liquid controller and the ongoing charging power will be derated. (Note: this is for the liquid connector in split charger system only.) | |
| | | | | This means very-high-temperature detected by liquid controller and the | |
| 27 | 29 | Liquid Alarm-Over Temperature | CA | ongoing charging will be derated or terminated. (Note: this is for the liquid connector in split charger system only.) | |
| | | | | This means the liquid controller detected that the temperature sensors have been all failed and the liquid connector may be disabled unless one of | |
| 28 | 30 | Liquid Alarm-Temperature Sensor Fault | CA | the sensors is recovered or repaired. (Note: this is for the liquid connector in split charger system only.) | |
| 29 | 31 | Liquid Alarm-Pump Pressure Abnormal | CA | This means the pump pressure has been detected as abnormal and the ongoing charging will be derated or terminated. (Note: this is for the liquid connector in split charger system only.) | |
| | | | | This means the pump oil level has been detected as abnormal and the ongoing charging will be derated or terminated. You need | |
| 30 | 32 | Liquid Alarm-Pump Oil Level Abnormal | CA | to check the oil. (Note: this is for the liquid connector in split charger system only.) | |



| | | | | | 1 |
|----|-----|-------------------------|-----|---------------------------|---|
| | | | | The AC mains voltage | |
| | | | | is higher than the max | |
| 31 | 33 | AC input Over Voltage | CA | range which will cause | |
| - | | | | the system run | |
| | | | | abnormally. | |
| | | | | The AC mains voltage | |
| | | | | is lower than the min | |
| | | | | range which will cause | |
| | | | | the system run | |
| 32 | 34 | AC input Low Voltage | CA | | |
| 02 | 04 | 7.0 mpat Eow Voltage | | abnormally. | |
| | | | | This means the pilot | |
| | | | | controller is in | |
| 33 | 36 | CCU in Upgdate | OA | upgrading process and | |
| | | Process | | system is temporarily | |
| | | | | disabled. | |
| | | | | Card Reader | |
| | | | | communication is failed. | |
| | | | | Check the RS-232 | |
| | | | | wiring | |
| 34 | 301 | CR CommFail | CA | between card reader | |
| 0. | 001 | | 0,1 | | |
| | | | | and upper controller. | |
| | | | | The communication | |
| | | | | between upper | |
| | | | | controller and specified | |
| | | | | kWh meter is failed. | |
| | | | | This means the | |
| | | | | specified connector will | |
| | | | | be out of service and | |
| | | | | forbidden to charge. | |
| | | | | Please check the RS- | |
| 35 | 401 | kWhMeterCommFail | CA | | |
| | | | | 485 wiring | |
| | | | | between the kWhMeter | |
| | | | | and upper controller. | |
| | | | | The measurement from | |
| | | | | the specified kWh meter | |
| | | | | is invalid. This usually | |
| | | | | happens with a | |
| 36 | 402 | Sampled Invalid Current | CA | reversed wiring for the | |
| | | | | current shunt. | |
| | | | | The HeatExchanger is | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | losing RS485 | |
| | | | | communication with | |
| | | | | Upper controller. This | |
| | | | | may be dangerous for | |
| 37 | 403 | HeatExchangerCommFail | CA | the heatExchanger may | |
| 01 | 100 | | | have been | |
| | | | | physically damaged. | |
| | | | | There are two control | |
| | | | | boards, U1 and U2, | |
| | | | | inside the pilot | |
| | | | | controller, and their | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | communication is | |
| | | | | abnormal. Please | |
| | | | | ensure that their control | |
| 38 | 404 | U2 Comm Break | CA | dial is correct and | |
| | | | | consistent, otherwise it | |
| | | | | may lead | |
| | | | | to charging failure | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | |



| | 39 | 405 | Communication failure between CCU and PCU | СА | Communication failure between pilot controller and PCU, which may be due to abnormal CAN communication line connection or abnormal resistance value on the CAN bus (normally around 60 ohms) | | |
|--|----|-----|--|----|---|--|--|
|--|----|-----|--|----|---|--|--|

| Stop Reason Classification | Code | Description | Remark |
|-------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Normal Stan | 1 | Normal Stop | Condition satisfied |
| Normal Stop | 2 | EV Request Stop | EV Request Stop |
| | 201 | Parameter configuration failed | |
| | 202 | Charging Enable timeout | |
| | 203 | Abnormal volt of outside bus | |
| | 204 | Unable lock charging connector | |
| | 205 | Insulation inspection abnormally | |
| | 206 | Insulation inspection timeout | |
| | 207 | EV Relay Pull-In timeout | |
| | 208 | Require Curr Timeout | |
| | 209 | Remain time over stop | |
| | 210 | Ring fail alarm (reserved) | |
| Charger Error | 211 | Communication with EV failed | |
| | 212 | Plugged connector timeout | |
| | 213 | Pre-Charging fault | |
| | 214 | DoorOpen | |
| | 215 | EPO | |
| | 216 | SPD | |
| | 217 | AllRectFail | |
| | 218 | MainsFailAlm | |
| | 219 | AIRectCommFail | |

| | 220 | E LockFail | |
|----------|------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | 221 | ConnectorOverTemp | |
| | 222 | OutputShortCircuit | |
| | 223 | PWM Failure | |
| | 224 | Ground Fault Detected | |
| | 250 | CR Comm Fail | |
| | 251 | kWhMeterComm Fail | |
| | 252 | CCU Comm Fail | |
| | 301 | Battery overvoltage | |
| | 302 | Battery undervoltage | |
| | 303 | Battery current deviation error | |
| | 304 | High battery temperature | |
| | 305 | Battery voltage deviation error | |
| | 306 | Charger Connector Lock Fault | |
| EV Error | 307 | Vehicle shift position | |
| | 308 | Error Status Noticed by EV | |
| | 309 | PLC Low Level Comm Fail | |
| | 310 | PLC High Level Comm Fail | |
| | 311 | PLC Authentication Timeout | |
| | 312 | PLC ParamDiscovery Timeout | |
| | 401 | Local Stop | |
| | 402 | Server Stop | |
| | 403 | Network fault | |
| Canceled | 404 | Reboot | |
| Canceled | 405 | DeAuthorized | |
| | 406 | One-Click Stop | |
| | 407 | Hard Reset | |
| | 408 | Soft Reset | |
| Other | 501 | Other | |
| | 2000 | PCU refuse invalid cmd | |
| | 2001 | PCU refuse request voltage too high | |
| | 2002 | refuse request current too high | |
| | 2003 | has non-usable PM | |



| PCU | 2004 | has no power distribute | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|--|
| | 2005 | port fault | |
| 2006 PCU receive gun ID abnormal | | | |
| | 2051-2109 | PCU currently has an alarm | |



Appendix 6) Torque Table

| C | N | NI | Dime | C |
|-----------------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Screw specification | Normal | Normal torque | Primary | Secondary |
| (applicable scenario) | torque | (in-lbs) | tightening tool | tightening tool |
| | (kgf.cm) | | | |
| M4 (connection | 12±10% | 10.4±10% | Electric | torque |
| between DC contactor | | | screwdriver | screwdriver |
| and copper bar) | | | | |
| M5 (connection | 1820 | 15.6±10% | Electric | torque |
| between air | | | screwdriver | screwdriver |
| switch/lightning | | | | |
| arrester and cable) | | | | |
| M5 (connection | 30±10% | 26±10% | Electric | Cross |
| between copper bars | | | screwdriver | screwdriver or |
| and between cable and | | | | torque |
| terminal) | | | | screwdriver |
| M6 (connection | 45±10% | 39.1±10% | Electric | Cross |
| between copper bars | | | screwdriver | screwdriver, |
| and between cable | | | | torque |
| terminals) | | | | screwdriver or |
| | | | | wrench |
| M6 (connection | 45±10% | 39.1±10% | Electric | Slot-type |
| between AC contactor | | | screwdriver | screwdriver and |
| and cable) | | | | torque |
| | | | | screwdriver |
| M6 (connection | 45±10% | 39.1±10% | Electric | Torque |
| between DC contactor | | | screwdriver | screwdriver or |
| and copper bar) | | | | wrench |
| M8 (connection | 110±10% | 95.4±10% | Electric | Wrench, rocker |
| between copper bars | | | screwdriver | arm or torque |
| and between shunt and | | | | wrench |
| copper bar) | | | | |
| M8 (connection | 100±10% | 86.7±10% | Electric | Wrench, rocker |
| between DC contactor | | | screwdriver | arm or torque |
| and copper bar) | | | | wrench |
| M10 (connection | 220±10% | 191±10% | Electric | Wrench, rocker |
| between copper bars | | | screwdriver | arm or torque |
| and between shunt and | | | | wrench |
| copper bar) | | | | |
| M12 (connection | 390±10% | 338.5±10% | Electric | Wrench, rocker |
| between copper bars) | | | screwdriver | arm or torque |



| | | | | wrench |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Screw specification (applicable scenario) | Normal torque (kgf.cm) | Normal torque (in-lbs) | Primary tightening tool | Secondary tightening tool |
| M4 (connection between DC contactor and copper bar) | 12±10% | 10.4±10% | Electric screwdriver | torque screwdriver |